

# **PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW**



# TREASURY PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW

## Ministers and portfolio responsibilities

The Treasury portfolio undertakes a range of activities aimed at achieving strong sustainable economic growth for the good of Australians. This entails the advice to portfolio Ministers as well as the effective implementation and administration of policies that fall within the portfolio Ministers' responsibilities.

The Treasury portfolio comprises 17 entities in the general government sector.

The **Department of the Treasury** is the Australian Government's pre-eminent economic adviser. Treasury provides advice, analysis and legislation to Government to deliver economic policies and programs, supporting the effective management of the Australian economy.

The **Australian Bureau of Statistics** is Australia's official statistical entity. It provides statistics on a wide range of economic, environmental, population and social matters, covering government, business and the community in general.

The **Australian Competition and Consumer Commission** is an independent statutory authority which administers the *Competition and Consumer Act 2010* and performs functions under other Commonwealth legislation and State and Territory Competition Policy Reform Acts.

The **Australian Office of Financial Management** is responsible for the management of Australian Government debt and financial assets.

The **Australian Prudential Regulation Authority** is the financial supervisor responsible for the prudential regulation of the banking, other deposit taking, insurance and superannuation industries.

The **Australian Securities and Investments Commission** (ASIC) is Australia's corporate, markets, financial services and credit regulator. It is responsible for consumer protection and market integrity. As part of its remit, ASIC also regulates investment management and superannuation, insurance, deposit taking, financial reporting, auditors and insolvency practitioners. ASIC promotes investor and consumer trust and confidence, fair and efficient markets and provides efficient registration services.

The **Australian Taxation Office** is the Australian Government's principal revenue collection agency and administers Australia's tax system and significant aspects of Australia's superannuation system. It administers legislation governing tax, superannuation and the Australian Business Register and supports the delivery of government benefits to the community.

## *Portfolio Overview*

The **Commonwealth Grants Commission** provides advice to the Australian Government on the equitable distribution of GST revenue to State and Territory governments.

The **Infrastructure and Project Financing Agency** provides independent commercial and financial advice to support the delivery of Australian Government infrastructure projects and programs.

The **Inspector-General of Taxation** seeks to improve the administration of the tax laws for the benefit of all taxpayers.

The **National Competition Council** is an independent advisory body for all Australian governments that advises and makes recommendations under the National Access Regime and recommendations and decisions in relation to natural gas pipelines.

The **National Housing Finance and Investment Corporation's** objective is to improve housing outcomes by operating an affordable housing bond aggregator to provide loans to registered community housing providers financed by the issue of bonds on the commercial market; and a National Housing Infrastructure Facility to provide loans, grants and investments to overcome impediments to the provision of housing that is due to the lack of necessary infrastructure.

The **Office of the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board's** objective is to develop, issue and maintain in the public interest, principle-based, independent auditing and assurance standards for all sectors of the Australian economy that meet user needs, contribute to the development of international auditing and assurance standards and assist in maintaining confidence in the Australian economy, including its capital markets.

The **Office of the Australian Accounting Standards Board's** role is to develop, issue and maintain principle-based independent financial reporting standards for all sectors of the Australian economy that meet user needs, contribute to the development of international accounting standards and assist in maintaining confidence in the Australian economy, including its capital markets.

The **Productivity Commission** is the Australian Government's independent research and advisory body on a range of economic, social and environmental issues affecting the welfare of Australians.

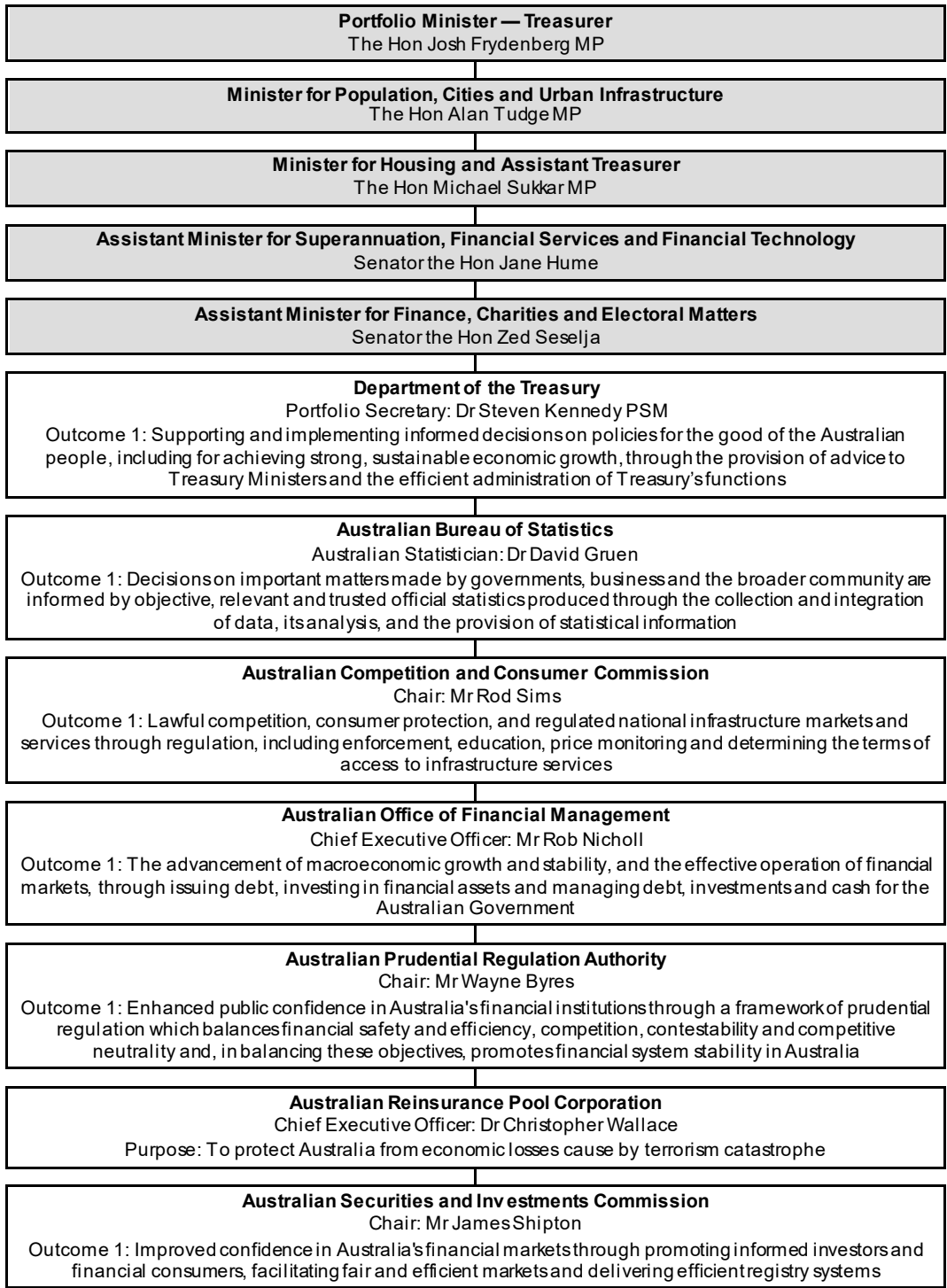
The **Royal Australian Mint** manufactures and sells circulating coins to meet the coinage needs of the Australian economy, and collector coins and other minted products for Australia and foreign countries.

The **Financial Advisers Standards and Ethics Authority Ltd** and the **National Housing Finance and Investment Corporation** do not appear in the Portfolio Budget Statements as they are not directly appropriated by government. The **Australian Reinsurance Pool Corporation** and the **Reserve Bank of Australia** do not appear in the Portfolio Budget Statements as they are not part of the general government sector.

*Portfolio Overview*

For information on resourcing across the portfolio, refer to Part 1: Agency Financial Resourcing in *Budget Paper No. 4 - Agency Resourcing*.

**Figure 1: Treasury portfolio structure and outcomes**



<p><b>Australian Taxation Office</b>  Commissioner: Mr Chris Jordan AO  Outcome 1: Confidence in the administration of aspects of Australia's taxation and superannuation systems through helping people understand their rights and obligations, improving ease of compliance and access to benefits, and managing non-compliance with the law</p>
<p><b>Commonwealth Grants Commission</b>  Secretary: Mr Michael Willcock  Outcome 1: Informed Government decisions on fiscal equalisation between the states and territories through advice and recommendations on the distribution of GST revenue</p>
<p><b>Financial Adviser Standards and Ethics Authority Limited</b>  Chief Executive Officer: Mr Stephen Glenfield  Outcome 1: Strengthen the professional and ethical standards of financial advisers through enhancing educational and training requirements and ethical standards to improve consumer outcomes</p>
<p><b>Infrastructure and Project Financing Agency</b>  Chief Executive Officer: Ms Leilani Frew  Outcome 1: To leverage additional private sector investment in infrastructure and secure better returns from the Commonwealth's investment by assisting the government to identify, assess, and broker financing opportunities for infrastructure and projects, including through engagement with Commonwealth entities, State and Territory governments, and the private sector</p>
<p><b>Inspector-General of Taxation</b>  Inspector-General of Taxation: Ms Karen Payne  Outcome 1: Improved tax administration through investigation of complaints, conducting reviews, public reporting and independent advice to Government and its relevant entities</p>
<p><b>National Competition Council</b>  President: Ms Julie-Anne Schafer  Outcome 1: Competition in markets that are dependent on access to nationally significant monopoly infrastructure, through recommendations and decisions promoting the efficient operation of, use of and investment in infrastructure</p>
<p><b>National Housing Finance and Investment Corporation</b>  Chair: Mr Brendan Crotty  Outcome 1: Improved housing outcomes for Australians, including through financial and other assistance to improve the efficiency and scale of the community housing sector, as well as for critical infrastructure that increases housing supply</p>
<p><b>Office of the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board</b>  Chair: Prof. Roger Simnett AO  Outcome 1: The formulation and making of auditing and assurance standards that are used by auditors of Australian entity financial reports or for other auditing and assurance engagements</p>
<p><b>Office of the Australian Accounting Standards Board</b>  Chair: Dr Keith Kendall  Outcome 1: The formulation and making of accounting standards that are used by Australian entities to prepare financial reports and enable users of these reports to make informed decisions</p>
<p><b>Productivity Commission</b>  Chair: Mr Michael Brennan  Outcome 1: Well-informed policy decision-making and public understanding on matters relating to Australia's productivity and living standards, based on independent and transparent analysis from a community-wide perspective</p>

*Portfolio Overview*

**Reserve Bank of Australia**

Governor: Mr Philip Lowe

Purpose: In its role as Australia's central bank, the Reserve Bank of Australia determines and implements monetary policy, fosters financial stability, undertakes a range of activities in financial markets, acts as a banker to the Australian Government, issues Australia's banknotes and has policy, supervisory and operational roles in the payments system

**Royal Australian Mint**

Chief Executive Officer: Mr Ross MacDiarmid

Outcome 1: The coinage needs of the Australian economy, collectors and foreign countries are met through the manufacture and sale of circulating coins, collector coins and other minted like products