The Secretariat Regional Banking Taskforce Financial System Division The Treasury Langton Crescent PARKES ACT 2600 By email: *regionalbanking@treasury.gov.au*

17 December 2021

Dear Secretariat,

Re: Submission to Regional Banking Taskforce Financial System Division

I refer to your terms of references which are to bring together banks and other key stakeholders to work together in partnership to share information and identify ways in which banks, in collaboration with Government, assess the impact of bank branch closures in the regions.

In the Context, you said:

Banks provide a variety of services to their customers. These include enabling customers to open and close accounts, to deposit and withdraw cash and to obtain various types of loans.

Over time, however, the provision of banking services has changed. Changes in financial regulation, technological developments like the growing use of electronic banking, shifts in consumer demands and demographic shifts towards larger cities and towns have contributed to the pressure on banks to reduce their branch networks.

Other data show that more than 80 per cent of Australians prefer to transfer money, pay bills or check account balances online and less than 20 per cent of Australians say they prefer to do their banking activities in branches, with 72 per cent of Australians reporting that they did not visit the branch of their main bank in the month leading up to September 2021. This submission will affect million customers of

Background

From my perspective, I would like to provide the response to the questions of the Regional Banking Taskforce Issues Paper as follow:

Question 1: How are Australians changing the ways they are accessing banking services? What are driving these changes?

Answer:

More use of credit union, avoiding big banks, going online.

Question 2: What banking facilities, services and products are used in regional bank branches?

Answer:

Deposits, using the Atm, personal loans, housing loans.

Question 3: Are there particular banking products or services that need to be delivered face-to-face or have support provided face-to-face? Are any of these particularly important for regional customers?

Answer:

The majority of banking should be completed face to face rather then over the phone, there should be some level or service. Removes the personal aspect of service.

Question 4: What are the impacts of regional bank branch closures on the banking needs of individuals?

Answer:

There is no service provided to the individual. The chances of being ripped off is even greater.

Question 5: What are the impacts on the banking needs of businesses, community organisations and communities?

Answer:

There is no service provided to the community. Creates more of an ability of deceit, restricts the business for the person, as you cannot talk to people face to face.

3

Question 6: Are there particular issues in the provision of banking services in regional Australia for specific vulnerable groups?

Answer:

Yes there is. If youre not very good on the computer and language barriers. Older generations are not literate on the computers.

Question 7: What more could banks do to help customers transition to alternative banking services that would enable them to do their banking in a timely, efficient and cost-effective way?

Answer:

Provide more information. Further assistance in person. Clarity, transparency and honesty towards their customers.

Question 8: Are there facilities, services and products provided in bank branches that are not available through alternatives like ATMs, Bank@Post, phone banking, mobile banking, the telephone and the internet?

Answer:

Face to face service. Easy for someone to help you, service, and assistance that you do not receive from a computer.

Question 9: What are alternatives to bank branch models that would maintain or improve banking services and accessibility in areas where branches have been closed?

Answer:

If you're going to close branches and limit their opportunities, the banks should provide alternatives such as mobile services.

Question 10: Are there any alternative models for the provision of banking services that could be considered for adoption by banks in Australia?

Answer:

Yes, following the Code and being prudent and diligent bankers.

Question 11: What are the lessons from Australian and international experiences that can help improve banking services and accessibility in regional communities where bank branches have been closed?

Answer:

Charging, and prosecuting bankers who breaking the law, holding bankers responsible for their actions.

I believe the Regional Banking Taskforce Financial System Division can use my case to demonstrate how farmers, like my family, who have businesses in regional areas have dealt with the changes introduced since we signed loan contracts with

Should you require further documents, please contact me.

Yours sincerely,

Rhah

Goran Latinovich