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2	Inserts	for

Treasury Laws Amendment (Measures for a later sitting) Bill 2021: Unfair contract terms reforms

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 Commencement information

 Column 1
 Column 2
 Column 3

 Provisions
 Commencement
 Date/Details

 1. Schedule 1
 The day after the end of the period of 6

month beginning on the day this Act

receives the Royal Assent.

8

10

Contents

11	Schedule 1—Unfair Contract Terms	4
12	Part 1—Prohibition of unfair contract terms	4
13	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010	4
14	Competition and Consumer Act 2010	4
15 16	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	5
17	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	5
18	Part 2—Remedies	6
19	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010	ϵ
20	Competition and Consumer Act 2010	ć
21	137D Compensation orders etc. arising out of unfair contract terms	6
22 23	243A Orders made in favour of party to contract containing unfair term	
24 25	243B Orders made on application of the regulator to prevent and remedy unfair contract terms	9
26	245 Interaction with other provisions	

1

1	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments	
2	Commission Act 2001	12
3	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	12
4 5	12GNE Orders made in favour of party to contract containing unfair term	13
6	12GNF Orders made on application of ASIC to prevent and remedy	1.
7 8	unfair contract terms	
		16
9	Part 3—Rebuttable presumption that term is unfair	
10	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010	16 16
11	Competition and Consumer Act 2010	10
12 13	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	16
14	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	16
15	Part 4—Determining what is a standard form contract	18
16	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010	18
17	Competition and Consumer Act 2010	18
18 19	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	18
20	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	18
21	Part 5—Contract thresholds	20
22	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010	20
23	Competition and Consumer Act 2010	20
24 25	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	21
26	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	21
27	Part 6—Minimum standards provisions excluded from being	
28	unfair terms	23
29	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010	23
30	Competition and Consumer Act 2010	23
31	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments	
32	Commission Act 2001	24
33	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	24
34	Part 7—Provisions referring to non-party consumers	25
35	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010	25
36	Competition and Consumer Act 2010	25

1	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments	26
2	Commission Act 2001	26
3	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	26
4	Part 8—Application	28
5	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010	28
6	Competition and Consumer Act 2010	28
7	Part 7—Application provisions relating to the Treasury Laws	
8	Amendment (Measures for a later sitting) Act 2021	28
9	304 Amendments relating to unfair contract terms	28
10	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments	
11	Commission Act 2001	29
12	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001	29
13	Part 37—Application provisions relating to the Treasury Laws	
14	Amendment (Measures for a later sitting) Act 2021	30
15	350 Application—unfair contract terms	30
1.6		

1	Schedule 1—Unfair Contract Terms
2	Part 1—Prohibition of unfair contract terms
3	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010
5	Competition and Consumer Act 2010
6	1 After subsection 23(2) of Schedule 2
7	Insert:
8 9 10	(2A) A person contravenes this subsection if:(a) the person enters into a contract; and(b) the contract is a consumer contract or small business
11	contract; and
12	(c) the contract is a standard form contract; and(d) a term of the contract is unfair; and
13 14	(e) the person proposed the unfair term.
15 16	Note: A pecuniary penalty may be imposed for a contravention of this subsection: see section 224.
17 18 19	(2B) A person who contravenes subsection (2A) commits a separate contravention of that subsection in respect of each term that is unfair and that the person proposed.
20	(2C) A person contravenes this subsection if:
21 22	(a) the person applies or relies on, or purports to apply or rely on, a term of a contract; and
23 24	(b) the contract is a consumer contract or small business contract; and
25	(c) the contract is a standard form contract; and
26	(d) the term is unfair.
27 28	Note: A pecuniary penalty may be imposed for a contravention of this subsection: see section 224.

1 2	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
3	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 200
4	2 After subsection 12BF(2)
5	Insert:
6	(2A) A person contravenes this subsection if:
7	(a) the person enters into a contract; and
8 9	(b) the contract is a consumer contract or small business contract; and
10	(c) the contract is a standard form contract; and
11 12	(d) the contract is either a financial product or a contract for the supply, or possible supply, of financial services; and
13	(e) a term of the contract is unfair; and
14	(f) the person proposed the unfair term.
15	(2B) A person who contravenes subsection (2A) commits a separate
16 17	contravention of that subsection in respect of each term that is unfair and that the person proposed.
18	(2C) A person contravenes this subsection if:
19 20	(a) the person applies or relies on, or purports to apply or rely on, a term of a contract; and
21 22	(b) the contract is a consumer contract or small business contract; and
23	(c) the contract is a standard form contract; and
24	(d) the contract is either a financial product or a contract for the
25	supply, or possible supply, of financial services; and
26	(e) the term is unfair.
27	3 Subsection 12BG(1)
28	Omit "subsection 12BF(1)", substitute "section 12BF".
29	4 Subsection 12BH(1)
30	Omit "subsection 12BF(1)", substitute "section 12BF".
31	

P	art 2—Remedies
D	ivision 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010
0	Competition and Consumer Act 2010
5	Section 137D
	Repeal the section, substitute:
1.	37D Compensation orders etc. arising out of unfair contract terms
	In determining whether to make an order under subsection 237(1) or 238(1) of the Australian Consumer Law in relation to a contravention of a provision of Part 2-2 or 2-3 of the Australian Consumer Law, the court may have regard to the conduct of the parties to the proceeding referred to in that subsection since the contravention occurred.
6	Paragraphs 137F(2)(b) and (c)
	Repeal the paragraphs, substitute:
	(b) an application under section 232 of the Australian Consumer Law for an injunction against the person in relation to a contravention of a provision of Chapter 2, 3 or 4 of the Australian Consumer Law; or
	(c) an action under subsection 236(1) of the Australian
	Consumer Law against the person in relation to a contravention of a provision of Part 2-1 or 2-3, or of Chapter 3, of the Australian Consumer Law; or
7	Subsection 2(1) of Schedule 2 (definition of declared term)
	Repeal the definition, substitute:
	declared term: see sections 239(1)(a)(ii), 243A(1) and 243B(1).
8	Subsection 2(1) of Schedule 2 (paragraph (b) of the
	definition of enforcement proceeding)
	Omit "and 239", substitute ", 239, 243A and 243B".
9	Before subparagraph 224(1)(a)(ii) of Schedule 2
	Insert:

1 2		(iia) section 23(2A) or (2C) (about unfair terms in standard form consumer or small business contracts);
3 4 5	10	Subsection 224(3) of Schedule 2 (before table item 2) Insert:
J	2A	section 23(2A) or (a) if the person is a body corporate—the greater of the a mounts mentioned in subsection (3A); or (b) if the person is not a body corporate—\$500,000.
6 7	11	Subsection 224(3A) of Schedule 2 After "items 1,", insert "2A,".
8	12	Subsection 232(3) of Schedule 2 Repeal the subsection.
10 11 12	13	Subdivision A of Division 4 of Part 5-2 of Schedule 2 (heading) Repeal the heading.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	14	Paragraphs 237(1)(a) and (b) of Schedule 2 Repeal the paragraphs, substitute: (a) on application of a person (the <i>injured person</i>) who has suffered, or is likely to suffer, loss or damage because another person has engaged in conduct in contravention of a provision of Chapter 2, 3 or 4; or (b) on the application of the regulator made on behalf of, and with the consent in writing of, one or more such injured persons;
22 23 24 25	15	Subsection 237(1) of Schedule 2 (notes 1 and 2) Repeal the notes, substitute: Note: The orders that the court may make include all or any of the orders see out in section 243.
26 27 28 29 30	16	Subsection 237(3) of Schedule 2 Repeal the subsection, substitute: (3) An application under subsection (1) may be made at any time within 6 years after the day on which the cause of action accrued that relates to the conduct referred to in that subsection.

1	17	Subsection 238(1) of Schedule 2
2		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
3		(1) If:
4		(a) a proceeding is instituted in a court under a provision of
5		Chapter 4 or this Chapter (other than this section); and
6 7		(b) the court finds that a party to the proceeding (the <i>injured person</i>) has suffered loss or damage, or is likely to suffer loss
8 9		or damage, because another person has engaged in conduct in contravention of a provision of Chapter 2, 3 or 4;
10		the court may make such order or orders as it thinks appropriate
11 12		against the other person, or against a person involved in that conduct.
13 14		Note: The orders that the court may make include all or any of the orders set out in section 243.
15	18	Subdivision B of Division 4 of Part 5-2 of Schedule 2
16		(heading)
17		Repeal the heading.
18	19	Subsection 239(1) of Schedule 2 (notes 1 and 2)
19		Repeal the notes, substitute:
20 21		Note: The orders that the court may make include all or any of the orders set out in section 243.
22	20	Subdivision C of Division 4 of Part 5-2 of Schedule 2
23		(heading)
24		Repeal the heading.
25	21	Section 242 of Schedule 2
26		Repeal the section.
27	22	Sections 244 and 245 of Schedule 2
28		Repeal the sections, substitute:
29	243	BA Orders made in favour of party to contract containing unfair
30		term
31		(1) If a declaration has been made under section 250 in relation to a
32		term (the <i>declared term</i>) of a contract, a court may:
33		(a) on the application of a party to the contract; or

1 2	(b) on the application of the regulator made on behalf of, and with the consent in writing of, one or more parties to the
3	contract;
4	make against a party (the <i>respondent</i>) to the contract who is
5	advantaged by the declared term such order or orders (other than
6	an award of damages) as the court thinks appropriate to prevent or
7	reduce loss or damage that may be caused, or to redress, in whole
8 9	or in part, loss or damage that has been caused, to any person by the declared term.
10	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the orders that a court may make
11	against the respondent include all or any of the following:
12	(a) an order declaring the whole or any part of the contract, or of
13	a collateral arrangement relating to the contract:
14	(i) to be void; and
15	(ii) if the court thinks fit—to have been void ab initio or
16	void at all times on and after such date as is specified in
17	the order (which may be a date that is before the date on
18	which the order is made);
19	(b) an order:
20	(i) varying the contract, or such a collateral arrangement, as
21	specified in the order; and
22	(ii) if the court thinks fit—declaring the contract or
23	arrangement to have had effect as so varied on and after
24	such date as is specified in the order (which may be a
25	date that is before the date on which the order is made);
26	(c) an order refusing to enforce any or all of the provisions of the
27	contract, or of such a collateral arrangement.
28	(3) An application under subsection (1) may be made at any time
29	within 6 years after the day on which the declaration under
30	section 250 was made.
31	243B Orders made on application of the regulator to prevent and
32	remedy unfair contract terms
33	(1) If a declaration has been made under section 250 in relation to a
34	term (the <i>declared term</i>) of a contract, a court may, on the
35	application of the regulator, make against a party (the respondent)
36	to the contract who is advantaged by the declared term such order
37	or orders (other than an award of damages) as the court thinks
38	appropriate:

1	(a) to prevent a term (a <i>similar term</i>) that is the same, or
2	substantially similar, in effect to the declared term from
3	being included in any future contract:
4	(i) to which the respondent is a party; and
5	(ii) that is a consumer contract or small business contract;
6	and
7	(iii) that is a standard form contract; or
8	(b) to prevent or reduce loss or damage that may be caused, or to
9	redress, in whole or in part, loss or damage that has been
10	caused, to any person by a similar term that is included in
11	any existing contract:
12	(i) to which the respondent is a party; and
13 14	(ii) that is a consumer contract or small business contract; and
15	(iii) that is a standard form contract;
16	whether or not the future or existing contract is identifiable when
17	the court makes the order or orders.
18	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the orders that a court may make
19	against the respondent include all or any of the following:
20	(a) an injunction restraining the respondent from entering into
21	any future contract that is of the kind referred to in
22	paragraph (1)(a) and includes a similar term;
23	(b) an injunction restraining the respondent from applying or relying on a similar term of any existing contract that is of
24 25	the kind referred to in paragraph (1)(b) and includes a similar
26	term;
27	(c) an order declaring the whole or any part of any existing
28	contract of the kind referred to in paragraph (1)(b), or of a
29	collateral arrangement relating to such a contract:
30	(i) to be void; and
31	(ii) if the court thinks fit—to have been void ab initio or
32	void at all times on and after such date as is specified in
33	the order (which may be a date that is before the date on
34	which the order is made);
35	(d) an order:
36	(i) varying such an existing contract, or such a collateral
37	arrangement, as specified in the order; and
38	(ii) if the court thinks fit—declaring the contract or
39	arrangement to have had effect as so varied on and after

1	such date as is specified in the order (which may be a
2	date that is before the date on which the order is made);
3	(e) an order refusing to enforce any or all of the provisions of
4	such an existing contract, or of such a collateral arrangement.
5	(3) An application under subsection (1) may be made at any time
6	within 6 years after the day on which the declaration under
7	section 250 was made.
8	(4) An order made under this section against the respondent binds a
9	person affected by the order, even if the person is not a party to the
10	proceedings in which the order is made.
11	245 Interaction with other provisions
12	(1) An application may be made under section 237(1), 239(1),
13	243A(1) or 243B(1) even if an enforcement proceeding in relation
14	to the conduct or term referred to in that section has not been
15	instituted.
16	(2) A court may make an order under a provision of this Division
17	whether or not the court:
18	(a) grants an injunction under Division 2; or
19	(b) makes an order under any other provision of this Division or
20	under section 236, 246, 247 or 248.
21	(3) Nothing in this Division limits the generality of Division 2.
22	23 Paragraph 247(1)(a) of Schedule 2
23	After "Part 2-2", insert "or 2-3".
24	24 After subparagraph 248(1)(a)(i)
25	Insert:
26	(ia) a provision of Part 2-3 (which is about unfair contract
27	terms);

1 2	Di	vision 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
3	Au	stralian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
4 5 6	25	Subsection 12BA(1) (definition of enforcement proceeding) Omit "section 12GNB", substitute "sections 12GNB, 12GNE and 12GNE"
7 8 9 10	26	12GNF". Before paragraph 12GBA(6)(a) Insert: (aa) a provision of Subdivision BA;
11 12	27	Subsection 12GD(9) Repeal the subsection.
13 14 15	28	Subsection 12GF(1) After "a provision of", insert "Subdivision BA (sections 12BF to 12BM),".
16 17 18 19 20	29	Subsection 12GLA(4) (before paragraph (a) of the definition of contravening conduct) Insert: (aa) contravenes a provision of Subdivision BA (sections 12BF to 12BM); or
21 22	30	Paragraph 12GLC(1)(a) After "Subdivision", insert "BA,".
23 24	31	Paragraph 12GLD(1)(a) After "Subdivision", insert "BA,".
25 26	32	Subsection 12GM(10) Repeal the subsection.
27 28 29	33	Paragraph 12GN(1)(c) After "a provision of", insert "Subdivision BA (sections 12BF to 12BM) or".

1 2	34 Subsection 12GN(9) Repeal the subsection.
3	35 Subparagraph 12GNB(1)(a)(i) After "Subdivision", insert "BA,".
5	36 After section 12GND of Schedule 2 Insert:
7 8	12GNE Orders made in favour of party to contract containing unfair term
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 (1) If a declaration has been made under section 12GND in relation to a term (the <i>declared term</i>) of a contract, a court may: (a) on the application of a party to the contract; or (b) on the application of ASIC made on behalf of, and with the consent in writing of, one or more parties to the contract; make against a party (the <i>respondent</i>) to the contract who is advantaged by the declared term such order or orders (other than an award of damages) as the court thinks appropriate to prevent or reduce loss or damage that may be caused, or to redress, in whole or in part, loss or damage that has been caused, to any person by the declared term.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the orders that a court may make against the respondent include all or any of the following: (a) an order declaring the whole or any part of the contract, or of a collateral arrangement relating to the contract: (i) to be void; and (ii) if the court thinks fit—to have been void ab initio or void at all times on and after such date as is specified in the order (which may be a date that is before the date on which the order is made);
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (b) an order: (i) varying the contract, or such a collateral arrangement, as specified in the order; and (ii) if the court thinks fit—declaring the contract or arrangement to have had effect as so varied on and after such date as is specified in the order (which may be a date that is before the date on which the order is made);

1 2	(c) an order refusing to enforce any or all of the provisions of the contract, or of such a collateral arrangement.
3	(3) An application under subsection (1) may be made at any time
4	within 6 years after the day on which the declaration under
5	section 12GND was made.
6	12GNF Orders made on application of ASIC to prevent and remedy
7	unfair contract terms
8	(1) If a declaration has been made under section 12GND in relation to
9	a term (the declared term) of a contract, a court may, on the
10	application of ASIC, make against a party (the respondent) to the
11	contract who is advantaged by the declared term such order or
12	orders (other than an award of damages) as the court thinks
13	appropriate:
14	(a) to prevent a term (a <i>similar term</i>) that is the same, or
15 16	substantially similar, in effect to the declared term from being included in any future contract:
	(i) to which the respondent is a party; and
17	(ii) that is a consumer contract or small business contract;
18 19	and
20	(iii) that is a standard form contract; or
21	(b) to prevent or reduce loss or damage that may be caused, or to
22	redress, in whole or in part, loss or damage that has been
23	caused, to any person by a similar term that is included in
24	any existing contract:
25	(i) to which the respondent is a party; and
26	(ii) that is a consumer contract or small business contract;
27	and
28	(iii) that is a standard form contract;
29	whether or not the future or existing contract is identifiable when
30	the court makes the order or orders.
31	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the orders that a court may make
32	against the respondent include all or any of the following:
33	(a) an injunction restraining the respondent from entering into
34	any future contract that is of the kind referred to in
35	paragraph (1)(a) and includes a similar term;
36	(b) an injunction restraining the respondent from applying or
37	relying on a similar term of any existing contract that is of

1	the kind referred to in paragraph (1)(b) and includes a simila
2	term;
3	(c) an order declaring the whole or any part of any existing
4	contract of the kind referred to in paragraph (1)(b), or of a
5	collateral arrangement relating to such a contract:
6	(i) to be void; and
7	(ii) if the court thinks fit—to have been void ab initio or
8	void at all times on and after such date as is specified in
9	the order (which may be a date that is before the date on
10	which the order is made);
11	(d) an order:
12	(i) varying such an existing contract, or such a collateral
13	arrangement, as specified in the order; and
14	(ii) if the court thinks fit—declaring the contract or
15	arrangement to have had effect as so varied on and after
16	such date as is specified in the order (which may be a
17	date that is before the date on which the order is made);
18	(e) an order refusing to enforce any or all of the provisions of
19	such an future contract, or of such a collateral arrangement.
20	(3) An application under subsection (1) may be made at any time
21	within 6 years after the day on which the declaration under
22	section 12GND was made.
23	(4) An order made under this section against the respondent binds a
24	person affected by the order, even if the person is not a party to the
25	proceedings in which the order is made.
26	12GNG Interaction with other provisions
27	(1) An application may be made under subsection 12GNE(1) or
28	12GNF(1) even if an enforcement proceeding in relation to the declared term referred to in that subsection has not been instituted.
29	deciated term referred to in that subsection has not been instituted.
30	(2) A court may make an order under section 12GNE or 12GNF
31	whether or not the court:
32	(a) grants an injunction under section 12GD; or
33	(b) makes an order under any other provision of this Division.
34	(3) Nothing in this Division limits the generality of section 12GD.
35	(1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

1	Part 3—Rebuttable presumption that term is unfair
2	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010
4	Competition and Consumer Act 2010
5	37 At the end of section 24 of Schedule 2
6	Add:
7	(5) If:
8 9	(a) it is established in a proceeding in a court that a term of a contract is unfair; and
10 11	(b) a party to another proceeding in a court alleges that a term of another contract is unfair; and
12	(c) the term referred to in paragraph (b) is the same, or
13	substantially similar, in effect to the term referred to in
14	paragraph (a); and
15	(d) either:(i) the person who proposed the term referred to in
16 17 18	paragraph (b) is the same person who proposed the term referred to in paragraph (a); or
19	(ii) the contract referred to in paragraph (b) was entered into
20 21	in the same industry as the contract referred to in paragraph (a);
22	then it is presumed for the purposes of the other proceeding that the
23	term referred to in paragraph (b) is unfair, unless another party to
24	the other proceeding proves that it is not unfair.
25	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and
26	Investments Commission Act 2001
27	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
28	38 At the end of section 12BG
29	Add:
30	(5) If:
31	(a) it is established, in a proceeding in a court exercising
32	jurisdiction in a matter arising under this Division, that a
33	term of a contract is unfair; and

1	(b) a party to another such proceeding alleges that a term of
2	another contract is unfair; and
3	(c) the term referred to in paragraph (b) is the same, or
4	substantially similar, in effect to the term referred to in
5	paragraph (a); and
6	(d) either:
7	(i) the person who proposed the term referred to in
8	paragraph (b) is the same person who proposed the term
9	referred to in paragraph (a); or
10	(ii) the contract referred to in paragraph (b) was entered into
11	in the same industry as the contract referred to in
12	paragraph (a);
13	then it is presumed for the purposes of the other proceeding that the
14	term referred to in paragraph (b) is unfair, unless another party to
15	the other proceeding proves that it is not unfair.
16	Note: See sections 12GJ to 12GL for provisions about courts exercising
17	jurisdiction in matters arising under this Division.
18	

Part 4-	Determining what is a standard form contract
Division	1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010
Compet	ition and Consumer Act 2010
39 Befo	re paragraph 27(2)(b) of Schedule 2
In	sert:
	(ba) whether one of the parties has entered into another contract, in the same or substantially similar terms, prepared by that party, and, if so, how many such contracts that party has entered into;
40 At th	e end of section 27 of Schedule 2
Ad	ld:
(3	1) In considering the matters referred to in paragraphs (2)(c) and (d),
·	a court is not to take into account any of the following:
	 (a) an opportunity for a party to negotiate minor or insubstantial changes to terms of the contract;
	(b) an opportunity for a party to select a term from a range of options determined by another party;
	(c) the extent to which a party to another contract or proposed contract was given an effective opportunity to negotiate terms of the other contract or proposed contract.
Divisior	2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
Australi	ian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
41 Refo	re paragraph 12BK(2)(b)
	sert:
111	(ba) whether one of the parties has entered into another contract,
	in the same or substantially similar terms, prepared by that
	party, and, if so, how many such contracts that party has
	entered into;

1	42 At the end of section 12BK
2	Add:
3	(3) In considering the matters referred to in paragraphs (2)(c) and (d),
4	a court is not to take into account any of the following:
5	(a) an opportunity for a party to negotiate minor or insubstantia
6	changes to terms of the contract;
7	(b) an opportunity for a party to select a term from a range of
8	options determined by another party;
9	(c) the extent to which a party to another contract or proposed
10	contract was given an effective opportunity to negotiate
11	terms of the other contract or proposed contract.

1	Part 5—Contract thresholds
2 3	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010
4	Competition and Consumer Act 2010
5 6 7	43 Paragraph 139G(2)(aa) Omit "businesses employing fewer than 20 persons", substitute "persons who carry on a business and employ fewer than 100 persons".
8	44 Paragraph 139G(2A)(a)
9 10	Omit "businesses employing fewer than 20 persons", substitute "persons who carry on a business and employ fewer than 100 persons".
11	45 Subsections 23(4) and (5) of Schedule 2
12	Repeal the subsections, substitute:
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (4) A contract is a <i>small business contract</i> if: (a) the contract is for a supply of goods or services, or a sale or grant of an interest in land; and (b) at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions: (i) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than 100 persons;
21 22 23 24 25	(ii) the party's turnover, worked out under subsection (6) for the party's last income year (within the meaning of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>) that ended at or before the time when the contract is entered into, is less than \$10,000,000.
26 27 28 29	(5) In counting for the purposes of subparagraph (4)(b)(i) the number of persons that a person employs:(a) a casual employee is not to be counted unless employed on a regular and systematic basis; and
30 31	(b) a part-time employee (including a part-time casual employee counted under paragraph (a) of this subsection) is to be

	(6) For the purposes subparagraph (4)(b)(ii), a party's turnover for a period is the sum of the values of all supplies the party made
2	during the period, other than:
4	(a) supplies that are input taxed; or
	(b) supplies that are not for consideration (and are not taxable
5	supplies under section 72-5 of the A New Tax System (Goods
6 7	and Services Tax) Act 1999); or
8	(c) supplies that are not made in connection with an enterprise
9	that the party carries on; or
10	(d) supplies that are not connected with the indirect tax zone.
11 12 13	(7) Expressions used in subsection (6) that are also used in the <i>A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999</i> have the same meaning as in that Act.
14	46 Paragraph 250(2)(a) of Schedule 2
15	Omit "a business of the kind referred to in", substitute "covered by".
	Investments Commission Act 2001
17	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
18 19 20	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute:
18 19 20 21	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the
18 19 20 21 22	 Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the
118 119 220 221 222 223	 Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into:
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on
118 119 220 221 222 223	 Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than 100 persons;
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	 Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than 100 persons; (b) the party's turnover, worked out under subsection (6) for the
118 119 220 221 222 23 224 225 226 227 228	 Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than 100 persons; (b) the party's turnover, worked out under subsection (6) for the party's last income year (within the meaning of the Income
118 119 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 330	 Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than 100 persons; (b) the party's turnover, worked out under subsection (6) for the party's last income year (within the meaning of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997) that ended at or before the time when the contract is entered into, is less than \$10,000,000.
118 119 220 221 222 23 224 225 226 227 228 229	 Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than 100 persons; (b) the party's turnover, worked out under subsection (6) for the party's last income year (within the meaning of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997) that ended at or before the time
118 119 120 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 330	 Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than 100 persons; (b) the party's turnover, worked out under subsection (6) for the party's last income year (within the meaning of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997) that ended at or before the time when the contract is entered into, is less than \$10,000,000. (5) In counting for the purposes of paragraph (4)(a) the number of persons that a person employs:
118 119 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 330 331	 Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 47 Subsections 12BF(4), (5) and (6) Repeal the subsections, substitute: (4) A contract is a small business contract if at least one party to the contract satisfies either or both of the following conditions at the time when the contract is entered into: (a) the party enters into the contract in the course of carrying on a business and at a time when the party employs fewer than 100 persons; (b) the party's turnover, worked out under subsection (6) for the party's last income year (within the meaning of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997) that ended at or before the time when the contract is entered into, is less than \$10,000,000. (5) In counting for the purposes of paragraph (4)(a) the number of

1 2		(b) a part-time employee (including a part-time casual employee counted under paragraph (a) of this subsection) is to be
3		counted as an appropriate fraction of a full-time equivalent.
4		(6) For the purposes paragraph (4)(b), a party's turnover for a period is
5 6		the sum of the values of all supplies the party made during the period, other than:
7		(a) supplies that are input taxed; or
8		(b) supplies that are not for consideration (and are not taxable supplies under section 72-5 of the <i>A New Tax System (Goods</i>
10		and Services Tax) Act 1999); or
11 12		(c) supplies that are not made in connection with an enterprise that the party carries on; or
13		(d) supplies that are not connected with the indirect tax zone.
14		(7) Expressions used in subsection (6) that are also used in the A New
15 16		Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 have the same meaning as in that Act.
17	48	Paragraph 12BH(2)(aa)
18		Omit "businesses employing fewer than 20 persons", substitute
19		"persons who carry on a business and employ fewer than 100 persons".
20	49	Paragraph 12BL(3)(a)
21		Omit "businesses employing fewer than 20 persons", substitute
22		"persons who carry on a business and employ fewer than 100 persons".
23	50	Paragraph 12GND(2)(a)
24		Omit "a business of the kind referred to in paragraph 12BF(4)(a)",
25		substitute "covered by subsection 12BF(4)".
26		

1 2	Part 6—Minimum standards provisions excluded from being unfair terms
3 4	Division 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010
5	Competition and Consumer Act 2010
6	51 Subsection 26(1) of Schedule 2
7	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
8	(1) Section 23 does not apply to a term of a contract to the extent, but only to the extent, that:
10	(a) the term defines the main subject matter of the contract; or
11	(b) the term sets the upfront price payable under the contract; or
12	(c) the term is required, or expressly permitted, by a law of the
13	Commonwealth or of a State or Territory; or
14	(d) the term is included in the contract, or is taken to be so
15	included, by operation of a law of the Commonwealth, or of
16	a State or Territory, that regulates the contract; or
17	(e) inclusion of the term has either of both of the following
18	results:
19	(i) one or more other terms are included in the contract, or
20	are taken to be so included, by operation of a law of the
21 22	Commonwealth, or of a State or Territory, that regulates the contract;
23	(ii) such a law requires one or more other terms to be
24	included in the contract.
25 26	Example: A State law provides that, if a retail lease contains a provision for termination on the ground of proposed demolition of the building
27	containing the leased premises, then provisions set out in the State law
28	are taken to be included in the lease.
29	Paragraph (d) covers the provisions that are set out in the State law
30	and taken to be included in the lease. Paragraph (e) covers inclusion of
31	the provision for termination, since it has the result that the provisions set out in the State law are taken to be included in the lease.

1 2	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Sec Investments Commission Act 2001	urities and
3	Australian Securities and Investments Commissi	ion Act 2001
4	52 Subsection 12BI(1)	
5	Repeal the subsection, substitute:	
6 7	(1) Section 12BF does not apply to a term of a contract but only to the extent, that:	t to the extent,
8	(a) the term defines the main subject matter of the	ne contract; or
9	(b) the term sets the upfront price payable under	the contract; or
10	(c) the term is required, or expressly permitted,	by a law of the
11	Commonwealth or of a State or Territory; or	
12	(d) the term is included in the contract, or is take	
13 14	included, by operation of a law of the Comm a State or Territory, that regulates the contra	
15	(e) inclusion of the term has either of both of the	
16	results:	Tono wing
17	(i) one or more other terms are included in	the contract, or
18	are taken to be so included, by operation	n of a law of the
19	Commonwealth, or of a State or Territo	ry, that regulate
20	the contract;	
21	(ii) such a law requires one or more other to	rms to be
22	included in the contract; or	
23	(f) if the contract is an Insurance Contracts Act is	nsurance
24	contract—the term is a transparent term and:	1
25 26	(i) is disclosed at or before the time when t entered into; and	ne contract is
27	(ii) sets an amount of excess or deductible v	inder the
28	contract.	

1	Pa	art 7—Provisions referring to non-party consumers
2 3	Di	vision 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010
4	Co	empetition and Consumer Act 2010
5	53	Subsection 2(1) (definition of <i>non-party consumer</i>) of Schedule 2
7		Repeal the definition.
8	54	Subsection 2(1) of Schedule 2
9		Insert:
10 11 12 13		 non-party means: (a) in relation to conduct—a person who is not, or has not been, a party to an enforcement proceeding in relation to the conduct; or
14 15 16		(b) in relation to a term of a contract—a person who is not, or has not been, a party to an enforcement proceeding in relation to the term.
17 18	55	Division 4 of Part 5-2 of Schedule 2 (heading) Omit "non-party consumers", substitute "non-parties".
19 20 21	56	Subdivision B of Division 4 of Part 5-2 of Schedule 2 (heading) Omit "non-party consumers", substitute "non-parties".
22	57	Section 239 of Schedule 2 (heading)
23	O,	Omit "non-party consumers", substitute "non-parties".
24	58	Section 239 of Schedule 2
25 26		Omit "non-party consumers" (wherever occurring), substitute "non-parties".
27	59	Section 240 of Schedule 2 (heading)
28		Omit "non-party consumers", substitute "non-parties".

1	60 Section 240 of Schedule 2
2 3	Omit "non-party consumers" (wherever occurring), substitute "non-parties".
4 5	61 Section 241 of Schedule 2 (heading) Omit "consumer".
6 7	62 Section 241 of Schedule 2 Omit "consumer" (wherever occurring).
8	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
10	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
11	63 Subsection 12BA(1) (definition of non-party consumer)
12	Repeal the definition, substitute:
13	non-party means:
14 15 16	 (a) in relation to conduct—a person who is not, or has not been, a party to an enforcement proceeding in relation to the conduct; or
17 18 19	(b) in relation to a term of a contract—a person who is not, or has not been, a party to an enforcement proceeding in relation to the term.
20	64 Section 12GNB (heading)
21	Omit "non-party consumers", substitute "non-parties".
22	65 Section 12GNB
23	Omit "non-party consumers" (wherever occurring), substitute
24	"non-parties".
25	66 Subsection 12GNB(9) (heading)
26	Omit "consumer".
27	67 Subsection 12GNB(9)
28	Omit "consumer" (wherever occurring).

1	68 Section 12GNC (heading)
2	Omit "non-party consumers", substitute "non-parties".
3	69 Section 12GNC
4	Omit "consumer" (wherever occurring).
5	

Pa	art 8—Application
Di	ivision 1—Amendment of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010
Ca	ompetition and Consumer Act 2010
70	Subsection 303(2) of Schedule 2
	Omit "a services", substitute "services".
71	In the appropriate position in Chapter 6 of Schedule 2 Insert:
Pa	art 7—Application provisions relating to the Treasury Laws Amendment (Measures for a later sitting) Act 2021
30	4 Amendments relating to unfair contract terms
	(1) The amendments of this Schedule made by Parts 1 to 6 of Schedule 1 to the <i>Treasury Laws Amendment (Measures for a later sitting) Act 2021</i> apply in relation to a contract entered into at or after the commencement (the <i>relevant commencement</i>) of that Schedule.
	(2) The amendments do not apply to a contract (the <i>existing contract</i>) entered into before the relevant commencement, except as provided in this section.
	(3) If the existing contract is renewed at or after the relevant commencement, the amendments apply to the contract as renewed on and from the day (the <i>renewal day</i>) on which the renewal takes
	effect, in relation to conduct that occurs on or after the renewal day.
	(4) If a term of the existing contract is varied at or after the relevant commencement and subsection (3) has not already applied in
	relation to the contract:
	(a) the amendments apply to the term as varied, and so apply:
	(i) on and from the day (the <i>variation day</i>) on which the
	variation takes effect; and

1	(ii) as if the contract as varied had been entered into on the
2	variation day; and
3	(iii) in relation to conduct that occurs on and after the
4	variation day; and
5	(b) section 23(2A)(e) applies in relation to a person proposing
6	the term, whether before, at or after the relevant
7	commencement; and
8	(c) subsection 23(2), and section 27, as in force at and after the
9	relevant commencement, apply to the contract.
10	(5) If a contract is entered into or renewed at or after the relevant
11	commencement, section 23(2A)(e) applies in relation to a person
12	proposing a term of the contract, whether before, at or after the
13	relevant commencement.
14	(6) Section 24(5)(a) applies to:
15	(a) a contract, whether entered into before, at or after the
16	relevant commencement; and
17	(b) a proceeding, whether begun before, at or after the relevant
18	commencement.
19	(7) Despite subsections (3) to (6) of this section, the amendments do
20	not apply to a contract, or a term of a contract, to the extent that the
21	operation of the amendments would result in an acquisition of
22	property (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xxxi) of the
23 24	Constitution) from a person otherwise than on just terms (within the meaning of that paragraph of the Constitution).
24	the meaning of that paragraph of the Constitution).
25	Division 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and
26	Investments Commission Act 2001
27	Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
28	72 At the end of the Act
29	Add:
-	

1	Part 37—Application provisions relating to the
2	Treasury Laws Amendment (Measures for
	a later sitting) Act 2021
3 4	a later sitting / Act 2021
5	350 Application—unfair contract terms
6 7 8 9	(1) The amendments of this Act made by Parts 1 to 6 of Schedule 1 to the <i>Treasury Laws Amendment (Measures for a later sitting) Act 2021</i> apply in relation to a contract entered into at or after the commencement (the <i>relevant commencement</i>) of that Schedule.
10 11 12	(2) The amendments do not apply to a contract (the <i>existing contract</i>) entered into before the relevant commencement, except as provided in this section.
13 14 15 16 17	(3) If the existing contract is renewed at or after the relevant commencement, the amendments apply to the contract as renewed, on and from the day (the <i>renewal day</i>) on which the renewal takes effect, in relation to conduct that occurs on or after the renewal day.
18 19 20 21 22 23	 (4) If a term of the existing contract is varied at or after the relevant commencement and subsection (3) has not already applied in relation to the contract: (a) the amendments apply to the term as varied, and so apply: (i) on and from the day (the <i>variation day</i>) on which the variation takes effect; and
24 25	(ii) as if the contract as varied had been entered into on the variation day; and
26 27	(iii) in relation to conduct that occurs on and after the variation day; and
28 29 30	(b) paragraph 12BF(2A)(f) applies in relation to a person proposing the term, whether before, at or after the relevant commencement; and
31 32	(c) subsection 12BF(2), and section 12BK, as in force at and after the relevant commencement, apply to the contract.
33 34 35 36	(5) If a contract is entered into or renewed at or after the relevant commencement, paragraph 12BF(2A)(f) applies in relation to a person proposing a term of the contract, whether before, at or after the relevant commencement.

1	(6) Paragraph 12BG(5)(a) applies to:
2	(a) a contract, whether entered into before, at or after the
3	relevant commencement; and
4	(b) a proceeding, whether begun before, at or after the relevant
5	commencement.
6	(7) Despite subsections (3) to (6) of this section, the amendments do
7	not apply to a contract, or a term of a contract, to the extent that the
8	operation of the amendments would result in an acquisition of
9	property (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xxxi) of the
.0	Constitution) from a person otherwise than on just terms (within
.1	the meaning of that paragraph of the Constitution).