2016-2017

The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EXPOSURE DRAFT

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

No. , 2017

(Treasury)

A Bill for an Act to amend the law in relation to the financial sector, and for related purposes

B15HG146.v20.docx 11/8/2017 5:26 PM

Contents

1 Short title 2 Commencement 3 Schedules	1
Schedule 1—Amendment of the Banking Act 1959	3
Part 1—Main amendments	3
Banking Act 1959	3
Part 2—Consequential amendments	61
Banking Act 1959	61
Part 3—Application provisions	75
Schedule 2—Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973	76
Part 1—Main amendments	76
Insurance Act 1973	76
Part 2—Consequential amendments	161
Part 3—Application provisions	161
Schedule 3—Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995	162
Part 1—Main amendments	162
Life Insurance Act 1995	162
Part 2—Consequential amendments	245
Part 3—Application provisions	245
Schedule 4—Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business	
Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999	246
Part 1—Main amendments	246
Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999	246
Part 2—Application provisions	266
Schedule 5—Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998	267
No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017	i

B15HG146.v20.docx 11/8/2017 5:26 PM

Part 1—Main amendments	267
Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998	267
Part 2—Application provisions	280
Schedule 6—Amendment of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998	281
Part 1—Main amendments	281
Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998	281
Part 2—Application provisions	282
Schedule 7—Amendment of other Acts	283
Corporations Act 2001	283
Income Tax Assessment Act 1997	283

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

ii

B15HG146.v20.docx 11/8/2017 5:26 PM

	Act to amend the latter, and for related	
The Parliame	ent of Australia enact	s:
l Short title		
	Act is the Financial Sector Leg ution Powers and Other Measu	
2 Commenceme	ent	
comm	provision of this Act specified nences, or is taken to have com in 2 of the table. Any other sta	menced, in accordance with
	ding to its terms.	
Commencement in Column 1		Column 3
Commencement in	nformation	
Commencement in Column 1	nformation Column 2	Column 3 Date/Details
Commencement in Column 1 Provisions 1. Sections 1 to 3 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered	nformation Column 2 Commencement	Column 3 Date/Details
Commencement in Column 1 Provisions 1. Sections 1 to 3 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered by this table 2. Schedules 1 to	nformation Column 2 Commencement The day this Act receives the R The day this Act receives the R This table relates only to the pro	Column 3 Date/Details toyal Assent.

1

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

1 3 Schedules

2

2	Legislation that is specified in a Schedule to this Act is amended or
3	repealed as set out in the applicable items in the Schedule
4	concerned, and any other item in a Schedule to this Act has effect
5	according to its terms.

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

1 2	Schedule 1—Amendment of the Banking Act 1959
3	Part 1—Main amendments
4	Banking Act 1959
5 6	1 Subsection 5(1) (definition of <i>ADI statutory manager</i>) Repeal the definition.
7 8 9	 2 Subsection 5(1) (definition of administrator of an ADI's business) Repeal the definition, substitute:
10 11 12	<i>administrator</i> , of a body corporate's business, means an administrator appointed under subsection 13A(1) to take control of the body corporate's business.
13 14	<i>Australian business assets and liabilities</i> , of a foreign ADI, has the meaning given by subsection 11E(3).
15 16	3 Subsection 5(1) Insert:
17 18	Banking Act statutory manager has the meaning given by subsection 13A(2).
19 20	<i>direction under this Act</i> means a direction under any of the following provisions:
21	(a) section 11CA;
22	(b) section 11CC;
23	(c) section 13E;
24	(d) section 17;
25	(e) section 23;
26	(f) section 29; (g) section 21E
27	(g) section 31F.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

3

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	4	Subsection 5(1) (paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>external</i> administrator)
3		Omit "or provisional liquidator".
4 5	5	Subsection 5(1) (paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>external</i> administrator)
6 7		Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
8	6	Subsection 5(1)
9		Insert:
10 11		<i>financial market</i> has the meaning given by section 761A of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
12 13		<i>holding company</i> , of a body corporate, means another body corporate of which the first body corporate is a subsidiary.
14		<i>liquidator</i> includes a provisional liquidator.
15 16		<i>listing rules</i> has the meaning given by section 761A of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
17	7	Subsection 5(1)
18		Insert:
19 20		<i>NOHC/NOHC subsidiary</i> has the meaning given by subsection 13D(5).
21	8	Subsection 5(1) (definition of prudential matters)
22		Repeal the definition, substitute:
23		prudential matters means matters relating to:
24		(a) the conduct of any part of the affairs of, or the structuring or
25		organising of, an ADI, an authorised NOHC, a relevant group
26 27		of bodies corporate, or a particular member or members of such a group, in such a way as:
27 28		(i) to keep the ADI, NOHC, group or member or members
28 29		of the group in a sound financial position; or

4

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

1	(ii) to facilitate resolution of the ADI, NOHC, group or
2	member or members of the group; or
3	(iii) to protect the interests of depositors of any ADI; or
4	(iv) not to cause or promote instability in the Australian
5	financial system; or
6	(v) not to cause or promote instability in the New Zealand
7	financial system; or
8	(b) the conduct of any part of the affairs of an ADI, an authorised
9	NOHC, a relevant group of bodies corporate, or a particular
10	member or members of such a group, with integrity,
11	prudence and professional skill.
12	9 Subsection 5(1) (definition of recapitalisation direction)
13	Omit "subsection 13E(1)", substitute "subsection 13E(1) or (1B)".
10	
14	10 Subsection 5(1)
15	Insert:
16	<i>related body corporate</i> , in relation to a body corporate, means a
10	body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as
18	determined in accordance with subsection 5(2A).
19	<i>resolution</i> means the process by which APRA and other relevant
20	persons manage or respond to the failure or potential failure of an
21	entity, including through the exercise of powers and functions
22	under this Act or another law.
23	transferred liabilities determination means a determination under
24	section 16AIA(1).
25	11 After subsection 5(2)
26	Insert:
27	(2A) For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate
28 29	is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the
29 30	Corporations Act 2001.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 5

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	12 Subsections 9(4) to (9)
2	Repeal the subsections, substitute:
3 4 5 6	(7) If APRA grants an authority under subsection (3), APRA must cause notice of that authority to be published in the <i>Gazette</i> . APRA may also cause notice of that authority to be published in any other way it considers appropriate.
7 8	(8) A failure to comply with subsection (7) does not affect the validity of the authority.
9 10	(9) Part VI applies to a decision to refuse an application under this section.
11	13 After section 9
12	Insert
13	9AA Conditions on an authority
14 15	(1) APRA may, at any time, by giving written notice to a body corporate:
16 17	 (a) impose conditions, or additional conditions, on the body corporate's section 9 authority; or
18 19	(b) vary or revoke conditions imposed on the body corporate's section 9 authority.
20	The conditions must relate to prudential matters.
21 22	(2) A condition may be expressed to have effect despite anything in the prudential standards or the regulations.
23	(3) Without limiting the conditions that APRA may impose on an
24	authority, APRA may make the authority conditional on another
25 26	body corporate, of which the body corporate is a subsidiary, being an authorised NOHC.
20	
27 28	(4) If APRA imposes, varies or revokes the conditions on a body corporate's section 9 authority, APRA must:
29	(a) give written notice to the body corporate; and
30 31	(b) ensure that notice that the action has been taken is published in the <i>Gazette</i> .

6

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

1 2	(5) The taking of an action is not invalid merely because of a failure to comply with subsection (4).
3	(6) Part VI applies to the following decisions made under this section:
4	(a) a decision to impose conditions, or additional conditions, on
5	a body corporate's section 9 authority;
6 7	 (b) a decision to vary conditions imposed on an body corporate's section 9 authority.
8	9AB Breach of authority conditions
9	(1) A body corporate commits an offence if:
10	(a) the body corporate does an act or fails to do an act; and
11	(b) doing the act or failing to do the act results in a contravention
12	of a condition of the body corporate's section 9 authority;
13	and
14 15	(c) there is no determination in force under section 11 that this subsection does not apply to the body corporate.
16	Penalty: 300 penalty units.
17	(2) If an individual:
18 19	(a) commits an offence against subsection (1) because of Part 2.4 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> ; or
20 21	(b) commits an offence under Part 2.4 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> in relation to an offence against subsection (1);
22	he or she is punishable, on conviction, by a fine not exceeding 60
23	penalty units.
24	(3) An offence against this section is an offence of strict liability.
25	Note 1: For strict liability, see section 6.1 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> .
26 27	Note 2: Chapter 2 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> sets out the general principles of criminal responsibility.
28	14 Section 9A (heading)
29	Repeal the heading, substitute:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 7

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1 9	A	Revocation	of	authority	etc.
-----	----------	------------	----	-----------	------

2	15 Subsection 9A(2)
3	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
4 5	(2) APRA may revoke a body corporate's section 9 authority if APRA is satisfied that:
6	(aa) the body corporate has, whether before or after the
7	commencement of this paragraph, provided, in connection
8	with its application for the authority, information that was
9	false or misleading in a material particular; or
10 11	(a) the body corporate has failed to comply with any of the following:
12	(i) a requirement of this Act;
13 14	(ii) a requirement of the <i>Financial Sector</i> (<i>Collection of Data</i>) <i>Act</i> 2001;
15	(iii) a requirement of the regulations or any other instrument
16	made under this Act;
17	(iiia) a requirement of a provision of another law of the
18	Commonwealth, if the provision is specified in the regulations;
19 20	(iv) a direction under this Act;
20 21	(v) a condition of its section 9 authority; or
	(b) it would be contrary to the national interest for the authority
22 23	to remain in force; or
24	(ba) it would be contrary to financial system stability in Australia
25	for the authority to remain in force; or
26	(c) it would be contrary to the interests of depositors of the body
27	corporate for the authority to remain in force; or
28	(d) the body corporate has failed to pay:
29	(i) an amount of levy or late penalty to which the Financial
30	Institutions Supervisory Levies Collection Act 1998
31	applies; or
32	(ii) an amount of charge fixed under section 51 of the $A_{1}(A_{2}) = A_{2}(A_{2}) + A_{2}(A_{$
33	Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998; or
34	(e) the body corporate is insolvent and is unlikely to return to
35	solvency within a reasonable period of time; or

8

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

EXPOSURE DRAFT Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

1 2	(f) the body corporate has ceased to carry on banking business in Australia: or
3	(h) the body corporate is a foreign corporation within the
4	meaning of paragraph 51(xx) of the Constitution, and:
5	(i) the body corporate is unlikely to be able to meet its
6	liabilities in Australia and is unlikely to be able to do so
7	within a reasonable period of time; or
8	(ii) an authority (however described) for the body corporate
9	to carry on banking business in a foreign country has
10	been revoked or otherwise withdrawn in that foreign
11	country;
12	The procedures to be undergone before a revocation under this
13	subsection are set out in subsection (3). Those procedures apply unless APRA determines under subsection (4) that they are not to
14 15	apply.
15	appry.
16	16 At the end of Division 1AA of Part II
17	Add:
18	11AE APRA may give notice to ensure that ADI has an authorised
19	NOHC
20	(1) This section applies if:
21	(a) a body corporate is a holding company of an ADI; and
22	(b) the ADI is not a subsidiary of an authorised NOHC.
23	(2) APRA may by notice in writing to the body corporate, require it to
24	ensure, in accordance with the conditions (if any) specified in the
25	notice, that either of the following occurs:
26	(a) the body corporate becomes an authorised NOHC of the
27	ADI;
28	(b) a subsidiary of the body corporate becomes an authorised
29	NOHC of the ADI.
30	Note: See Part 4A of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group
31	Restructure) Act 1999 for other provisions that deal with a restructure
32	arrangement to make an operating body a subsidiary of a NOHC.
33	(3) The notice may deal with the time by which, or period during
34	which, it is to be complied with.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 9

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(4)	The body corporate has power to comply with the notice despite
2		anything in its constitution or any contract or arrangement to which
3		it is a party.
4	(5)	APRA may, by notice in writing to the body corporate, vary the
5		notice mentioned in subsection (2) if, at the time of the variation, it
6		considers that the variation is necessary and appropriate.
7	(6)	The notice mentioned in subsection (2) has effect until APRA
8	(0)	revokes it by notice in writing to the body corporate. APRA may
9		revoke the notice mentioned in subsection (2) if, at the time of
10		revocation, it considers that the notice is no longer necessary or
11		appropriate.
12	(7)	Part VI applies to a decision to give a notice under subsection (2).
12		
13	(8)	Section 11CG applies in relation to a notice to a body corporate
14		under subsection (2) in the same way in which it applies to a
15		direction to an ADI under Subdivision B of Division 1BA.
16	(9)	However, section 11CG does not apply to a contravention by a
17		body corporate of a requirement in a notice under subsection (2) if:
18		(a) the contravention happens merely because APRA refuses to
19		grant the body corporate (or its subsidiary) an authority under
20		subsection 11AA(2); and
21		(b) APRA's reasons for that refusal do not include the reason
22		that one or more conditions specified in the notice are not
23		satisfied.
24	17 Befor	e section 11AF
25	Inse	rt.
23	mse	11.
26	Subdivisi	on A—Prudential supervision and monitoring of ADIs
27		and authorised NOHCs generally
28	18 Parao	raphs 11AF(1)(c) and (d)
	-	
29	Кер	eal the paragraphs, substitute:
30		(c) the subsidiaries of ADIs or authorised NOHCs; or

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

10

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

	 (d) a specified class of ADIs, authorised NOHCs or subsidiarie of ADIs or authorised NOHCs; or
	(e) one or more specified ADIs, authorised NOHCs or
	subsidiaries of ADIs or authorised NOHCs.
19	Subsection 11AF(1A)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(1A) A standard may impose different requirements to be complied with:
	 (a) by different classes of ADIs, authorised NOHCs or subsidiaries of ADIs or authorised NOHCs; or
	(b) in different situations; or
	(c) in respect of different activities.
20	After paragraph 11AF(1AA)(b)
	Insert:
	(ba) each subsidiary of an ADI or of an authorised NOHC; or
	(bb) each subsidiary of an ADI or of an authorised NOHC,
	included in a specified class of subsidiaries; or
21	Paragraph 11AF(1AA)(d)
	Omit "authorised NOHCs;", substitute "authorised NOHCs; or".
22	After paragraph 11AF(1AA)(d)
	Insert:
	(e) a specified subsidiary of an ADI or of an authorised NOHC
	or
	(f) each of 2 or more specified subsidiaries of ADIs or of
	authorised NOHCs;
23	Subsection 11AF(2)
	Omit "one or more specified ADIs or authorised NOHCs", substitute
	(1 - 1)
	"one or more specified ADIs or authorised NOHCs, or one or more specified subsidiaries of ADIs or authorised NOHCs".

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 11

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	24	Subsections 11AF(4A) and (5A)
2		Repeal the subsections, substitute:
3		(4A) If APRA determines or varies a standard referred to in
4		paragraph (1)(e) it must, as soon as practicable:
5		(a) give a copy of the standard, or of the variation, to the ADI,
6		authorised NOHC or subsidiary, or to each ADI, authorised
7		NOHC or subsidiary, to which the standard applies; and
8 9		(b) give a copy of the standard, or of the variation, to the Treasurer.
10 11		(5A) If APRA revokes a standard referred to in paragraph (1)(e) it must, as soon as practicable:
12		(a) give notice of the revocation to the ADI, authorised NOHC
13		or subsidiary, or to each ADI, authorised NOHC or
14		subsidiary, to which the standard applied; and
15		(b) give a copy of the revocation to the Treasurer.
16	25	Section 11A
17		Omit "ADIs and authorised NOHCs", substitute, "ADIs, authorised
18		NOHCs, subsidiaries of ADIs and subsidiaries of authorised NOHCs".
19	26	After section 11A
20		Insert:
21	11/	AAA Obligation to comply with the prudential standards
22		An ADI, authorised NOHC or a subsidiary of an ADI or authorised
23		NOHC to which a prudential standard applies must comply with
24		the standard.
25	27	At the end of Division 1A of Part II
26		Add:

12 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

Subdivision B—Conversion and write-off provisions

2 **11CAA Definitions**

3	In this Subdivision:
4	conversion and write-off provisions means the provisions of the
5	prudential standards that relate to the conversion or writing off of:
6	(a) Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital; or
7	(b) any other instrument.
8	conversion entity: an entity (the first entity) is a conversion entity
9	for an instrument if:
10	(a) the instrument is issued by another entity; and
11	(b) the instrument converts, in accordance with the terms of the
12	instrument, into one or more ordinary shares or mutual equity
13	interests of the first entity for the purposes of the conversion
14	and write-off provisions.
15	converts: an instrument converts into one or more ordinary shares
16	or mutual equity interests of an entity including by redeeming or
17	cancelling the instrument and replacing the instrument with
18	ordinary shares or mutual equity interests (as the case requires).
19	mutual equity interests has the same meaning as in the prudential
20	standards.
21	related subsidiary of an ADI means a subsidiary of a holding
22	company of the ADI.
23	specified law means any of the following:
24	(a) the Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998;
25	(b) the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975;
26	(c) Chapter 6 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (takeovers);
27	(d) any other Australian law, or law of a foreign country or part
28	of a foreign country, prescribed by the regulations for the
29	purposes of this paragraph.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 13

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	11CAB Conversion and write-off provisions
2	Application
3	(1) This section applies in relation to an instrument that contains terms
4	that are for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions
5	and that is issued by:
6	(a) an ADI; or
7	(b) a holding company of an ADI; or
8	(c) a subsidiary or related subsidiary of an ADI; or
9	(d) an entity of a kind prescribed by the regulations for the
10	purposes of this paragraph.
11	Conversion of instrument despite other laws etc.
12	(2) The instrument may be converted in accordance with the terms of
13	the instrument despite:
14	(a) any Australian law or any law of a foreign country or a part
15	of a foreign country, other than a specified law; and
16	(b) the constitution of the entity issuing the instrument, or any
17	conversion entity for the instrument; and
18	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the entity issuing the
19	instrument, or any conversion entity for the instrument, is a
20	party; and
21	(d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list
22 23	the entity issuing the instrument, or any conversion entity for the instrument, is included.
25	the instrument, is included.
24	Write-off of instrument despite other laws etc.
25	(3) The instrument may be written off in accordance with the terms of
26	the instrument despite:
27	(a) any Australian law or any law of a foreign country or a part
28	of a foreign country; and
29	(b) the constitution of the entity issuing the instrument; and
30	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the entity issuing the
31	instrument is a party; and

14

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	(d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list the entity issuing the instrument is included.
3	11CAC Conversion or write-off etc. not grounds for denial of obligations
4	obligations
5 6	(1) This section applies if an entity (the <i>first entity</i>) is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is:
7	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
8 9	(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
10 11 12	(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:(a) deny any obligation under the contract;
12	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
13	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
15	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
16	This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
17	(3) The matters are as follows:
17	
18 19	 (a) a relevant instrument being converted for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions;
20 21	(b) a relevant instrument being written off for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions;
22	(c) the occurrence of an event (which may be the making of a
23	determination (however described) by APRA) that results in
24	a relevant instrument being required to be converted or
25 26	written off for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions.
27	(4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the first entity:
28	(a) denying an obligation to another entity; or
29	(b) accelerating a debt to an another entity; or
30	(c) closing out a transaction with another entity; or
31	(d) enforcing a security against another entity;
32	unless the first entity is a body corporate and the other entity is a
33	related body corporate of the first entity.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 15

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(5) In this section:
2		<i>relevant instrument</i> means an instrument to which section 11CAB
3		applies:
4 5		(a) that is issued by the first entity, or for which the first entity is a conversion entity; or
6		(b) if the first entity is a body corporate:
7 8		(i) that is issued by a related body corporate of the first entity; or
9 10		(ii) for which a related body corporate of the first entity is a conversion entity.
11	28	Subsection 11CA(1)
12		Omit "Without limiting subsection (1AA), APRA may", substitute
13		"APRA may".
14	29	Paragraph 11CA(1)(c)
15		Omit "and such a contravention is likely to give rise to a prudential
16		risk", substitute "and the direction is reasonably necessary for one or
17		more prudential matters relating to the body corporate".
18	30	Subsection 11CA(1AA)
19		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
20		(1AA) APRA may give a body corporate that is an ADI or is an
21		authorised NOHC a direction of a kind specified in subsection (2)
22		if APRA has reason to believe that:
23		(a) a subsidiary of the body corporate has contravened a
24		provision of:
25		(i) this Act; or
26		(ii) the Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001; or
27		(b) a subsidiary of the body corporate has contravened a
28		prudential requirement regulation or a prudential standard; or
29		(c) a subsidiary of the body corporate is likely to contravene this
30		Act, a prudential requirement regulation, a prudential
31		standard or the Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act
32		<i>2001</i> ; or

16

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 $\ \, Schedule 1$

1	(d) the direction is in respect of a subsidiary of the body
2	corporate and is necessary in the interests of:
3	(i) if the body corporate is an ADI—depositors of the ADI;
4	Or (ii) if the heady corrected is an outhorized NOUC
5	(ii) if the body corporate is an authorised NOHC— depositors of any ADI that is a subsidiary of the NOHC;
6 7	or
8	(e) a subsidiary of the body corporate is, or is about to become,
9	unable to meet the subsidiary's liabilities; or
10	(f) there is, or there might be, a material risk to the security of
11	the assets of a subsidiary of the body corporate; or
12	(g) there has been, or there might be, a material deterioration in
13	the financial condition of a subsidiary of the body corporate;
14	or
15	(h) a subsidiary of the body corporate is conducting the
16	subsidiary's affairs in an improper or financially unsound
17	way; or
18	(j) a subsidiary of the body corporate is conducting the
19	subsidiary's affairs in a way that may cause or promote
20	instability in the Australian financial system; or
21	(k) a subsidiary of the body corporate is conducting the
22	subsidiary's affairs in a way that may cause it to be unable to
23	continue to supply services to:
24	(i) if the body corporate is an ADI—the ADI; or
25 26	(ii) if the body corporate is an authorised NOHC—any ADI that is a subsidiary of the NOHC; or
26	-
27 28	(1) the direction is in respect of a subsidiary of the body corporate and the failure to issue a direction would materially
28 29	prejudice the interests of:
30	(i) if the body corporate is an ADI—depositors of the ADI;
30	or
32	(ii) if the body corporate is an authorised NOHC—
33	depositors of any ADI that is a subsidiary of the NOHC.
34	(1AB) However, APRA can only make a direction as a result of a ground
35	referred to in (1AA)(a), (b), (c), (e), (f), (g), (h) or (k) if APRA
36	considers that the direction is reasonably necessary for one or more
37	prudential matters relating to the body corporate.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 17

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

	(1AC) APRA may give a body corporate that is a subsidiary of an ADI or
	of an authorised NOHC a direction of a kind specified in
	subsection (2) if:
	(a) APRA has given the ADI or authorised NOHC a direction under subsection (1AA) because one or more of the grounds
	referred to in that subsection have been satisfied in respect of
	the subsidiary; or
	(b) APRA may give the ADI or authorised NOHC a direction
	under subsection (1AA) because one or more of the grounds
	referred to in that subsection have been satisfied in respect of
	the subsidiary.
	(1AD) APRA cannot give a direction under subsection (1AC) to a body
	corporate of a kind specified in regulations (if any) made for the
	purposes of this subsection.
	(1AE) Subsections (1), (1AA) and (1AC) do not limit each other.
31	Paragraph 11CA(1A)(b)
	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
	(b) specify:
	(i) in the case of a direction under subsection (1AC)— the
	ground referred to in subsection (1AA) as a result of
	which the direction is given; or
	(ii) otherwise—the ground referred to in subsection (1) or(1AA) as a result of which the direction is given
32	Subsection 11CA(1B)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(1B) In deciding whether to give a direction under subsection (1), (1AA)
	or (1AC) to a body corporate, APRA may disregard any external
	support for the body corporate.
33	Paragraph 11CA(2)(p)
	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:

18

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	(q) to reconstruct, amalgamate or otherwise alter all or part of any of the following:
3 4	(i) the business, structure or organisation of the body corporate;
5	(ii) the business, structure or organisation of the group
6	constituted by the body corporate and its subsidiaries;
7	(r) to do, or to refrain from doing, anything else in relation to the
8	affairs of the body corporate.
9	34 After subsection 11CA(2A)
10	Insert:
11	(2AAA) The kinds of direction that may be given as mentioned in
12	subsection (2) are not limited by any other provision in this Part
13	(apart from subsection (2AA)).
14	(2AAB) The kinds of direction that may be given as mentioned in a
15	particular paragraph of subsection (2) are not limited by any other
16	paragraph of that subsection.
17	35 Subsection 11CA(2B)
17 18	35 Subsection 11CA(2B) Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)".
18	Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)".
18 19	Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)". 36 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(a)
18 19 20	Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)". 36 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(a) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way so as to ensure that".
18 19 20 21	 Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)". 36 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(a) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way so as to ensure that". 37 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(b)
18 19 20 21 22	 Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)". 36 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(a) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way so as to ensure that". 37 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(b) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way that has the result that".
 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)". 36 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(a) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way so as to ensure that". 37 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(b) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way that has the result that". 38 Subsections 11CD(1), (1A) and (2) Repeal the subsections, substitute:
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	 Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)". 36 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(a) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way so as to ensure that". 37 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(b) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way that has the result that". 38 Subsections 11CD(1), (1A) and (2)
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)". 36 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(a) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way so as to ensure that". 37 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(b) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way that has the result that". 38 Subsections 11CD(1), (1A) and (2) Repeal the subsections, substitute: This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is:
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)". 36 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(a) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way so as to ensure that". 37 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(b) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way that has the result that". 38 Subsections 11CD(1), (1A) and (2) Repeal the subsections, substitute: This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is: Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 Omit "paragraph (2)(p)", substitute "paragraph (2)(r)". 36 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(a) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way so as to ensure that". 37 Paragraph 11CA(2B)(b) Omit "in a way that", substitute "in a way that has the result that". 38 Subsections 11CD(1), (1A) and (2) Repeal the subsections, substitute: This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

19

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(1	A) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (1B) allows the
2		contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
3		(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
4		(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
5		(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
6		(d) enforce any security under the contract.
7		This subsection has effect subject to subsections $(1C)$, (2) and (3)
8		of this section and section 31B.
9	(1	B) The matters are as follows:
10		(a) the body corporate being given a direction by APRA under
11		Subdivision A or B or section 29;
12		(b) a related body corporate of the body corporate being given a
13		direction by APRA under Subdivision A or B or section 29.
14	(1	C) Subsection (1A) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of
15		the following:
16		(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body
17		corporate of the body corporate;
18 19		(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
20		(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related
21		body corporate of the body corporate;
22		(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related
23		body corporate of the body corporate.
24	((2) If the body corporate is prevented from fulfilling its obligations
25		under the contract because of a direction under Subdivision A,
26		other than a direction under paragraph $11CA(2)(m)$, or because of
27		a direction under section 29, the other party or parties to the contract are, subject to any orders made under subsection (3),
28 29		relieved from obligations owed to the body corporate under the
30		contract.
31	39 Sec	tion 11CF
		Repeal the section.
32	ľ	repeat the section.

20 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

40	At the end of Division 1BA of Part II Add:
Sı	bdivision D—Secrecy and disclosure provisions relating to all directions
11	CH APRA may determine that a direction is covered by secrecy provision
	(1) This section applies if APRA has given an entity (the <i>directed entity</i>) a direction under this Act.
	(2) APRA may determine, in writing, that the direction is covered under this subsection if APRA considers that the direction is necessary to protect the depositors of any ADI or to promote financial system stability in Australia.
	Note: For repeal of a determination, see subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts</i> <i>Interpretation Act 1901</i> .
	(3) APRA must give the directed entity a copy of the determination as soon as practicable after making it.
	(4) An instrument under subsection (2) is not a legislative instrument.
	(5) If APRA makes a determination under subsection (2), APRA must consider whether it is appropriate in the circumstances to also make a determination under either or both of subsections 11CK(2) and 11CK(5).
11	CI Secrecy relating to directions
	(1) A person commits an offence if:
	(a) APRA has given an entity (the <i>directed entity</i>) a direction under this Act; and
	 (b) the direction is covered by a determination under subsection 11CH(2); and
	(c) the person is, or has been, covered by subsection (2) of this section in relation to the direction; and
	(d) the person discloses information; and

21

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

	(e) the information reveals the fact that the direction was made.
	Penalty: Imprisonment for 2 years.
	(2) A person is covered by this subsection in relation to the direction if
	the person is:
	(a) the directed entity; or
	(b) an officer, employee or contractor of the directed entity at a
	time on or after APRA gave the directed entity the direction.
	(c) any other person who, because of his or her employment, or
	in the course of that employment, has acquired information that reveals the fact that the direction was made.
	that reveals the fact that the direction was made.
	Exception
	(3) Subsection (1) does not apply if:
	(a) the disclosure is authorised by section 11CJ, 11CK, 11CL,
	11CM or 11CN; or
	(b) the disclosure is required by an order or direction of a court
	or tribunal.
	Note: A defendant bears an evidential burden in relation to a matter in subsection (2) (see subsection 13.3(3) of the <i>Criminal Code</i>).
11	CJ Disclosure of publicly available information
	A person covered by subsection 11CI(2) in relation to a direction
	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
	made, to the extent that the information has already been lawfully made available to the public.
11	CK Disclosure allowed by APRA
	(1) A person covered by subsection 11CI(2) in relation to a direction
	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
	made if:
	•
	made if:
	made if:(a) a determination under subsection (2) or (5) allows the

22

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

1	Determinations relating to specified person
2	(2) APRA may, in writing, make a determination allowing:
3	(a) a specified person covered by subsection 11CI(2) in relation
4	to a specified direction; or
5	(b) a specified person covered by subsection 11CI(2) in relation
6	to a direction that is in a specified class of directions;
7	to disclose specified information in relation to the direction.
8	(3) An instrument under subsection (2) is not a legislative instrument.
9	(4) APRA must give a copy of the determination as soon as practicable
10	after making it to:
11	(a) the directed entity; and
12	(b) the person specified, or each person specified, in the
13	determination.
14	Determinations relating to specified class of persons
15	(5) APRA may, by legislative instrument, make a determination
16	allowing:
17 18	 (a) a specified class of persons covered by subsection 11CI(2) in relation to a specified direction; or
19	(b) a specified class of persons covered by subsection 11CI(2) in
20	relation to a direction that is in a specified class of directions;
21	to disclose specified information in relation to the direction.
22	Conditions in determinations
23	(6) APRA may include conditions in a determination under
24	subsection (2) or (5) that relate to any of the following:
25	(a) the kind of entities to which the disclosure may be made;
26	(b) the way in which the disclosure is to be made;
27	(c) any other matter that APRA considers appropriate.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 23

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	11CL Disclosure to legal representative for purpose of seeking legal advice
3 4 5	A person covered by subsection 11CI(2) in relation to a direction may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was made if:
6	(a) the disclosure is to the person's legal representative; and
7 8 9	(b) the purpose of the person making the disclosure is for the legal representative to provide legal advice, or another legal service, in relation to the direction.
0	11CM Disclosure allowed by APRA Act secrecy provision
1 2	 A person covered by subsection 11CI(2) in relation to a direction may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
3	made if:
4	(a) the person is:
5	(i) an APRA member (within the meaning of
6 7	subsection 56(1) of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998); or
18 19	(ii) an APRA staff member (within the meaning of that subsection); or
20 21	(iii) a Commonwealth officer (within the meaning of the <i>Crimes Act 1914</i>) who is covered by paragraph (c) of
22	the definition of "officer" in subsection 56(1) of the
23	Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998;
4	and
.5	(b) the information is protected information (within the meaning
.6	of that subsection), or is contained in a protected document
7	(within the meaning of that subsection); and
.8	(c) the disclosure is in accordance with subsection 56(3), (4), (5),
.9	(5AA), (6), (6A), (7), (7A), (7B) or (7C) of that Act.
0	Relationship to APRA Act secrecy provision
31	(2) Disclosure of information in relation to a direction is not an
2	offence under section 56 of the Australian Prudential Regulation
3	Authority Act 1998 if the disclosure is authorised by section 11CJ,
34	11CK, 11CL, 11CN or 11CP.

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

11CN Disclosure in circumstances set out in the regulations

1

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

	A person covered by subsection 11CI(2) in relation to a direction
	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
	made, if the disclosure is made in circumstances (if any) set out in
	the regulations.
11CP I	Disclosure for purpose
	A person covered by subsection 11CI(2) (the <i>relevant person</i>) in
	relation to a direction may disclose information that reveals the fact
	that the direction was made if:
	(a) another person covered by subsection 11CI(2) in relation to
	the direction disclosed that information to the relevant person
	for a particular purpose in accordance with section 11CK,
	11CL, 11CM or 11CN, or in accordance with a previous
	operation of this section; and
	(b) the disclosure by the relevant person is for the same purpose.
11CQ I	Exceptions operate independently
	Sections 11CJ, 11CK, 11CL, 11CM, 11CN and 11CP do not limit
	each other.
41 Sec	tion 11E (Heading)
F	Repeal the heading, substitute:
11E Li	mited application of Division 2 etc. to foreign ADIs
42 Sub	osection 11E(1)
F	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
(1	A) The provisions listed in subsection (1B) do not apply in relation to:
	(a) business of a foreign ADI (other than Australian business
	assets and liabilities); or
	(b) the management of a foreign ADI, to the extent that the
	management relates to such business of the foreign ADI.
(1	B) The provisions are as follows:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 25

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(a) sections 12, 13BA and 13C, and Subdivision B of Division 2	
2	(statutory management);	
3	(b) subsections $13A(1)$ to (2), to the extent that those subsections	
4	relate to statutory management;	
5	(c) sections 62B, 62C, 62D and 62E.	
6	(1C) The following provisions do not apply in relation to a foreign ADI:	
7	(a) Division 2 (apart from the provisions in that Division listed	
8	in subsection (1B));	
9	(b) Division 2AA.	
10	43 At the end of section 11E	
11	Add:	
12	(3) In this section:	
13 14	<i>Australian business assets and liabilities</i> , of a foreign ADI, means the following:	
15	(a) the assets and liabilities of the foreign ADI in Australia;	
16 17	(b) any other assets and liabilities that the foreign ADI has as a result of its operations in Australia.	
18 19	asset has the same meaning as in the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.	
20 21	<i>liability</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure)</i> Act 1999.	
22	44 After section 11E	
23	Insert:	
24	11EA APRA's power to apply for foreign ADI to be wound up in	
24 25	relation to Australian business assets and liabilities	
25	relation to Australian business assets and natimites	
26	(1) APRA may apply to the Federal Court of Australia for an order	
27	that a foreign ADI be wound up if APRA considers that any of the	
28	following requirements are satisfied:	

26

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

1		(a) the foreign ADI is unable to meet its liabilities in Australia,
2		or in one or more foreign countries, as and when they
3		become due and payable;
4		(b) an application for the appointment of an external
5		administrator of the foreign ADI, or for a similar procedure
6 7		in respect of the foreign ADI, has been made in a foreign country;
-		-
8 9		(c) an external administrator has been appointed to the foreign ADI, or a similar appointment has been made in respect of
9 10		the foreign ADI, in a foreign country.
11		(2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) applies even if an ADI statutory
12		manager is in control of the Australian business assets and
13		liabilities of the foreign ADI.
14		(3) The winding up of the foreign ADI is to be conducted in
15		accordance with the Corporations Act 2001.
16		Note: See Part 5.7 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
17		(4) If APRA makes an application under subsection (1), APRA must
18		inform the Minister of the application as soon as possible.
19	45	Section 11F
20		Before "If", insert "(1)".
21	46	At the end of section 11F
22		Add:
23		(2) Subsection (1) does not constrain :
24		(a) the exercise of powers or the performance of functions under
25		this Act of a Banking Act statutory manager of a foreign
26		ADI; or
27		(b) an entity acting at the direction or request of a Banking Act
28		statutory manager of a foreign ADI exercising powers or
29		performing functions under this Act.
30	47	Section 13A (heading)
31		Repeal the heading, substitute:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 27

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	13A Consequences of inability or failure of ADI etc. to meet certain requirements
3	48 At the end of subsection 13A(1)
4	Add:
5	; or (d) an external administrator has been appointed to a holding
6	company of the ADI (or a similar appointment has been
7	made in a foreign country in respect of such a holding
8	company), and APRA considers that the appointment poses a significant threat to:
9 10	(i) the operation or soundness of the ADI; or
	(i) the interests of depositors of the ADI; or
11 12	(iii) the stability of the financial system in Australia; or
12	(e) if the ADI is a foreign ADI:
13	(i) an application for the appointment of an external
15	administrator of the foreign ADI, or for a similar
16	procedure in respect of the foreign ADI, has been made
17	in a foreign country;
18	(ii) an external administrator has been appointed to the
19 20	foreign ADI, or a similar appointment has been made in respect of the foreign ADI, in a foreign country.
21	49 After subsection 13A(1A)
22	Insert:
23	Appointment of administrator, or control by APRA
24	(1B) APRA may take any of the actions mentioned in subsection (1C) in
25	relation to a body corporate (the <i>target body corporate</i>) if:
26	(a) the target body corporate is any of the following:
27	(i) an authorised NOHC of an ADI (the <i>relevant ADI</i>);
28	(ii) a subsidiary of an authorised NOHC of an ADI (also the
29	relevant ADI);
30	(iii) a subsidiary of an ADI (also the <i>relevant ADI</i>); and
31	(b) the condition in subsection (1D), (1E) or (1F) is satisfied; and

28

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

1 2 3	(c) the target body corporate is not a body corporate of a kind specified in regulations (if any) made for the purposes of this paragraph.
4	(1C) The actions are as follows:
5	(a) taking control of the business of the target body corporate;
6	(b) appointing an administrator to take control of the business of
7	the target body corporate.
8 9	Note: For information about another circumstance in which APRA may take control of the business of the target body corporate, see section 65.
10	(1D) The condition in this subsection is satisfied if:
11	(a) either:
12 13	(i) a Banking Act statutory manager has taken control of the relevant ADI; or
14	(ii) the conditions in any or all of paragraphs (1)(a), (b), (c),
15	(d) or (e) are satisfied in relation to the relevant ADI,
16	and APRA intends that a Banking Act statutory
17	manager will take control of the relevant ADI; and
18	(b) APRA considers that the target body corporate provides
19	services that are, or conducts business that is, essential to the
20	capacity of the relevant ADI to maintain its operations.
21	(1E) The condition in this subsection is satisfied if:
22	(a) either:
23 24	(i) a Banking Act statutory manager has taken control of the relevant ADI; or
24 25	(ii) the conditions in any or all of paragraphs (1)(a), (b), (c),
25 26	(d) or (e) are satisfied in relation to the relevant ADI,
27	and APRA intends that a Banking Act statutory
28	manager will take control of the relevant ADI; and
29	(b) APRA considers that it is necessary for a Banking Act
30	statutory manager to take control of the target body
31	corporate, in order to facilitate the resolution of any of the
32	following:
33	(i) the relevant ADI;
34	(ii) an authorised NOHC of the relevant ADI;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 29

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

	(iii) a relevant group of bodies corporate of which the
	relevant ADI is a member;
	(iv) a particular member or particular members of such a group.
(1F) The c	condition in this subsection is satisfied if:
(a)	there is an external administrator of the target body
	corporate, or APRA considers that, in the absence of external
	support:
	(i) the target body corporate may become unable to meet its obligations; or
	(ii) the target body corporate may suspend payment; and
(b)	APRA considers that it is necessary to take an action
	mentioned in subsection (1C) in respect of the target body
	corporate in order to enable the relevant ADI to maintain its
	operations, or in order to facilitate the resolution of any of the
	following:
	(i) the relevant ADI;
	(ii) an authorised NOHC of the relevant ADI;
	(iii) a relevant group of bodies corporate of which the relevant ADI is a member;
	(iv) a particular member or particular members of such a group.
EQ Subsection	
50 Subsection	
Repeal the	e subsection, substitute:
(2) If:	
(a)	APRA is in control of a body corporate's business under this
	Subdivision—APRA is the <i>Banking Act statutory manager</i>
	of the body corporate; or
(b)	an administrator appointed by APRA is in control of a body
	corporate's business under this Subdivision-the
	administrator is the <i>Banking Act statutory manager</i> of the
	body corporate.
Note:	This section and other provisions relating to statutory management do not apply to the aspects described in subsection 11E(1A) of the business and management of a foreign ADI.

30

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

1 51 After subsection 13A(2)

2		Insert:
3		(2A) If APRA appoints two or more Banking Act statutory managers of
4		a body corporate, or appoints one or more additional Banking Act
5		statutory managers of a body corporate:
6		(a) the functions and powers under this Act of a Banking Act
7		statutory manager of the body corporate may be performed or
8		exercised by:
9		(i) all of the Banking Act statutory managers of the body
10		corporate acting jointly; or
11		(ii) each of the Banking Act statutory managers of the body
12		corporate acting individually (except to the extent (if
13		any) specified in a notice given by APRA under
14		paragraph (b)); and
15		(b) at the time of appointment, APRA may give all of the
16		Banking Act statutory managers of the body corporate a
17		notice in writing for the purposes of subparagraph (a)(ii),
18		specifying limits or conditions on their ability to perform functions and exercise powers individually; and
19		
20		(c) treat a reference in this Act to a Banking Act statutory manager as being a reference to whichever one or more of
21 22		those Banking Act statutory managers the case requires.
22		those bunking feet statutory managers the case requires.
23	52	Paragraph 13A(3)(a)
24		Omit "section 16AI", substitute "section 16AI or 16AIC".
25	52	Subsection 13A(3) (Note)
25	55	
26		Repeal the note.
27	54	After subsection 13A(3)
28		Insert:
29		(3AA) Subsection (3) does not constrain:
30		(a) the exercise of powers or the performance of functions under
31		this Act of a Banking Act statutory manager of an ADI; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2 3	(b) an entity acting at the direction or request of a Banking Act statutory manager of an ADI exercising powers or performing functions under this Act.
4	55 Subsection 13C(1)(b)
5	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
6	Conditions necessary for termination of control
7 8 9 10 11	(1) If APRA assumes control of a body corporate's business or appoints an administrator of a body corporate's business, APRA must ensure that either it or an administrator of the body corporate's business has control of the body corporate's business until:
12 13 14	 (a) APRA considers that it is no longer necessary for it or an administrator to remain in control of the body corporate's business; or
15	(b) APRA has applied for the body corporate to be wound up.
16 17	A termination of control that is permitted under this section is called an <i>ultimate termination of control</i> .
18 19 20	Note: This provision does not prevent a change, or changes, between control of a body corporate's business by APRA and an administrator or between administrators.
21	56 Section 13D
22	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
23	13D Who this Subdivision applies to
24	(1) This Subdivision applies to an ADI that:
25	(a) is a company that:
26	(i) is registered under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; and
27	(ii) has a share capital; and
28	(b) does not have a Banking Act statutory manager.
29	(2) Subsections (3) and (4) apply if:

32

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

1 2	 (a) APRA has given a recapitalisation direction to an ADI under subsection 13E(1) (the <i>primary recapitalisation direction</i>);
3	and
4	(b) the ADI is a subsidiary of a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary; and
5	(c) the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary is a company that:
6	(i) is registered under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; and
7	(ii) has a share capital; and
8	(d) the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary does not have a Banking Act
9	statutory manager.
10 11	(3) This Subdivision applies to the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary in the same way that it does to an ADI.
12	(4) However, disregard the following provisions in applying this
12	Subdivision to the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary:
14	(a) subsection 13E(1);
15	(b) subsection $13F(1)$.
16	(5) In this section:
17	NOHC/NOHC subsidiary means a body corporate that is any of
18	the following:
19	(a) an authorised NOHC;
20	(b) a subsidiary of an authorised NOHC.
21	57 After subsection 13E(1)
22	Insert:
23	(1A) Subsection (1B) applies if subsections 13D(3) and (4) apply to a
24	NOHC/NOHC subsidiary because of a primary recapitalisation
25	direction given to an ADI (as mentioned in subsection 13D(2)).
26	(1B) For the purposes of facilitating compliance with the primary
27	recapitalisation direction, APRA may give the NOHC/NOHC
28	subsidiary a direction (also a <i>recapitalisation direction</i>) that
29	requires the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary to do anything that is
30	specified in the direction.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 33

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

58	At the end of section 13E Add:
	(5) A recapitalisation direction may deal with the time by which, or period during which, it is to be complied with.
	(6) APRA may, by notice in writing to the ADI, vary the recapitalisation direction if, at the time of the variation, it conside that the variation is necessary and appropriate.
	(7) The direction has effect until APRA revokes it by notice in writin to the ADI. APRA may revoke the direction if, at the time of revocation, it considers that the direction is no longer necessary of appropriate.
59	After subsection 13F(1)
	Insert:
	(1A) If the recapitalisation direction is a direction to a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary under subsection 13E(1B), the direction may direct the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary to do any of the following:
	(a) issue:
	(i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the NOHC/NOH subsidiary; or
	(ii) other capital instruments in the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary of a kind specified in the direction;
	(b) acquire:
	 (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the ADI mention in subsection 13E(1A); or
	(ii) other capital instruments in the ADI mentioned in subsection 13E(1A) of a kind specified in the direction
	(c) acquire:
	(i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B); or
	(ii) other capital instruments in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the direction.

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

EXPOSURE DRAFT Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

	(a) the body corporate is a subsidiary of the NOHC/NOHC
	subsidiary; and
	(b) the ADI is a subsidiary of the body corporate.
	(1C) Without limiting the generality of subsections (1), (1A) and (2), but
	subject to subsection (3), a direction referred to in those
	subsections may: (a) deal with some only of the matters referred to in these
	 (a) deal with some only of the matters referred to in those subsections; or
	(b) deal with a particular class or particular classes of those matters; or
	(c) make different provision with respect to different matters or different classes of matters.
60	Subsection 13F(2)
	Omit "paragraph (1)(a)", substitute "paragraph (1)(a) or
	subparagraph (1A)(a)(i), (1A)(b)(i) or (1A)(c)(i)".
61	Subsection 13F(3)
	Omit "paragraph (1)(b)", substitute "paragraph (1)(b) or
	subparagraph (1A)(a)(ii), (1A)(b)(ii) or (1A)(c)(ii)".
62	Subsection 13G(3) (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:
	Issue or acquisition of shares etc. despite other laws etc.
63	Subsection 13G(3)
	After "issue", insert "or acquire".
64	Paragraph 13G(3)(a)
	After "the Corporations Act 2001", insert "(without limiting the scope
	of section 70B of this Act)".
65	Paragraph 13G(3)(d)
	Omit "(as defined in section 761A of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>) of a financial market (as defined in that section)", substitute "of a financial market".
No.	, 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 3

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	66	After subsection 13H(1)
2		Insert:
3 4 5 6 7		(1A) If the recapitalisation direction is a direction to a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary under subsection 13E(1B), treat the reference in paragraph (1)(a) to "the depositors with the ADI" as being a reference to "the depositors with the ADI mentioned in subsection 13E(1A)".
8	67	At the end of section 13H
9		Add:
10 11 12 13		(4) If the recapitalisation direction is a direction to a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary under subsection 13E(1B), treat the references in paragraph (3)(c) to "the ADI" as being a reference to "the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary mentioned in subsection 13E(1B)".
14	68	Section 13N
15		Repeal the section, substitute:
16	13N	N Recapitalisation direction not grounds for denial of obligations
17 18 19 20 21		 (1) This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is: (a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or (b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
22		(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the
23		contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
24		(a) deny any obligation under the contract;
25		(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
26		(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
27		(d) enforce any security under the contract.
28		This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
29		(3) The matters are as follows:

36

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

EXPOSURE DRAFT Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

1 2		 (a) the body corporate being subject to a recapitalisation direction;
3 4		(b) a related body corporate of the body corporate being subject to a recapitalisation direction.
5		(4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of the following:
6 7 8		(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
9 10		(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
11 12		(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
13 14		(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate.
15	69	Subsection 13P(9)
16		Repeal the subsection.
17	70	Subsection 14A(5B)
18		Omit "subsection (5A)", substitute "subsection (5) or (5A)".
19	71	Paragraph 14A(5B)(a)
20		After "the Corporations Act 2001", insert "(without limiting the scope
21		of section 70B of this Act)".
22	72	Paragraph 14A(5B)(d)
23		Omit "(as defined in section 761A of the Corporations Act 2001) of a
24 25		financial market (as defined in that section)", substitute "of a financial market".
26	73	After section 14A
27		Insert:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 37

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

l 2	14AAA Safeguards on exercise of Banking Act statutory manager's powers and functions
3	(1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Banking Act statutory
4	manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under</i>
i	<i>management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power
5	under section 14A if:
,	(a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and
;	(b) the performance of the function or the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of:
) I	(i) an act of the Banking Act statutory manager under subsection 14AA(1); or
2 3	(ii) Part 3 or 4 of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.
1	(2) This subsection applies if:
5	(a) the body corporate under management is not an ADI; and
5	(b) the performance or the exercise would result in:
7	(i) the provision of services by the body corporate under
3	management to a related body corporate of the body
Ð	corporate under management; or
)	(ii) the provision of services by a related body corporate of
1	the body corporate under management to the body
2	corporate under management; or
3	(iii) subject to subsection (4), the transfer of assets between
1	the body corporate under management and another body corporate (otherwise than in the ordinary course of
5	business); and
7	(c) the performance or the exercise is not required or permitted
3	by a binding arrangement that was in existence immediately
)	before the Banking Act statutory manager started to be in
)	control of the business of the body corporate under
1	management; and
2	(d) the provision or transfer is not for fair value.
3	(3) This subsection applies if:
4 5	 (a) the body corporate under management is an authorised NOHC of an ADI; and

38

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

- (b) the performance or the exercise requires using funds of the body corporate or a subsidiary of the body corporate to increase the level of capital of the ADI to a specified level; and
 - (c) the shareholders of the body corporate have not agreed, by ordinary resolution, to that use of the funds.
- (4) Treat the requirement in subparagraph (2)(b)(iii) as not being met if:
 - (a) the body corporate under management is an authorised NOHC of an ADI; and
 - (b) the transfer of assets mentioned in that subparagraph is a transfer of funds to increase the level of capital of the ADI to a specified level; and
 - (c) the shareholders of the body corporate have agreed, by ordinary resolution, to that use of the funds.

¹⁶ 74 Paragraph 14AA(4)(a)

1

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

26

27

28

29

30

After "the *Corporations Act 2001*", insert "(without limiting the scope of section 70B of this Act)".

19 **75 Paragraph 14AA(4)(d)**

20Omit "(as defined in section 761A of the Corporations Act 2001) of a21financial market (as defined in that section)", substitute "of a financial22market".

23 **76 Section 14AB**

24 Omit "the ADI statutory manager" (wherever occurring), substitute "the 25 Banking Act statutory manager".

77 Subparagraphs 14AB(2)(c)(iii) and (iv)

- Repeal the subparagraphs, substitute:
 - (iii) the body corporate;
- (iv) a person who is an associate of the body corporate under Division 2 of Part 1.2 of the *Corporations Act 2001*;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 39

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	78 Subsection 14AB(8)
2	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
3	Exemption from subsection (1)
4	(8) APRA may determine in writing that subsection (1) does not apply
5	in relation to an act relating to shares or rights if APRA is satisfied
6 7	that delaying the act to enable compliance with that subsection in relation to the act would detrimentally affect:
8	(a) depositors with:
9	(i) if the company is an ADI—the ADI; or
10	(ii) if the company is not an ADI—the relevant ADI
11	mentioned in subsection 13A(1B); and
12	(b) financial system stability in Australia.
13	79 Section 14AC
14	Repeal the section, substitute:
15	14AC Act under section 14AA not ground for denial of obligations
16	(1) This section applies if a body corporate (the <i>contracting body</i>
17	<i>corporate</i>) is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the
18	contract is:
19	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
20 21	(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
21	Toreign country).
22	(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the
23	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
24	(a) deny any obligation under the contract;
25	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
26	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
27	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
28	This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
29	(3) The matters are as follows:

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

⁴⁰

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

1		
	(a)	a Banking Act statutory manager of the contracting body
2 3		corporate doing an act under subsection 14AA(1) relating to the contracting body corporate;
4	(h)	a Banking Act statutory manager of a body corporate that is a
5		related body corporate of the contracting body corporate
6		doing an act under subsection 14AA(1) relating to the
7		contracting body corporate.
8	(4) Subse	ection (2) does not prevent the contracting body corporate
9	doing	any of the following:
10 11	(a)	denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the contracting body corporate;
12	(h)	accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body
12		corporate of the contracting body corporate;
14	(c)	closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related
15		body corporate of the contracting body corporate;
16	(d)	enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related
17		body corporate of the contracting body corporate.
18	80 Subsection	n 14B(1)
19	Repeal the	subsection, substitute:
20	Types	s of recommendation
		s of recommendation
20 21 22	(1) An ac	s of recommendation Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of
21	(1) An ac the fo	s of recommendation
21 22	(1) An ac the fo given	<i>s of recommendation</i> Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of illowing recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing to APRA:
21 22 23	(1) An ac the fo given	<i>s of recommendation</i> Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of Illowing recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing
21 22 23 24	(1) An ac the fo given	<i>a of recommendation</i> Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of Illowing recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing to APRA: that APRA make a particular direction under Division 1BA,
21 22 23 24 25	(1) An ac the fo given (a)	<i>a of recommendation</i> Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of Illowing recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing to APRA: that APRA make a particular direction under Division 1BA, subsection 14D(3) or section 29 in respect of the body
21 22 23 24 25 26	 (1) An active for given (a) 	<i>a of recommendation</i> Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of Ilowing recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing to APRA: that APRA make a particular direction under Division 1BA, subsection 14D(3) or section 29 in respect of the body corporate; that APRA apply for the body corporate to be wound up;
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 (1) An active for given (a) 	<i>a of recommendation</i> Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of Illowing recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing to APRA: that APRA make a particular direction under Division 1BA, subsection 14D(3) or section 29 in respect of the body corporate;
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (1) An active for given (a) (b) (c) 	<i>a of recommendation</i> Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of Illowing recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing to APRA: that APRA make a particular direction under Division 1BA, subsection 14D(3) or section 29 in respect of the body corporate; that APRA apply for the body corporate to be wound up; if the body corporate is an ADI—that APRA revoke the
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 (1) An active for given (a) (b) (c) 	a of recommendation Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of Ilowing recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing to APRA: that APRA make a particular direction under Division 1BA, subsection 14D(3) or section 29 in respect of the body corporate; that APRA apply for the body corporate to be wound up; if the body corporate is an ADI—that APRA revoke the ADI's section 9 authority;
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 (1) An active for given (a) (b) (c) 	a of recommendation Iministrator of a body corporate's business may make any of Ilowing recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing to APRA: that APRA make a particular direction under Division 1BA, subsection 14D(3) or section 29 in respect of the body corporate; that APRA apply for the body corporate to be wound up; if the body corporate is an ADI—that APRA revoke the ADI's section 9 authority; if the body corporate is an authorised NOHC—that APRA

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 41

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

81	Subsection 14C(1), (2), (3) and (4)
	Repeal the subsections, substitute:
	Immunity
	(1) A Banking Act statutory manager, or a person acting on behalf of a
	Banking Act statutory manager, is not subject to any liability
	(whether civil or criminal) in respect of anything done, or omitted
	to be done, in the exercise or performance, or the purported exercise or performance, of powers, functions or duties conferred
	or imposed on the Banking Act statutory manager by or under this
	Act.
	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to an act or omission in bad faith.
	(3) To avoid doubt, a Banking Act statutory manager is not liable
	under section 588G of the Corporations Act 2001 in respect of
	anything done, or omitted to be done, in the exercise or
	performance, or the purported exercise or performance, of powers, functions or duties conferred or imposed on the Banking Act
	statutory manager by or under this Act. This subsection does not
	limit the scope of subsection (1).
	(4) Subsection (1) does not limit, and is not limited by any of the
	following provisions:
	(a) section 52A, 52B, 70A or 70AA;
	(b) section 58 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority <i>Act 1998</i> .
82	After section 14C
	Insert:
140	CA Transaction by Banking Act statutory manager not voidable under 588FE of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>
	A transaction of a body corporate is not voidable under section 588FE of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> merely because:
	 (a) the transaction was entered into at a time when a Banking Act statutory manager was in control of the body corporate's business; and
42	Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

1	(b) the transaction is:
2	(i) an uncommercial transaction (within the meaning of
3	that Act) of the body corporate; or
4	(ii) an unfair preference (within the meaning of that Act)
5	given by the body corporate to a creditor of the
6	company; or
7 8	(iii) an insolvent transaction (within the meaning of that Act) of the body corporate.
9	83 Subsections 14E(1) and (2)
10	Repeal the subsections, substitute:
11	(1) APRA may terminate the appointment of an administrator of a
12	body corporate's business and either appoint another person as
13	administrator of the body corporate's business or itself take control
14	of the body corporate's business if:
15	(a) the administrator contravenes a requirement of this Division;
16	Or (b) ADDA considers such action passagery to:
17	(b) APRA considers such action necessary to:
18 19	(i) facilitate the resolution of the body corporate, a relevant group of bodies corporate of which the body corporate
20	is a member, or another member of such a group; or
21	(ii) if the body corporate is an ADI —protect the interests of
22	depositors of the ADI; or
23	(iii) promote financial system stability in Australia.
24	(2) The terms and conditions of an administrator's appointment may
25	provide for termination in circumstances in addition to those
26	mentioned in subsection (1).
27	(2A) If:
28	(a) APRA is the statutory manager of a body corporate; and
29	(b) the requirement in paragraph (1)(b) is satisfied;
30	it may cease to be the statutory manager of the body corporate and
31	appoint a person as administrator of the body corporate's business.
32	84 Section 14F
33	Repeal the section.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 43

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	85 After subsection 15(3)
2	Insert:
3 4	(3A) Subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not apply in relation to a body corporate that is a foreign ADI.
5 6 7 8 9	 (3B) Subsection (3C) applies if: (a) subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not apply in relation to a body corporate because of subsection (3A); and (b) a Banking Act statutory manager takes control of the body corporate's business; and
10 11 12 13	(c) a director of the body corporate acts, or purports to act in relation to the body corporate's business while the Banking Act statutory manager has control of the body corporate's business.
14 15	(3C) Those acts are invalid and of no effect to the extent that they relate to:
16 17	(a) the Australian business assets and liabilities of the body corporate; or
18 19 20	(b) the management of the body corporate, to the extent that the management relates to the Australian business assets and liabilities of the body corporate.
21	86 Section 15B
22	Repeal the section, substitute:
23 24	15B Moratorium—effect of Banking Act statutory management on court and tribunal proceedings
25 26 27 28	 A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business.
29 30 31 32	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if:(a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; and

44

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

1 2 3	(b) the beginning or continuing of the proceedings is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the court or tribunal imposes.
4	(3) A person intending to apply for leave of the court under
5	paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the
6	intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the court or tribunal
7	considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary).
8	(4) APRA may apply to the court to be joined as a party to the
9	proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the court or
10	tribunal must have regard to APRA's views in deciding:
11	(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and
12	(b) if the court or tribunal decides to grant the leave—whether to
13	impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
14	(c) if the court or tribunal decides to impose such terms— the
15	nature of those terms.
16	(5) Subsection (1) also does not apply if:
17	(a) APRA consents in writing to the proceedings beginning or
18	continuing; or
19	(b) the Banking Act statutory manager, after considering
20	APRA's views, consents to the proceedings beginning or
21	continuing.
22	(6) APRA (or the Banking Act statutory manager) cannot revoke a
23	consent given for the purposes of subsection (5).
24	(6A) Neither APRA nor the Banking Act statutory manager is liable to
25	an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal
26	to give consent under subsection (5).
27	(7) A proceeding in a court or tribunal is covered by this subsection in
28	respect of a body corporate if it is any of the following:
29	(a) a proceeding against the body corporate (including a
30	cross-claim or third party claim against the body corporate);
31	(b) a proceeding in relation to property of the body corporate;
32	(c) a proceeding to enforce any security (including a mortgage or
33	charge) over any property that the body corporate owns, uses,

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 45

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1 possesses, occupies or in which the body corporate otherwise 2 has an interest. 3 (8) Subsection (7) does not cover a proceeding in respect of an offence 4 or a contravention of a provision of a law for which a pecuniary 5 penalty (however described) may be imposed. 6 (9) In this section, a reference to a tribunal includes a reference to the 7 following: 8 (a) an industrial tribunal; 9 (b) an arbitral tribunal. 10 15BA Moratorium—effect of Banking Act statutory management on 11 enforcement process in relation to property of a body corporate 12 (1) No enforcement process in relation to property of a body corporate 13 can be begun or proceeded with if a Banking Act statutory 14 manager is in control of the body corporate's business. 15 (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if: 16 (a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process is in accordance 17 continued on the ground that the person would be caused 18 hardship if leave were not granted; or 19 (b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance 18 with such terms (if any) as the Federal C		
4 or a contravention of a provision of a law for which a pecuniary penalty (however described) may be imposed. 6 (9) In this section, a reference to a tribunal includes a reference to the following: 8 (a) an industrial tribunal; 9 (b) an arbitral tribunal. 10 15BA Moratorium—effect of Banking Act statutory management on enforcement process regarding property 12 (1) No enforcement process in relation to property of a body corporate can be begun or proceeded with if a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. 15 (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if: 16 (a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; or 19 (b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes. 21 (3) A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the Federal Court considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary). 25 (3A) APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding: 28 (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(b); and 29 (b) if the Federal Co		
7 following: 8 (a) an industrial tribunal; 9 (b) an arbitral tribunal. 10 15BA Moratorium—effect of Banking Act statutory management on enforcement process regarding property 12 (1) No enforcement process in relation to property of a body corporate can be begun or proceeded with if a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. 15 (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if: 16 (a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; or 19 (b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes. 21 (3) A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the Federal Court considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary). 25 (3A) APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding: 28 (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and 29 (b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and 31 (c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the <td>4</td> <td>or a contravention of a provision of a law for which a pecuniary</td>	4	or a contravention of a provision of a law for which a pecuniary
11enforcement process regarding property12(1) No enforcement process in relation to property of a body corporate13can be begun or proceeded with if a Banking Act statutory14manager is in control of the body corporate's business.15(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if:16(a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or17continued on the ground that the person would be caused18hardship if leave were not granted; or19(b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance20with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes.21(3) A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under22paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the23intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the Federal Court24considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary).25(3A) APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the26proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal27Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding:28(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and29(b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to30if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the	7 8	following: (a) an industrial tribunal;
 can be begun or proceeded with if a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; or (b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes. (3) A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the Federal Court considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary). (3A) APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding: (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and (b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and (c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the 		e · e
 (a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; or (b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes. (3) A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the Federal Court considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary). (3A) APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding: (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and (b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and (c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the 	13	can be begun or proceeded with if a Banking Act statutory
 paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the Federal Court considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary). (3A) APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding: (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and (b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and (c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the 	16 17 18 19	(a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; or(b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance
 proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding: (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and (b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and (c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the 	22 23	paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the Federal Court
	26 27 28 29 30	 proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding: (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and (b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and

46

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

	 (4) Subsection (1) also does not apply if: (a) APRA consents to the process beginning or continuing; or (b) the Banking Act statutory manager consents to the process beginning or continuing.
	(5) APRA (or the Banking Act statutory manager) cannot revoke a consent given for the purposes of subsection (4).
	(6) Neither APRA nor the Banking Act statutory manager is liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent under subsection (4).
	(7) This section has effect subject to section 31B.
15BB N	Aoratorium—effect of Banking Act statutory management on disposal of property
	(1) A person must not dispose of property if:
	(a) the property is owned by another person; and
	(b) the other person is a body corporate; and
	(c) a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business.
	Note: The Federal Court may grant an injunction under section 65A in respect of a contravention of this subsection.
	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if:
	(a) APRA consents to the disposal; or
	(b) the Banking Act statutory manager consents to the disposal.
	(3) Neither APRA nor the Banking Act statutory manager is liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent under subsection (2).
	(4) This section has effect subject to section 31B.
15BC N	Moratorium—restrictions on exercise of third party property rights
	(1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of a body

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

47

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

	corporate's business in the same way it applies during the administration of a company.
	administration of a company.
(2) For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in
	paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001 to the
	administrator's written consent as being a reference to:
	(a) the Banking Act statutory manager's written consent; or
	(b) APRA's written consent.
(24	A) Neither APRA nor a Banking Act statutory manager is liable to a
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to
	give consent as mentioned in subsection (2).
(3) This section applies despite sections 15B, 15BA and 15BB.
(4) This section has effect subject to section 31B.
15DD N	Ionatonium offect of Danking Act statutony management
15DD IV.	Ioratorium—effect of Banking Act statutory management of supply of essential services
	supply of essential services
(1) If:
	(aa) a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of a body
	(aa) a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business; and
	corporate's business; and(a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises
	corporate's business; and(a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i>)
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which the Banking Act statutory manager took control of the body
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which the Banking Act statutory manager took control of the body corporate's business; the supplier must not:
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which the Banking Act statutory manager took control of the body corporate's business;
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which the Banking Act statutory manager took control of the body corporate's business; the supplier must not: (c) refuse to comply with the request for the reason only that the amount is owing; or
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which the Banking Act statutory manager took control of the body corporate's business; the supplier must not: (c) refuse to comply with the request for the reason only that the supplier is the supplier in the supplier is the supplier must not:
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which the Banking Act statutory manager took control of the body corporate's business; the supplier must not: (c) refuse to comply with the request for the reason only that the amount is owing; or (d) make it a condition of the supply of the essential service
	 corporate's business; and (a) the Banking Act statutory manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i> to supply an essential service to the body corporate in Australia; and (b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which the Banking Act statutory manager took control of the body corporate's business; the supplier must not: (c) refuse to comply with the request for the reason only that the amount is owing; or (d) make it a condition of the supply of the essential service pursuant to the request that the amount is to be paid.

48

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	<i>essential service</i> has the same meaning as in section 600F of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
3 4	15BF Moratorium—effect of Banking Act statutory management on annual general meeting
5 6 7	(1) This section applies to a body corporate that is required under section 250N or section 601BR of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to hold an annual general meeting within a particular period.
8 9 10 11	(2) Despite section 250N and section 601BR of that Act, if a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business at the end of that period, the body corporate need not hold that annual general meeting.
12	87 Section 15C
13	Repeal the section, substitute:
14	15C Certain circumstances not grounds for denial of obligations
15 16	 This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is:
17	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
18 19	(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
20 21	(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allow the contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
22	(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
23	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
24	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
25	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
26	This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4) of this section
27	and section 31B.
28	(3) The matters are as follows:
29	(a) a Banking Act statutory manager being in control, or being
30 31	appointed to take control, of the business of the body corporate;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 49

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

	(b) a Banking Act statutory manager being in control, or being
	appointed to take control, of the business of a related body
	corporate of the body corporate.
	(4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of
	the following:
	 (a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
	(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body
	corporate of the body corporate;
	(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
	(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate.
88	Section 15D
	Repeal the section, substitute:
	Repear the section, substitute.
15	D Application of other provisions
101	representation of other provisions
101	(1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect:
10	(1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect:(a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act</i>
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector</i> (<i>Collection of Data</i>) Act 2001 in relation to a body corporate; or
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act.
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act. (2) The matters are as follows:
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act. (2) The matters are as follows: (a) the appointment of a Banking Act statutory manager of the
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act. (2) The matters are as follows: (a) the appointment of a Banking Act statutory manager of the body corporate's business under this Division;
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act. (2) The matters are as follows: (a) the appointment of a Banking Act statutory manager of the
10.	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act. (2) The matters are as follows: (a) the appointment of a Banking Act statutory manager of the body corporate's business under this Division; (b) the fact that a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business.
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act. (2) The matters are as follows: (a) the appointment of a Banking Act statutory manager of the body corporate's business under this Division; (b) the fact that a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act. (2) The matters are as follows: (a) the appointment of a Banking Act statutory manager of the body corporate's business under this Division; (b) the fact that a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. (3) The <i>Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013</i> does not apply to a body corporate that has a Banking Act statutory manager.
	 (1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect: (a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the operation of the <i>Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001</i> in relation to a body corporate; or (b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act. (2) The matters are as follows: (a) the appointment of a Banking Act statutory manager of the body corporate's business under this Division; (b) the fact that a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. (3) The <i>Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013</i> does not apply to a body corporate that has a Banking Act statutory

50 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Subdivision C—APRA's powers to apply for ADI to be wound up

164	AAA APRA's powers to apply for ADI to be wound up	
	Power to apply for ADI to be wound up	
	(1) APRA may apply to the Federal Court of Australia for an order	
	that an ADI be wound up if APRA considers that the ADI is	
	insolvent and could not be restored to solvency within a reasonable period.	
	Note: This section does not apply in relation to a foreign ADI (see subsection 11E(1)).	
	(2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) applies even if an ADI statutory manager is in control of the ADI's business.	
	(2A) The application is to be made under section 459P of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .	
	(3) The winding up of the ADI is to be conducted in accordance with	
	the Corporations Act 2001.	
	(4) If APRA makes an application under subsection (1), APRA must inform the Minister of the application as soon as possible.	
	Note: Once informed, the Minister may choose to apply Subdivision C of Division 2AA in relation to the ADI so some depositors can receive payments earlier than they would in the winding up of the ADI.	
90	Paragraph 16AB(a)	
	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:	
	(a) allows the Minister to make a declaration about an ADI if:	
	(i) APRA has applied under section 16AAA for the ADI to be wound up; or	
	(ii) a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the ADI's business; and	
91	At the end of section 16AB	
	Add:	

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 51

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

	; and (d) allows APRA to facilitate a transfer of business from the declared ADI to a receiving body under the <i>Financial Sector</i> (<i>Transfer and Restructure</i>) Act 1999 by entitling the receiving body to amounts in respect of the protected accounts.
92	Subsection 16AD(1)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	 The Minister may declare that Subdivision C applies in relation to a specified ADI if any of the following requirements are satisfied: (a) APRA has applied under section 16AAA for the ADI to be wound up; or
	(b) a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the ADI's business.
	Note: The Minister cannot make a declaration under this subsection in relation to a foreign ADI (see section 11E).
93	Subsection 16AD(2)
	Omit "14F", substitute "16AAA".
94	Subsection 16AHA(3)
	Repeal the subsection.
95	At the end of Subdivision C of Division 2AA of Part II Add:
16 A	AIA APRA may make transferred liabilities determination where transfer of business
	(1) APRA may make a determination (a <i>transferred liabilities determination</i>) if:
	 (a) an ADI is a declared ADI as a result of the Minister having made a declaration under section 16AD; and
	(b) APRA has made, or proposes to make, a determination under section 25 (compulsory transfer determination) of the <i>Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999</i> that there is to be a total transfer or partial transfer of business

52

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

1		from the declared ADI to a receiving body (within the
2		meaning of that Act); and
3	(ba)	the transfer of business will transfer:
4		(i) the liabilities of the declared ADI in respect of every
5		protected account kept by an account-holder with the
6		ADI; or
7		(ii) the liabilities of the declared ADI in respect of every
8		protected account kept by an account-holder with the
9		ADI, to the extent of the amount to which each of those
10		account-holders is entitled under this Subdivision in
11		relation to those protected accounts; and
12	(c)	APRA is satisfied that it will be able to identify each of those
13		protected accounts; and
14	(d)	APRA has worked out an amount (the <i>FCS amount</i>) that is
15		APRA's reasonable estimate of the total amount to which
16 17		account-holders of those protected accounts will be entitled (disregarding the determination) under section 16AF as a
17		result of the Minister's declaration mentioned in
19		paragraph (a); and
20	(e)	APRA has worked out a payment amount in accordance with
21		section 16AIB; and
22	(f)	APRA considers that it is reasonable in the circumstances to
23		make the determination.
24	(1A) How	ever, APRA cannot make the determination if APRA has
25		dy issued a certificate of transfer under section 33 of the
26		ncial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999 stating that
27	the tr	cansfer is to take effect.
28	(2) The c	determination must be in writing.
29	(3) The c	determination must specify the following:
30	(a)	the declared ADI;
31	(b)	the receiving body;
32	(c)	a description, in general or detailed terms, of all the protected
33		accounts kept with the declared ADI;
34	(d)	the FCS amount;
35	(e)	the payment amount;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 53

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

	(f) any other information that APRA considers appropriate.
	(4) A determination under subsection (1) may be varied, but not
	revoked, in accordance with subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts</i>
	Interpretation Act 1901.
	(5) A determination made under subsection (1) is not a legislative
	instrument.
16AIB	Payment amount under transferred liabilities determination
	(1) For the purposes of paragraph 16AIA(1)(e), APRA may work out
	an amount (the <i>payment amount</i>) that:
	(a) is equal to or less than the FCS amount; and
	(b) APRA considers to be appropriate.
	(2) In working out the payment amount, APRA must have regard to
	the following:
	(a) the total value of the assets that will be transferred to the
	receiving body in accordance with the transfer of business;
	(b) the total value of the liabilities that will be transferred from
	the declared ADI to the receiving body in accordance with the transfer of business;
	(c) any other matter that APRA considers appropriate.
16410	
IUAIC	Consequences of transferred liabilities determination once certificate of transfer issued
	Application of section
	(1) This section applies if:
	(a) APRA has made a transferred liabilities determination; and
	(b) APRA has issued a certificate of transfer under section 33 c
	the <i>Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999</i> stating that the transfer is to take effect.
	Receiving body entitled to payment amount
	(2) The receiving body is entitled to be paid by APRA an amount

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

	Reduction of rights and entitlements of account-holder
	(3) An account-holder's entitlement under this Subdivision to be paid an amount in respect of a protected account kept with the declared ADI is reduced to nil.
	Declared ADI liable to APRA for payment amount
	(4) The declared ADI is liable to pay to APRA an amount equal to the sum of the payment amount specified in the determination.
	(5) That liability is due and payable to APRA when the certificate of transfer comes into force.
96 \$	Subsection 16AJ(9)
	Repeal the subsection.
97	Paragraph 16AK(1)(c) Omit "(including a provisional liquidator)".
98	After paragraph 16AK(1)(c)
	Insert: ; or (d) any other person;
99 \$	Subsection 16AK(1) Omit "or liquidator", substitute ", liquidator or other person".
100	Paragraph 16AK(4)(ea) Omit "or report".
101	Subsection 16AL(5) Omit "(including a provisional liquidator)".
102	Subsection 16AL(7) Omit "(including a provisional liquidator)".
103	At the end of section 16AL Add:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 55

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1	Requirement made of other person—civil penalty
2 3	(8) A person mentioned in paragraph 16AK(1)(d) must comply with a requirement made of the person under subsection 16AK(1).
4	Civil penalty: 200 penalty units.
5 1 0	04 Subsection 29(9)
6	Repeal the subsection.
7 10	05 Subsection 31B(2)
8	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
9	Banking Act statutory manager in control
10	(2) The following provisions do not prevent the exercise of a
11	contractual right in relation to an asset that secures liabilities to
12	holders of covered bonds, or their representatives, if payments
13	under the covered bonds to the holders or representatives are not
14	made:
15	(a) section 15BA (moratorium—effect of Banking Act statutory
16	management on enforcement process regarding property);
17	(b) section 15BB (moratorium—effect of Banking Act statutory
18	management on disposal of property);
19	(c) section 15BC (moratorium—restrictions on exercise of third
20	party property rights);
21	(d) section 15C (Banking Act statutory manager being in control
22	not grounds for denial of obligations).
23 10	06 Subsection 31F(9)
24	Repeal the subsection.
25 1(07 Section 62B (heading)
26	Repeal the heading, substitute:
_ ~	r

56

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

162B Involving APRA in proposed appointment of external2administrators of ADIs and NOHCs

3	108	Subsection 62B(1)
4		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
5		(1) At least 2 weeks before a person other than APRA:
6		(a) makes an application to a court under Chapter 5 of the
7		Corporations Act 2001 for the appointment of an external
8 9		administrator of an ADI or of an authorised NOHC of an ADI; or
10		(b) makes another kind of application (whether or not to a court)
11 12		for the appointment of an external administrator of an ADI or of an authorised NOHC of an ADI; or
13		(c) appoints an external administrator of an ADI or of an
14		authorised NOHC of an ADI (otherwise than as the result of
15		an application made by another person);
16		the person must give APRA written notice that the person proposes
17		to make the application or appointment.
18 19		(1A) If there is an approved form for the notice, the person must give the notice in the approved form.
20		(1B) Subsection (1) does not apply if APRA gives the person written
21		notice, before the person makes the application or appointment,
22 23		that APRA consents to the person making the application or appointment.
23		appointment.
24	109	Subsection 62B(4)
25		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
26		Offence
27		(4) A person (other than APRA) commits an offence if:
28		(a) the person:
29		(i) makes an application to a court under Chapter 5 of the
30		Corporations Act 2001 for the appointment of an
31		external administrator of an ADI or of an authorised
32		NOHC of an ADI; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 57

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

	(ii) makes another kind of application (whether or not to a
	court) for the appointment of an external administrator of an ADI or of an authorised NOHC of an ADI; or
	(iii) appoints an external administrator of an ADI or of an authorised NOHC of an ADI (otherwise than as the
	result of an application made by another person); and
	(b) APRA did not give the person written notice, before the
	person made the application or appointment, of APRA's
	consent to the person making the application or appointment,
	in accordance with subsection (1B); and
	(c) at least 2 weeks before making the application or
	appointment:
	(i) if there is an approved form for the purposes of this
	paragraph—the person did not give APRA notice in the approved form indicating that the person proposed to
	make the application or appointment; or
	(ii) otherwise—the person did not give APRA written
	notice indicating that the person proposed to make the
	application or appointment.
	Penalty: 60 penalty units.
110	Subsection 62C(1)
	Omit "the winding-up of an ADI", substitute "the winding-up of an
	entity covered by subsection (4), or the proposed winding-up of an
	entity covered by subsection (4)".
111	At the end of section 62C
	Add:
	(4) This subsection covers the following entities:
	(a) an ADI;
	(b) an authorised NOHC;
	(c) a subsidiary of an ADI or authorised NOHC.
	After contine COO
112	After section 62C

58

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

62D Application by APRA for directions

1

2 3	(1) APRA may apply to the Federal Court for directions regarding any matter arising under:
4	(a) the winding-up of an entity covered by subsection $62C(4)$
5	(whether the winding-up occurs as a result of an application
6	made under the Corporations Act 2001 or by APRA under
7	section 11EA or 16AAA); or
8	(b) the proposed winding-up of an entity covered by
9	subsection $62C(4)$ (whether the winding-up will occur as a
10	result of an application made, or proposed to be made, under
11	the Corporations Act 2001 or by APRA under section 11EA
12	or 16AAA).
13 14	(2) APRA must give the liquidator written notice that APRA proposes to make the application.
15	(3) The notice must include details of the proposed application.
16	(4) The liquidator is entitled to be heard on the application.
17	62E APRA may request information from liquidator
18	(1) APRA may request a liquidator of an entity covered by
19	subsection $62C(4)$ in writing to give APRA, within a reasonable
20	time specified in the request, specified information in writing
21	about:
22	(a) the winding-up of the entity (whether the winding-up occurs
23	as a result of an application made under the <i>Corporations Act</i>
24	2001 or by APRA under section 11EA or 16AAA) and the
25	other affairs of the entity; or
26	(b) the proposed winding-up of the entity (whether the
	(b) the proposed winding-up of the entity (whether the winding-up will occur as a result of an application made, or
27	
26 27 28 29	winding-up will occur as a result of an application made, or proposed to be made, under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> or by APRA under section 11EA or 16AAA) and the other affairs
27 28	winding-up will occur as a result of an application made, or proposed to be made, under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> or by
27 28 29	winding-up will occur as a result of an application made, or proposed to be made, under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> or by APRA under section 11EA or 16AAA) and the other affairs
27 28 29 30	winding-up will occur as a result of an application made, or proposed to be made, under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> or by APRA under section 11EA or 16AAA) and the other affairs of the entity.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 59

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 1 Main amendments

1 113 After section 69B

2	69BA Institution of offence proceedings no bar to winding up
3	The institution of proceedings against a body corporate for an
4	offence against this Act or the <i>Financial Sector</i> (Collection of
5 6	<i>Data)</i> Act 2001 does not prevent the institution of proceedings for the winding-up of the body corporate on a ground that relates to the
7	matter that constitutes the offence.
8	114 Section 70A (heading)
9	Repeal the heading, substitute:
10	70A Protection from liability—general
11	115 After section 70A
12	Insert:
13	70AA Protection from liability—directions and secrecy
14	(1) An action, suit or proceeding (whether criminal or civil) does not
15	lie against a person in relation to anything done, or omitted to be
16	done, in good faith by the person if:
17 18	(a) the person does the thing, or omits to do the thing, for the purpose of any of the following:
19	(i) complying with a direction under this Act given by
20	APRA to a body corporate;
21	(ii) complying with section 11CI (secrecy); and
22	(b) it is reasonable for the person to do the thing, or to omit to do
23	the thing, in order to achieve that purpose; and
24	(c) the person is any of the following:
25	(i) an officer or senior manager of the body corporate, of a
26	subsidiary of the body corporate, of an authorised NOHC of the body corporate or of a subsidiary of an
27 28	authorised NOHC of the body corporate;
29	(ii) an employee or agent of the body corporate, of a
30	subsidiary of the body corporate, of an authorised

60

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Consequential amendments Part 2

	NOHC of the body corporate or of a subsidiary of an authorised NOHC of the body corporate.
	(2) In subsection (1):
	<i>employee</i> of a body corporate includes a person engaged to provide advice or services to the body corporate.
	<i>officer</i> has the meaning given by section 9 of the <i>Corporations Act</i> 2001.
70AB	Protection from liability—provisions do not limit each other
	The following provisions do not limit the operation of each other:
	(a) section 14C
	(b) section 52A;
	(c) section 52B;
	(d) section 70A;
	(e) section 70AA;
	(f) section 58 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998.
Part	2—Consequential amendments
Bank	ing Act 1959
116 S	Section 13BA (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:
13BA	Start of control of body corporate's business by Banking Act statutory manager
117 S	Subsection 13BA(1)
	Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
118 S	Subsection 13BA(1)
	Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".
No. , 2	2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 61 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 2 Consequential amendments

1	119	Subsection 13BA(1)
2		Omit "the ADI", substitute "the body corporate".
3	120	Subsection 13BA(1)
4 5		Omit "the ADI statutory manager", substitute "the Banking Act statutory manager".
6	121	Subsection 13BA(2)
7 8 9		Omit "An ADI statutory manager takes control of an ADI's business", substitute "A Banking Act statutory manager takes control of a body corporate's business".
10	122	Section 13BA(2)
11 12		Omit "the ADI statutory manager" (wherever occurring), substitute "the Banking Act statutory manager".
13	123	Section 13C (heading)
14		Repeal the heading, substitute:
15	13C	Banking Act statutory managers—termination of control
16	124	Subsection 13C(2)
17 18		Omit "an ADI statutory manager of an ADI's business", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager of a body corporate's business".
19	125	Paragraph 13C(2)(a)
20		Omit "of the ADI", substitute "of the body corporate".
21	126	Paragraph 13C(2)(a)
22		Omit "the ADI's" (wherever occurring), substitute "the body
23		corporate's".
24	127	Paragraph 13C(2)(a)
25		Omit "ADI statutory manager", substitute "Banking Act statutory
26		manager".

62 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

Consequential amendments Part 2

1 2	128	Paragraphs 13C(2)(b) and (c) Omit "the ADI", substitute "the body corporate".
3	129	Subsection 13C(3) Omit "an ADI's business by an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a
5 6 7	130	body corporate's business by a Banking Act statutory manager". Subsection 13C(4) Omit "the ADI statutory manager", substitute "the Banking Act statutory manager"
8 9 10 11	131	statutory manager". Subsection 13C(5) Omit "the ADI statutory manager's", substitute "the Banking Act statutory manager's".
12 13 14	132	Subsection 13C(5) Omit "the ADI's" (wherever occurring), substitute "the body corporate's".
15 16 17 18	133	Subsection 13C(5) (note) Omit "an ADI statutory manager is in control of an ADI's business", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business".
19 20	134	Subdivision B of Division 2 of Part II (heading) Repeal the heading, substitute:
21 22 23	Sub	division B—Provisions dealing with control of a body corporate's business by a Banking Act statutory manager
24 25	135	Section 14A (heading) Repeal the heading, substitute:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 63

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 2 Consequential amendments

1 14A Banking Act statutory manager's powers and functions

2 136 Subsection 14A(1) (heading)

Repeal the heading, substitute:

Banking Act statutory manager's powers and functions include powers and functions of board

6 **137** Subsection 14A(1)

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

12

13

15

17

Omit "An ADI statutory manager has the powers and functions of the members of the board of directors of the ADI", substitute "A Banking Act statutory manager of a body corporate has the powers and functions of the members of the board of directors of the body corporate".

11 **138 Subsection 14A(1) (note)**

Omit "An ADI statutory manager", substitute "A Banking Act statutory manager".

14 **139 Subsection 14A(1) (note)**

Omit "an ADI,", substitute "a body corporate,".

16 **140 Subsection 14A(1) (note)**

Omit "the ADI", substitute "the body corporate".

18 141 Subsection 14A(2) (heading)

19 Repeal the heading, substitute:

64

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Consequential amendments Part 2

	Banking Act statutory manager's power to obtain information
142	Subsection 14A(2)
	Omit "An ADI statutory manager may, for the purposes of this Division, require a person who has, at any time, been an officer of th
	ADI to give the ADI statutory manager any information relating to the business of the ADI that the ADI statutory manager requires.",
	substitute "A Banking Act statutory manager of a body corporate ma for the purposes of this Division, require a person who has, at any tin
	been an officer of the body corporate to give the statutory manager a information relating to the business of the body corporate that the
	statutory manager requires.".
143	Subsection 14A(2A)
	Omit "officer of an ADI", substitute "officer of a body corporate ".
144	Paragraph 14A(2A)(a)
	Omit "an ADI statutory manager in relation to the ADI", substitute ' Banking Act statutory manager of the body corporate".
145	Paragraph 14A(2A)(b)
	Omit "ADI statutory manager", substitute "Banking Act statutory manager".
146	Subsection 14A(5) (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:
	Banking Act statutory manager's power to sell whole or part of body corporate's business
147	Subsection 14A(5)
	Omit "An ADI statutory manager", substitute "A Banking Act statut manager".
148	Subsection 14A(5)
	Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's busines

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 65

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 2 Consequential amendments

1 149 Subsection 14A(5)

 Omit "the ADI statutory manager", substitute "the Banking Act statutory manager".

4 **150** Subsection 14A(5A) (heading)

- Repeal the heading, substitute:
- Banking Act statutory manager to alter body corporate's constitution etc.

151 Subsection 14A(5A)

9 Omit "An ADI statutory manager may, if the ADI concerned",
10 substitute "A Banking Act statutory manager may, if the body corporate
11 concerned".

12 **152 Subsection 14A(5A)**

Omit "the ADI's constitution", substitute "the body corporate's
 constitution".

15 **153 Paragraph 14A(5A)(a)**

Omit "the ADI statutory manager's functions and duties, or the exercise of the ADI statutory manager's other powers, under this Division in relation to the ADI", substitute "the Banking Act statutory manager's functions and duties, or the exercise of the Banking Act statutory manager's other powers, under this Division in relation to the body corporate".

154 Subparagraph 14A(5A)(b)(i)

Omit "the ADI", substitute "the relevant ADI mentioned in
subsection 13A(1B)".

25 **155 Subsection 14A(5B)**

Omit "An ADI statutory manager", substitute "A Banking Act statutory
 manager".

28 **156 Paragraph 14A(5B)(b)**

29

5

6

7

8

Omit "the ADI's", substitute "the body corporate's".

66 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

Consequential amendments Part 2

157	Paragraph 14A(5B)(c)
	Omit "the ADI", substitute "the body corporate".
158	Paragraph 14A(5B)(d)
	Omit "the ADI", substitute "the body corporate".
159	Section 14AA (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:
14A	A Banking Act statutory manager's additional powers to facilitate recapitalisation
160	Subsection 14AA(1)
	Omit "An ADI statutory manager of an ADI", substitute "A Banking
	Act statutory manager of a body corporate".
161	Subsection 14AA(1)
	Omit "the ADI statutory manager", substitute "the Banking Act
	statutory manager".
162	Subsection 14AA(1) (note)
	Omit "the ADI statutory manager", substitute "the Banking Act
	statutory manager".
163	Subsection 14AA(2)
	Omit "the ADI statutory manager", substitute "the Banking Act
	statutory manager".
164	Subsection 14AA(4)
	Omit "An ADI statutory manager", substitute "A Banking Act statutory
	manager".
165	Subsection 14AD(1)
	Omit "the business of an ADI that has an ADI statutory manager", substitute "the business of a body corporate that has a Banking Act statutory manager".

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 67

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 2 Consequential amendments

1	166	Paragraphs 14AD(1)(a) and (b)
2		Omit "the ADI statutory manager" (wherever occurring), substitute "the
3		Banking Act statutory manager".
4	167	Subsection 14B(2)
5		Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".
6	168	Section 14C (heading)
7		Repeal the heading, substitute:
8	14C	Banking Act statutory manager's liabilities and duties
9	169	Subsection 14C(5)
10		Omit "ADI statutory managers", substitute "Banking Act statutory
11		managers".
12	170	Subsection 14D(1)
13		Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".
14	171	Subsection 14D(1)
15		Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's business".
16	172	Subsection 14D(2)
17		Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".
18	173	Subsection 14D(2)
19		Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's business".
20	174	Subsection 14D(3)
21		Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".
22	175	Subsection 14D(3)
23		Omit "the ADI's business" (wherever occurring), substitute "the body
24		corporate's business".

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

68

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Consequential amendments Part 2

1	176 Subsection 14D(4)
2	Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".
3	177 Subsection 14DAA(1)
4	Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".
5	178 Subsection 14DA(1)
6	Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".
7	179 Subsection 14DA(7)
8	Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".
9	180 Section 15 (heading)
10	Repeal the heading, substitute:
11	15 Effect on directors of Banking Act statutory manager taking
12	control of a body corporate's business
13	181 Subsection 15(1)
14	Omit "an ADI cease", substitute "a body corporate cease".
15 16 17	182 Subsection 15(1) Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
18	183 Subsection 15(1)
19	Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's business".
20	184 Subsection 15(2)
21	Omit "an ADI must not", substitute "a body corporate must not".
22	185 Subsection 15(2)
23	Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory
24	manager".

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 69

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 2 Consequential amendments

186	Subsection 15(2) Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's business".
187	Subsection 15(3) Omit "the ADI appointed", substitute "the body corporate appointed".
188	Subsection 15(3) Omit "the ADI's business" (wherever occurring), substitute "the body corporate's business".
189	Subsection 15(3) Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
190	Section 15A (heading) Repeal the heading, substitute:
15A	Effect on external administrator of Banking Act statutory manager taking control of a body corporate's business
191	Subsection 15A(1) Omit "an ADI is", substitute "a body corporate is".
192	Subsection 15A(1) Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
193	Subsection 15A(1) Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's business".
194	Subsection 15A(1) (Note) Repeal the note.
195	Subsection 15A(2) Omit "an ADI must", substitute "a body corporate must".

70 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Consequential amendments Part 2

1 196 Subsection 15A(2)

2 3		Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
4	197	Subsection 15A(2)
5		Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's business".
6	198	Subsection 15A(3)
7		Omit "an ADI under", substitute "a body corporate under".
8	199	Subsection 15A(3)
9		Omit "the ADI appointed", substitute "the body corporate appointed".
10	200	Subsection 15A(3)
11		Omit "the ADI's business" (wherever occurring), substitute "the body
12		corporate's business".
13	201	Subsection 15A(3)
14 15		Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
16	202	Subsection 15A(4)
17		Omit "an ADI that", substitute "a body corporate that".
18	203	Subsection 15A(4)
19		Omit "an ADI statutory manager" (wherever occurring), substitute "a
20		Banking Act statutory manager".
21	204	Subsection 15A(4)
22		Omit "the ADI's business" (wherever occurring), substitute "the body
23		corporate's business".
24	205	Subsection 16(1)
25		Omit "an ADI's business" (wherever occurring), substitute "a body
26		corporate's business".

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 71

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959Part 2 Consequential amendments

206	Subsection 16(1) Omit "the ADI's funds", substitute "the body corporate's funds".	
207	Subsection 16(2) Omit "an ADI", substitute "a body corporate".	
208	Subsection 16(2) Omit "the ADI", substitute "the body corporate".	
209	At the end of subsection 16(2) Add: Note: Subsection 13A(3) applies if the body corporate is an ADI, and provides for priorities for the application of the ADI's assets in Australia.	
210	Subsection 16A(1) Omit "ADI statutory managers", substitute "Banking Act statutory managers".	
211	Subsection 16A(1) Omit "specified ADIs", substitute "specified bodies corporate".	
212	Subsection 16A(2) Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".	
213	Subsection 16A(2) Omit "an ADI's business", substitute "a body corporate's business".	
214	Subsection 16A(2) Omit "ADI statutory managers", substitute "Banking Act statutory managers".	
215	Subsection 16A(3) Omit "an ADI's business" (wherever occurring), substitute "a body corporate's business".	
72	Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017	

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1

Consequential amendments Part 2

1 2	216	Paragraph 16AA(a) Omit "an ADI under", substitute "a body corporate under".
3 4 5	217	Paragraph 16AA(a) Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
6 7	218	Paragraph 16AA(a) Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's business".
8 9 10	219	Paragraph 16AA(b) Omit "an ADI as a direct result", substitute "a body corporate as a direct result".
11 12 13	220	Subparagraph 16AA(b)(i) Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
14 15	221	Subparagraph 16AA(b)(i) Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's business".
16 17 18	222	Subparagraph 16AA(b)(ii) Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "a Banking Act statutory manager".
19 20	223	Subparagraph 16AA(b)(ii) Omit "the ADI's business", substitute "the body corporate's business".
21	224	Section 31C (heading)

22 Repeal the heading, substitute:

No.	, 2017	Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers
		and Other Measures) Bill 2017

73

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Part 2 Consequential amendments

31C Powers and obligations of Banking Act statutory manager or external administrator

3 **225 Section 31C**

4

5

7

8

10

11

Omit "an ADI statutory manager", substitute "Banking Act statutory manager".

6 226 Subsection 52A(2)

Omit "related body corporate" (wherever occurring), substitute "whistleblower related body corporate".

9 227 Subsection 52A(3)

Omit "*related body corporate*", substitute "*whistleblower related body corporate*".

12 **228 Paragraph 52E(1)(b)**

Omit "related body corporate" (wherever occurring), substitute
"whistleblower related body corporate".

15 **229 Paragraph 52E(1)(c)**

- Omit "related body corporate" (wherever occurring), substitute
 "whistleblower related body corporate within the meaning of
 subsection 52A(3)".
- 19 230 Section 65 (heading)
- 20 Repeal the heading, substitute:

65 ADIs etc. may be directed to comply with Act

22 **231 Subsection 65(1)**

Omit "Where an ADI or an authorised NOHC", substitute "Where an
ADI, an authorised NOHC or a subsidiary of an ADI or of an authorised
NOHC".

26 **232** Subsection 65(1)

Omit "the ADI or NOHC" (wherever occurring), substitute "the ADI,
NOHC or subsidiary".

⁷⁴ Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Banking Act 1959 Schedule 1 Application provisions Part 3

1 233 Subsection 65(2)

Omit "the ADI or NOHC" (wherever occurring), substitute "the ADI,
 NOHC or subsidiary".

4 **234** Subsection 65(3)

5

Omit "the ADI or NOHC", substitute "the ADI, NOHC or subsidiary".

6 **235** Subsection 65(3)

7 Omit "authorised NOHCs", substitute "authorised NOHCs and such
8 subsidiaries".

9 236 Subsection 65(4)

Omit "the ADI or NOHC" (wherever occurring), substitute "the ADI,
NOHC or subsidiary".

12 Part 3—Application provisions

13 [These provisions will be drafted following exposure.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 75

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

Schedule 2—Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973

	Part 1—Main amendments
]	Insurance Act 1973
	After paragraph 2A(e)
	Insert:
	(ea) providing for statutory management of general insurers and related entities, so as to protect the interests of policyholders and financial system stability in Australia; and
-	2 Subsection 3(1)
	Insert:
	administrator, of a body corporate's business, means an
	administrator appointed under subsection @13A-IA(1) to take
	control of the body corporate's business.
	Australian business assets and liabilities, of a foreign general
	insurer, has the meaning given by subsection $62ZVB(2)$.
	Australian financial sector statutory manager (or AFS statutory manager) means:
	(a) a Banking Act statutory manager (within the meaning of
	the Banking Act 1959); or
	(b) an Insurance Act statutory manager; or
	(c) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager (within the
	meaning of the Life Insurance Act 1995).
	direction under this Act means a direction under any of the
	following provisions:
	(a) section 17;
	(b) section 27;
	(c) section 49R;
	(d) section 74;

76

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1		(e) section 76;
2		(f) section 78;
3		(g) section 103B.
4		(h) section 104;
5 6	3	Subsection 3(1) (paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>external</i> administrator)
7		Omit "or provisional liquidator".
8 9	4	Subsection 3(1) (paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>external</i> administrator)
10 11		Omit "a judicial manager", substitute "a judicial manager or an Insurance Act statutory manager".
12	5	Subsection 3(1)
13		Insert:
14 15		<i>financial market</i> has the meaning given by section 761A of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
16 17		<i>holding company</i> , of a body corporate, means another body corporate of which the first body corporate is a subsidiary.
18 19		<i>Insurance Act statutory manager</i> has meaning given by subsection @13A-IA(2).
20		<i>liquidator</i> includes a provisional liquidator.
21 22		<i>listing rules</i> has the meaning given by section 761A of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
23	6	Subsection 3(1)
24		Insert:
25 26		<i>NOHC/NOHC subsidiary</i> has the meaning given by subsection 103A(5).
27	7	Subsection 3(1) (definition of <i>prudential matters</i>)
28		Repeal the definition, substitute:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 77

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

	prudential matters means matters relating to:
	(a) the conduct of any part of the affairs of, or the structuring or
	organising of, a general insurer, an authorised NOHC, a
	relevant group of bodies corporate, or a particular member or
	members of such a group, in such a way as:
	(i) to keep the general insurer, NOHC, group or member or members of the group in a sound financial position; or
	(ii) to facilitate resolution of the general insurer, NOHC, group or member or members of the group; or
	(iii) to protect the interests of policyholders of any general insurer; or
	(iv) not to cause or promote instability in the Australian financial system; or
	(b) the conduct of any part of the affairs of a general insurer, an
	authorised NOHC, a relevant group of bodies corporate, or a
	particular member or members of such a group, with
	integrity, prudence and professional skill.
8	Subsection 3(1) (definition of <i>recapitalisation direction</i>) Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)".
	Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)".
9	Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1)
9	Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert:
9	Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert: <i>related body corporate</i> , in relation to a body corporate, means:
9	Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert: <i>related body corporate</i> , in relation to a body corporate, means: (a) in Part 5—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with
9	 Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert: related body corporate, in relation to a body corporate, means: (a) in Part 5—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 50; and (b) otherwise—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with
9	Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert: <i>related body corporate</i> , in relation to a body corporate, means: (a) in Part 5—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 50; and (b) otherwise—a body corporate that is related to the
9	 Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert: related body corporate, in relation to a body corporate, means: (a) in Part 5—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 50; and (b) otherwise—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with
9	 Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert: related body corporate, in relation to a body corporate, means: (a) in Part 5—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 50; and (b) otherwise—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 4B.
9	 Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert: related body corporate, in relation to a body corporate, means: (a) in Part 5—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 50; and (b) otherwise—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 4B.
9	 Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert: related body corporate, in relation to a body corporate, means: (a) in Part 5—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 50; and (b) otherwise—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 4B. relevant group of bodies corporate has the meaning given by section 4A. resolution means the process by which APRA and other relevant persons manage or respond to the failure or potential failure of an
9	 Omit "subsection 103B(1)", substitute "subsection 103B(1) or (1B)". Subsection 3(1) Insert: related body corporate, in relation to a body corporate, means: (a) in Part 5—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 50; and (b) otherwise—a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 4B. relevant group of bodies corporate has the meaning given by section 4A. resolution means the process by which APRA and other relevant

78

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

	<i>transferred liabilities determination</i> means a determination under section 62ZZMA(1).
10	Section 4
	Repeal the section, substitute:
4	Meaning of subsidiary
	For the purposes of this Act (except Part V), the question whether body corporate is a <i>subsidiary</i> of another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
4 A	Meaning of relevant group of bodies corporate
	For the purposes of this Act:
	 (a) a general insurer and its subsidiaries together constitute a <i>relevant group of bodies corporate</i>; and
	(b) an authorised NOHC and its subsidiaries together also constitute a <i>relevant group of bodies corporate</i> .
4B	Determining whether bodies corporate are related to one anoth
	For the purposes of this Act (except Part V), the question whether body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
11	Section 15 (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:
15	Revocation of authorisation etc.
12	Subparagraph 15(1)(a)(iii)
	Repeal of subparagraph, substitute:
	(iia) a requirement of a provision of another law of the Commonwealth, if the provision is specified in the regulations; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 79

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(iii) a direction under this Act to the insurer; or
2	13 After paragraph 15(1)(f)
3	Insert:
4	(fa) both of the following apply:
5	(i) the insurer is a foreign corporation within the meaning
6	of paragraph $51(xx)$ of the Constitution;
7	(ii) an authorisation (however described) for the insurer to
8 9	carry on insurance business in a foreign country has been revoked or otherwise withdrawn in that foreign
10	country; or
11	14 Paragraph 15(1)(g)
12	Omit "authority", substitute "authorisation".
13	15 Subparagraph 21(1)(a)(iii)
14	Repeal of subparagraph, substitute:
15	(iii) a direction under this Act to the authorised NOHC; or
16	16 At the end of Division 4 of Part III
17	Add:
18	23A APRA may give notice to ensure that general insurer has an
19	authorised NOHC
20	(1) This section applies if:
21 22	(a) a body corporate is a holding company of a general insurer; and
23	(b) the general insurer is not a subsidiary of an authorised
24	NOHC.
25	(2) APRA may by notice in writing to the body corporate, require it to
26	ensure, in accordance with the conditions (if any) specified in the
27	notice, that either of the following occurs:
28 29	 (a) the body corporate becomes an authorised NOHC of the general insurer;
	5, 5,

80

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2		(b) a subsidiary of the body corporate becomes an authorised NOHC of the general insurer.
3 4 5		Note: See Part 4A of the <i>Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999</i> for other provisions that deal with a restructure arrangement to make an operating body a subsidiary of a NOHC.
6 7	(3)	The notice may deal with the time by which, or period during which, it is to be complied with.
8 9 10	(4)	The body corporate has power to comply with the notice despite anything in its constitution or any contract or arrangement to which it is a party.
11 12 13	(5)	APRA may, by notice in writing to the body corporate, vary the notice mentioned in subsection (2) if, at the time of the variation, it considers that the variation is necessary and appropriate.
14 15 16 17 18	(6)	The notice mentioned in subsection (2) has effect until APRA revokes it by notice in writing to the body corporate. APRA may revoke the notice mentioned in subsection (2) if, at the time of revocation, it considers that the notice is no longer necessary or appropriate.
19	(7)	Part VI applies to a decision to give a notice under subsection (2).
20 21 22	(8)	Section 108 applies in relation to a notice to a body corporate under subsection (2) in the same way in which it applies to a direction to a general insurer under section 104.
23 24 25 26 27 28	(9)	 However, section 108 does not apply to a contravention by a body corporate of a requirement in a notice under subsection (2) if: (a) the contravention happens merely because APRA refuses to authorise the body corporate (or its subsidiary) under section 18; and (b) APRA's reasons for that refusal do not include the reason
29 30		that one or more conditions specified in the notice are not satisfied.
31	17 Subp	aragraph 32(3)(a)(iv)
32	Om	it "NOHCs; or", substitute "NOHCs;".

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 81

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	8 After subparagraph 32(3)(a)(iv)
	Insert:
	 (v) each subsidiary of a general insurer or of an authorised NOHC; or
	(vi) each subsidiary of a general insurer or of an authorised NOHC, included in a specified class of subsidiaries; or
1	9 After Division 1 of Part IIIA
	Insert:
D	Division 2—Conversion and write-off provisions
3	6A Definitions
	In this Subdivision:
	conversion and write-off provisions means the provisions of the
	prudential standards that relate to the conversion or writing off of:
	(a) Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital; or
	(b) any other instrument.
	conversion entity: an entity (the first entity) is a conversion entity
	for an instrument if:
	(a) the instrument is issued by another entity; and
	(b) the instrument converts, in accordance with the terms of the
	instrument, into one or more ordinary shares of the first entity for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions.
	converts: an instrument converts into one or more ordinary shares
	of an entity including by redeeming or cancelling the instrument
	and replacing the instrument with ordinary shares.
	related subsidiary of a general insurer means a subsidiary of a
	holding company of the general insurer.
	specified law means any of the following:
	(a) the Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998;
	(b) the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975;
	(c) Chapter 6 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (takeovers);

82

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2 3	(d) any other Australian law, or law of a foreign country or part of a foreign country, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph.
4	36B Conversion and write-off provisions
5	Application
6 7 8	(1) This section applies in relation to an instrument that contains terms that are for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions and that is issued by:
9	(a) a general insurer; or
10	(b) a holding company of a general insurer; or
11	(c) a subsidiary or related subsidiary of a general insurer; or
12	(d) an entity of a kind prescribed by the regulations for the
13	purposes of this paragraph.
14	Conversion of instrument despite other laws etc.
15	(2) The instrument may be converted in accordance with the terms of
16	the instrument despite:
17 18	 (a) any Australian law or any law of a foreign country or a part of a foreign country, other than a specified law; and
19 20	(b) the constitution of the entity issuing the instrument, or any conversion entity for the instrument; and
21	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the entity issuing the
22	instrument, or any conversion entity for the instrument, is a
23	party; and (d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list
24 25	(d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list the entity issuing the instrument, or any conversion entity for
26	the instrument, is included.
27	Write-off of instrument despite other laws etc.
28	(3) The instrument may be written off in accordance with the terms of
29	the instrument despite:
30	(a) any Australian law or any law of a foreign country or a part
31 32	of a foreign country; and (b) the constitution of the entity issuing the instrument; and
32	(b) the constitution of the entity issuing the instrument; and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 83

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the entity issuing the instrument is a party and
2	instrument is a party; and (d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list
3 4	the entity issuing the instrument is included.
5	36C Conversion or write-off etc. not grounds for denial of obligations
0	
7 8	 This section applies if an entity (the <i>first entity</i>) is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is:
9	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
) I	(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
2	(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the
3	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
4	(a) deny any obligation under the contract;
5	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
5	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
7	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
3	This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
9	(3) The matters are as follows:
0	(a) a relevant instrument being converted for the purposes of the
l	conversion and write-off provisions;
2 3	 (b) a relevant instrument being written off for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions;
1	(c) the occurrence of an event (which may be the making of a
5	determination (however described) by APRA) that results in
5	a relevant instrument being required to be converted or
7 3	written off for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions.
)	(4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the first entity:
)	(a) denying an obligation to another entity; or
l	(b) accelerating a debt to an another entity; or
2	(c) closing out a transaction with another entity; or
3	(d) enforcing a security against another entity;

84

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2 Main amendments Part 1

1 2		unless the first entity is a body corporate and the other entity is a related body corporate of the first entity.
3		(5) In this section:
4		<i>relevant instrument</i> means an instrument to which section 36B applies:
5		
6 7		(a) that is issued by the first entity, or for which the first entity is a conversion entity; or
8		(b) if the first entity is a body corporate:
9 10		(i) that is issued by a related body corporate of the first entity; or
11 12		(ii) for which a related body corporate of the first entity is a conversion entity.
13	20	Section 49C
14		Repeal the section.
15	21	At the end of section 50
16		Add:
17		(3) The question whether bodies corporate are related to each other for
18		the purposes of this Part is to be determined in the same way as the
19		question whether bodies corporate are related to each other would be determined up den the Corporations A at 2001 if in section 46 of
20 21		be determined under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> if, in section 46 of that Act:
21		(a) the reference to a body corporate that is in a position to cast,
22		or control the casting of, more than one-half of the maximum
24		number of votes that might be cast at a general meeting of
25		another body corporate were a reference to a body corporate
26		that is in a position to cast, or control the casting of, more
27		than one-quarter of that number of votes; and
28		(b) the reference to a body corporate holding more than one-half
29		of the issued share capital of another body corporate were a
30		reference to a body corporate holding more than one-quarter
31		of the issued share capital of another body corporate.
32	22	Section 62L (Note)
33		Repeal the note, substitute:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973

Part 1 Main amendments

	Note:	This section and other provisions relating to judicial management do not apply to the aspects described in subsection 62ZVB(1) of the business and management of a foreign general insurer.
23	Section 62M (Note 1)
	Repeal the not	te, substitute:
	Note 1:	This section and other provisions relating to judicial management do not apply to the aspects described in subsection 62ZVB(1) of the business and management of a foreign general insurer.
24	Section 62M	
	Before "On an	application", insert "(1)".
25	Subparagrapl	n 62M(a)(i)
	Before "the ge support,".	eneral insurer", insert "in the absence of external
26	Subparagrapl	n 62M(a)(ii)
		neral insurer is a foreign general insurer and", insert ", in f external support,".
27	After subpara	graph 62M(a)(iv)
	Insert:	
	; or (iva)) an external administrator has been appointed to a
		holding company of the general insurer (or a similar
		appointment has been made in a foreign country in
		respect of such a holding company), and the requirement in subsection (2) is satisfied; or
	(ivb)) if the general insurer is a foreign general insurer—an
		application for the appointment of an external
		administrator of the foreign general insurer, or for a
		similar procedure in respect of the foreign general
		insurer, has been made in a foreign country;
	(ivc)) if the general insurer is a foreign general insurer—an
		external administrator has been appointed to the foreign general insurer, or a similar appointment has been made
		in respect of the foreign general insurer, in a foreign

86

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

Main amendments Part 1

1	28 Se	ection 62M (Note 1)
2		Repeal the note, substitute:
3 4 5		Note: This section and other provisions relating to judicial management do not apply to the aspects described in subsection 62ZVB(1) of the business and management of a foreign general insurer.
6	29 At	t the end of section 62M
7		Add:
8 9 10 11 12 13		 (2) For the purposes of subparagraph (1)(iva), the requirement in this subsection is that the appointment mentioned in that subparagraph poses a significant threat to: (a) the operation or soundness of the general insurer; or (b) the interests of policyholders of the general insurer; or (c) the stability of the financial system in Australia.
14 15 16		(3) The regulations may specify that a particular form of support for a general insurer is not to be considered external support for the purposes of subparagraphs (1)(a)(i) and (ii).
17	30 Se	ection 62P
18		Repeal the section, substitute:
19 20	62P N	Aoratorium—effect of judicial management on court and tribunal proceedings
21 22 23		 A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a general insurer if the general insurer is under judicial management.
24		(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if:
25		(a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be
26		begun or continued on the ground that the person would be
27		caused hardship if leave were not granted; and
28		(b) the beginning or continuing of the proceedings is in
29		accordance with such terms (if any) as the court or tribunal
30		imposes.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 87

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2 3 4 5	(3) A person intending to apply for leave of the court under paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA and the judicial manager at least 10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the court or tribunal considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary).
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 (4) APRA may apply to the court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the court or tribunal must have regard to APRA's views in deciding: (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and (b) if the court or tribunal decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and (c) if the court or tribunal decides to impose such terms— the nature of those terms.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 (4A) The judicial manager may apply to the court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If the judicial manager is joined as a party, the court or tribunal must have regard to the judicial manager's views in deciding: (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and (b) if the court or tribunal decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and (c) if the court or tribunal decides to impose such terms— the nature of those terms.
23 24 25	(5) Subsection (1) also does not apply if the judicial manager, after considering APRA's views, consents to the proceedings beginning or continuing.
26 27	(6) The judicial manager cannot revoke a consent given for the purposes of subsection (5).
28 29 30	(6A) The judicial manager is not liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent under subsection (5).
31 32 33 34	(7) A proceeding in a court or tribunal is covered by this subsection in respect of a general insurer if it is any of the following:(a) a proceeding against the general insurer (including a cross-claim or third party claim against the general insurer);

88

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

1		(b) a proceeding in relation to property of the general insurer;
2		(c) a proceeding to enforce any security (including a mortgage or
3		charge) over any property that the general insurer owns, uses,
4		possesses, occupies or in which the general insurer otherwise
5		has an interest.
6	(8)	Subsection (7) does not cover a proceeding in respect of an offence
7		or a contravention of a provision of a law for which a pecuniary
8		penalty (however described) may be imposed.
9	(9)	In this section, a reference to a tribunal includes a reference to the
10		following:
11		(a) an industrial tribunal;
12		(b) an arbitral tribunal.
13	62PA Mo	ratorium—effect of judicial management on enforcement
13	02171 10101	process regarding property
14		process regarding property
15	(1)	No enforcement process in relation to property of a general insurer
16		can be begun or proceeded with if the general insurer is under
17		judicial management.
18	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if:
19		(a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or
20		continued on the ground that the person would be caused
21		hardship if leave were not granted; or
22		(b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance
23		with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes.
24	(3)	A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under
25		paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA and the judicial manager at least
26		10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the
27		Federal Court considers that exceptional circumstances make this
28		necessary).
29	(3A)	APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the
30		proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal
31		Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding:
32		(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph $(2)(a)$; and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 89

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to
2		impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
3		(c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the
4		nature of those terms.
5	(3B)	The judicial manager may apply to the Federal Court to be joined
6	· · · ·	as a party to the proceedings for leave. If the judicial manager is
7		joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to the judicial
8		manager's views in deciding:
9		(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph $(2)(a)$; and
10		(b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to
11		impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
12		(c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the
13		nature of those terms.
14	(4)	Subsection (1) also does not apply if the judicial manager consents
15		to the process beginning or continuing.
16	(5)	The judicial manager cannot revoke a consent given for the
17	(-)	purposes of subsection (4).
18	(6)	The judicial manager is not liable to an action or other proceedings
19		for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent under
20		subsection (4).
21	62PR Mor	ratorium—effect of judicial management on disposal of
22	0210 1101	property
22		
23	(1)	A person must not dispose of property if:
24		(a) the property is owned by another person; and
25		(b) the other person is a general insurer; and
26		(c) the general insurer is under judicial management.
27		Note: The Federal Court may grant an injunction under section 129D in
28		respect of a contravention of this subsection.
29	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the judicial manager consents to
30		the disposal.

90

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

2	(3)	The judicial manager is not liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent under subsection (2).
4 5	62PC Mo	ratorium—Restrictions on exercise of third party property rights
5 7 3	(1)	Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a general insurer is under judicial management in the same way it applies during the administration of a company.
)) [2	(2)	For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to the administrator's written consent as being a reference to the judicial manager's written consent.
3 4 5	(2A)	The judicial manager is not liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent as mentioned in subsection (2).
5	(3)	This section applies despite sections 62P, 62PA and 62PB.
7 8	62PD Mo	ratorium—effect of judicial management on supply of essential services
9	(1)	If:
0	()	(aa) a general insurer is under judicial management; and
1 2 3		 (a) the judicial manager requests, or authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i>) to supply an essential service to the general insurer in Australia; and
4		(b) the general insurer owes an amount to the supplier in respect
5		of the supply of the essential service before the day on which
6		the judicial manager took control of the general insurer's
7		business;
8		the supplier must not:
9 0		(c) refuse to comply with the request for the reason only that the amount is owing; or
1		(d) make it a condition of the supply of the essential service pursuant to the request that the amount is to be paid.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 91

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973

Part 1 Main amendments

92

1 2	Note: The Federal Court may grant an injunction under section 129D in respect of a contravention of this subsection.
3	(2) In this section:
4 5	essential service has the same meaning as in section 600F of the Corporations Act 2001.
6 7	62PE Moratorium—effect of judicial management on annual general meeting
8 9 10	(1) This section applies to a general insurer that is required under section 250N or section 601BR of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to hold an annual general meeting within a particular period.
11 12 13	(2) Despite section 250N and section 601BR of that Act, if the general insurer is under judicial management at the end of that period, the general insurer need not hold that annual general meeting.
14	31 Section 62Q
15	Repeal the section.
16	32 After subsection 62R(1)
17	Insert:
18 19 20 21	(1A) If, subsequent to that order, a situation arises where there is no judicial manager of the general insurer, or it appears to the Federal Court that it is likely that such a situation will arise, the Federal Court may appoint another judicial manager of the general insurer.
22 23 24	(1B) If the Federal Court appoints two or more judicial managers of a general insurer, or appoints one or more additional judicial managers of a general insurer:
25 26 27 28	 (a) except to the extent (if any) specified in a declaration by the Federal Court under paragraph (b), the functions and powers under this Act of a judicial manager of the general insurer may be performed or exercised by:
29 30	(i) all of the judicial managers of the general insurer acting jointly; or

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1	(ii) each of the judicial managers of the general insurer
2	acting individually; and
3	(b) at the time of appointment, the Federal Court may make a declaration for the purposes of paragraph (a), specifying
4 5	limits or conditions on the judicial managers' ability to
6	perform functions and exercise powers jointly or
7	individually; and
8	(c) treat a reference in this Act to a judicial manager as being a
9	reference to whichever one or more of those judicial
10	managers the case requires.
11	33 Subsection 62R(2)
12	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
13	(2) The Federal Court may cancel the appointment of a judicial
14	manager and appoint another person as judicial manager:
15	(a) on application by APRA; or
16	(b) of its own motion.
17	34 Subsection 62R(3)
18	Omit "However,".
19	35 Section 62T (heading)
20	Repeal the heading, substitute:
21	62T Effect of judicial management on powers of officers etc.
22	36 Subsection 62T(1)
23	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
24	(1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), if the Federal Court has made an
25	order placing a general insurer under judicial management:
26	(a) at the time the judicial management commences:
27	(i) a person with the powers and functions of an officer of
28	the general insurer immediately before that time ceases
29	to have those powers and functions; and
30 31	(ii) if the general insurer is a foreign general insurer and there is a person with the powers and functions of an
51	uncre is a person with the powers and functions of an

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 93

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	agent of the general insurer for the purposes of	
2	section 118 immediately before that time-the perso	on
3	ceases to have those powers and functions; and	
4	(iii) the judicial manager appointed by the Court starts to)
5	have the powers and functions mentioned in	
6	subparagraph (i) (and, if applicable, subparagraph (i	i));
7	and	
8	(b) while the general insurer is under judicial management:	
9	(i) if a person mentioned in subparagraph (a)(i) or (ii)	
10	purports to act in relation to the general insurer's	
11	business, the purported act is invalid and of no effect	t;
12	and	
13	(ii) the judicial manager has the powers and functions o	
14	members of the board of directors of the general ins	
15	(collectively and individually), including the board'	5
16	powers of delegation.	
17	(1A) Subsection (1) does not remove an officer or agent of the gener	al
18	insurer from office.	
	07 . Output of the $00\mathbf{T}(0)$ (and (a)	
19	37 Subsection 62T(3) (note)	
20	Repeal the note, substitute:	
21	Note: This section and other provisions relating to statutory manageme	nt do
22 23	not apply to the aspects described in subsection 62ZVB(1) of the business and management of a foreign general insurer.	
23	business and management of a foreign general insurer.	
24	38 At the end of section 62T	
25	Add:	
26	(3) In this section, <i>officer</i> has the same meaning as it has in the	
27	Corporations Act 2001.	
28	39 Subsection 62U(1)	
29	Omit "when the management of the general insurer vests in the judi	cial
29 30	manager appointed by the Federal Court", substitute "when the judi	
31	management of the general insurer commences".	-141

94

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

40 Subsection 62U(2)

2 3

1

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

Omit "while the management of the general insurer is vested in the judicial manager appointed by the Federal Court", substitute "while the general insurer is under judicial management".

41 Subsection 62U(3)

Omit "while the management of the general insurer is vested in a judicial manager", substitute "while the general insurer is under judicial management".

42 Subsection 62U(4)

Omit "that the management of the general insurer vests in the judicial manager when the judicial management commences", substitute "that the general insurer is under judicial management".

43 Section 62V 13

14

Repeal the section, substitute:

62V Judicial management not ground for denial of obligations 15

(1) This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract,
whether the proper law of the contract is:
(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a
foreign country).
(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the
contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
(d) enforce any security under the contract.
This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
(3) The matters are as follows:
(a) if the body corporate is a general insurer—the making by the
Federal Court of an order that the body corporate be placed
under judicial management;

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

95

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(b)	if the body corporate is a general insurer—the
2			commencement of the judicial management of the body
3			corporate;
4 5			the making by the Federal Court of an order that a general insurer that is a related body corporate of the body corporate
6			be placed under judicial management;
7			the commencement of the judicial management of a general
8			insurer that is a related body corporate of the body corporate.
9 10			ection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of llowing:
11			denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body
12			corporate of the body corporate;
13 14			accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
15			closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
16 17			enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related
18			body corporate of the body corporate.
19	44	Section 62	N
20		Before "Th	ne appointment of", insert "(1)".
21	45	Section 62	N
22			appointment of a judicial manager under this Part does not
23			bstitute "None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2)
24		affect".	
25	46	At the end	of section 62W
26		Add:	
27		(2) The m	natters are as follows:
28		(a)	the making by the Federal Court of an order that the general
29			insurer be placed under judicial management;
30		(b)	the commencement of the judicial management of the general
31			insurer.

96

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1	47	Paragraph 62Z(4)(a)
2		After "the Corporations Act 2001", insert "(without limiting the scope
3		of section 127B of this Act)".
4	48	Paragraph 62Z(4)(d)
5		Omit "(as defined in section 761A of the Corporations Act 2001) of a
6		financial market (as defined in that section)", substitute "of a financial
7		market".
8	49	Section 62ZB
9		Repeal the section, substitute:
10	622	ZB Act under section 62Z not ground for denial of obligations
11		(1) This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract,
12		whether the proper law of the contract is:
13		(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
14		(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a
15		foreign country).
16		(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the
17		contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
18		(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
19		(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
20		(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
21		(d) enforce any security under the contract.
22		This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
23		(3) The matters are as follows:
24		(a) if the body corporate is a general insurer—a judicial manager
25		doing an act under subsection $62Z(1)$ relating to the body
26		corporate:

 (b) a judicial manager doing an act under subsection 62Z(1) relating to a general insurer that is a related body corporate of the body corporate.

97

(4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of the following:

27

28

29

30

31

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body
2		corporate of the body corporate;
3		(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body
4		corporate of the body corporate;
5		(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related
6		body corporate of the body corporate;
7		(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related
8		body corporate of the body corporate.
9	50	Subsection 62ZF(5)
10		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
11		(5) At the time when an order cancelling the judicial management of
12		the general insurer comes into force:
13		(a) the judicial manager ceases to have the powers and functions
14		of an officer of the general insurer; and
15		(b) the board of directors or other governing body of the general
16		insurer starts to have those powers.
17	51	Paragraph 62ZI(2)(aa)
18		Omit "Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act
19		1999", substitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act
20		1999".
21	52	After paragraph 62ZI(2)(aa)
22		Insert:
23		(ab) to transfer shares in the company to another company under
24		section 25AA of the Financial Sector (Transfer and
25		Restructure) Act 1999;
26	53	Subparagraph 62ZJ(3)(b)(i)
27		After "the Corporations Act 2001", insert "(without limiting the scope
28		of section 127B of this Act)".

*9*8

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 54 Subparagraph 62ZJ(3)(b)(iv)

Omit "(as defined in section 761A of the *Corporations Act 2001*) of a financial market (as defined in that section)", substitute "of a financial market".

55 Subsection 62ZK(2)

Omit "the management of the general insurer continues to be vested in the judicial manager", substitute "the general insurer continues to be under judicial management".

9 56 Subsection 62ZM

Repeal the section, substitute:

11 62ZM Immunity

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

12 13	(1) A judicial manager, or a person acting on behalf of a judicial manager, is not subject to any liability (whether civil or criminal)
13	in respect of anything done, or omitted to be done, in the exercise
14	or performance, or the purported exercise or performance, of
15	powers, functions or duties conferred or imposed on the judicial
10	manager by or under this Act.
17	manager by or under this Act.
18	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to an act or omission in bad faith.
19	(3) A judicial manager is not liable under section 588G of the
20	Corporations Act 2001. This subsection does not limit the scope of
21	subsection (1).
22	(4) Subsection (1) does not limit, and is not limited by any of the
23	following provisions:
24	(a) [provisions to be listed at a later stage];
25	(b) section 58 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority
26	Act 1998.
27	Signpost to secrecy obligations
28	(5) Part 6 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998
29	prohibits certain disclosures of information received by judicial
30	managers under this Act.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017 99

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	57 Section 62ZO
2	Repeal the section.
3	58 Part VB (heading)
4	Repeal the heading, substitute:
5	Part VB—Judicial management, statutory
6	management, other external administration
7	and winding up
8	59 After Division 1 of Part VB
9	Insert:
10	Division 1A—Statutory management of general insurers
11	Subdivision A—General provisions relating to statutory
12	management
13 14	[The following provisions will be renumbered in the final version of the legislation.
15 16	@13A-IA Consequences of inability or failure of general insurer etc. to meet certain requirements
17	Appointment of administrator or control by APRA
18	(1) APRA may take control of a general insurer's business or appoint
19	an administrator to take control of the general insurer's business if
20	both of the following requirements are met:
21	(a) APRA is satisfied of the matters of which the Federal Court
22 23	is required to be satisfied for the purposes of section 62L or 62M;
	(b) subsection (1A) applies.
24	
25	(1A) This subsection applies if APRA is satisfied that at least one of the
26	following situations exists:
27	(a) both:

100

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2	(i) an AFS statutory manager has taken control of a body corporate under this Act, the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> or the
3	Life Insurance Act 1995 (or APRA intends for that to
4	occur); and
5	(ii) the general insurer and the body corporate are related
6	bodies corporate;
7	(b) both:
8	(i) the general insurer's financial position is deteriorating
9	rapidly, or is likely to deteriorate rapidly; and
10	(ii) failure to respond quickly to the deterioration would be
11	likely to prejudice the interests of policyholders of the
12	insurer;
13	(c) it is likely that the insurer will be unable to carry on
14	insurance business in Australia consistently with the stability
15	of the financial system in Australia;
16	(d) an external administrator has been appointed to a holding
17	company of the general insurer (or a similar appointment has
18	been made in a foreign country in respect of such a holding
19	company), and the appointment poses a significant threat to:
20	(i) the operation or soundness of the general insurer; or
21	(ii) the interests of policyholders of the general insurer; or
22	(iii) the stability of the financial system in Australia; or
23	(e) if the general insurer is a foreign general insurer:
24	(i) an application for the appointment of an external
25	administrator of the foreign general insurer, or for a
26	similar procedure in respect of the foreign general
27	insurer, has been made in a foreign country;
28	(ii) an external administrator has been appointed to the
29	foreign general insurer, or a similar appointment has
30	been made in respect of the foreign general insurer, in a
31	foreign country.
32	Appointment of administrator, or control by APRA
33	(1B) APRA may take any of the actions mentioned in subsection (1C) in
34	relation to a body corporate (the <i>target body corporate</i>) if:
35	(a) the target body corporate is a body corporate that is any of
36	the following:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 101 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	 (i) an authorised NOHC of a general insurer (the <i>relevant</i> general insurer);
3 4	(ii) a subsidiary of an authorised NOHC of a general insurer (also the <i>relevant general insurer</i>);
5	(iii) a subsidiary of a general insurer (also the <i>relevant</i>
6	general insurer); and
7	(b) the condition in subsection (1D), (1E) or (1F) is satisfied; and
8	(c) the target body corporate is not a body corporate of a kind
9	specified in regulations (if any) made for the purposes of this
10	paragraph.
11	(1C) The actions are as follows:
12	(a) taking control of the business of the target body corporate;
13	(b) appointing an administrator to take control of the business of
14	the target body corporate.
15	(1D) The condition in this subsection is satisfied if:
16	(a) either:
17	(i) an Insurance Act statutory manager has taken control of
18	the relevant general insurer; or
19	(ii) the conditions in paragraphs (1)(a) and (b) are satisfied
20	in relation to the relevant general insurer, and APRA
21	intends that an Insurance Act statutory manager will
22	take control of the relevant general insurer; and
23	(b) APRA considers that the target body corporate provides
24	services that are, or conducts business that is, essential to the
25	capacity of the relevant general insurer to maintain its
26	operations.
27	(1E) The condition in this subsection is satisfied if:
28	(a) either:
29	(i) an Insurance Act statutory manager has taken control of
30	the relevant general insurer; or
31	(ii) the conditions in paragraphs (1)(a) and (b) are satisfied
32	in relation to the relevant general insurer, and APRA
33	intends that an Insurance Act statutory manager will
34	take control of the relevant general insurer; and

102

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1	(b) APRA considers that it is necessary for an Insurance Act
2	statutory manager to take control of the target body
3	corporate, in order to facilitate the resolution of any of the
4	following:
5	(i) the relevant general insurer;
6	(ii) an authorised NOHC of the relevant general insurer;
7 8	(iii) a relevant group of bodies corporate of which the relevant general insurer is a member;
9	(iv) a particular member or particular members of such a
10	group.
11	(1F) The condition in this subsection is satisfied if:
12	(a) there is an external administrator of the target body
13	corporate, or APRA considers that, in the absence of external
14	support:
15	(i) the target body corporate may become unable to meet its
16	obligations; or
17	(ii) the target body corporate may suspend payment; and
18	(b) APRA considers that it is necessary to take an action
19	mentioned in subsection $(1C)$ in respect of the target body
20	corporate in order to enable the relevant general insurer to
21 22	maintain its operations, or in order to facilitate the resolution of any of the following:
23	(i) the relevant general insurer;
24	(ii) an authorised NOHC of the relevant general insurer;
25	(iii) a relevant group of bodies corporate of which the
26	relevant general insurer is a member;
27	(iv) a particular member or particular members of such a
28	group.
29	(2) If:
30	(a) APRA is in control of a body corporate's business under this
31	Subdivision—APRA is the <i>Insurance Act statutory manager</i>
32	of the body corporate; or
33	(b) an administrator appointed by APRA is in control of a body
34	corporate's business under this Subdivision—the
35	administrator is the <i>Insurance Act statutory manager</i> of the
36	body corporate.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 103 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973

Part 1 Main amendments

1 2 3	Note: This section and other provisions relating to statutory management do not apply to the aspects described in subsection 62ZVB(1) of the business and management of a foreign general insurer.
4 5 6	(2A) If APRA appoints two or more Insurance Act statutory managers of a body corporate, or appoints one or more additional Insurance Act statutory managers of a body corporate:
7 8 9	 (a) the functions and powers under this Act of an Insurance Act statutory manager of the body corporate may be performed or exercised by:
10 11	(i) all of the Insurance Act statutory managers of the body corporate acting jointly; or
12 13 14 15	 (ii) each of the Insurance Act statutory managers of the body corporate acting individually (except to the extent (if any) specified in a notice given by APRA under paragraph (b)); and
16 17 18	(b) at the time of appointment, APRA may give all of the Insurance Act statutory managers of the body corporate a notice in writing for the purposes of subparagraph (a)(ii),
19 20	specifying limits or conditions on their ability to perform functions and exercise powers individually; and
21 22 23	(c) treat a reference in this Act to an Insurance Act statutory manager as being a reference to whichever one or more of those Insurance Act statutory managers the case requires.
24 25	@13BA-IA Start of control of body corporate's business by Insurance Act statutory manager
26 27 28 29	(1) After the decision that an Insurance Act statutory manager will take control of a body corporate's business is made, APRA must give the body corporate written notice that the Insurance Act statutory manager will take, or is taking, control of the business.
30 31	Note: Subsections @15A-IA(4) and @16A-IA(3) also require APRA to give notice of the taking of control.
32 33 34 35	(2) An Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of a body corporate's business:(a) at the time specified in a notice under this section as the time when the Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of

104

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2	the business (which must not be earlier than the notice is given); or
3	(b) if a notice under this section does not specify a time as the
4	time when the Insurance Act statutory manager takes control
5	of the business—at the time the notice is given.
6	(3) A notice under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
7	@13C-IA Insurance Act statutory managers—termination of
8	control
9	Conditions necessary for termination of control
10	(1) If APRA assumes control of a body corporate's business or
11	appoints an administrator of a body corporate's business, APRA must ensure that either it or an administrator of the body
12 13	corporate's business has control of the body corporate's business
13	until:
15	(a) APRA considers that it is no longer necessary for it or an
16	administrator to remain in control of the body corporate's
17	business; or
18	(b) APRA has applied for the body corporate to be wound up.
19	A termination of control that is permitted under this section is
20	called an <i>ultimate termination of control</i> .
21	Note: This provision does not prevent a change, or changes, between control
22	of a body corporate's business by APRA and an administrator or
23	between administrators.
24	Events to precede termination
25	(2) Before making an ultimate termination of control by an Insurance
26	Act statutory manager of a body corporate's business, APRA must:
27	(a) do both of the following:
28	(i) ensure that directors of the body corporate have been
29	appointed or elected under the body corporate's
30	constitution at a meeting called by the statutory manager
31	in accordance with the body corporate's constitution;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

105

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2 3	 (ii) if the body corporate is a foreign general insurer— appoint an agent in Australia for the purpose of section 118 by instrument in writing; or
-	
3	section 118 by instrument in writing; or
4	(b) do both of the following:
5	(i) appoint directors of the body corporate by instrument in
6	writing;
7	(ii) if the body corporate is a foreign general insurer—
8	appoint an agent in Australia for the purpose of
9	section 118 by instrument in writing; or
10	(c) ensure that a liquidator has been appointed:
11	(i) unless subparagraph (ii) applies—for the body
12	corporate; or
13	(ii) if the body corporate is a foreign general insurer—for
14	the body corporate in relation to its Australian business
15	assets and liabilities.
16	Power to terminate control
17	(3) If the requirements in subsections (1) and (2) are satisfied, APRA
18	may by instrument in writing make an ultimate termination of
19	control of a body corporate's business by an Insurance Act
20	statutory manager.
21	(4) If the Insurance Act statutory manager at the time of the
22	termination is an administrator, the instrument of termination also
23	operates as a termination of the appointment of the administrator.
24	A copy of the instrument must be given to the administrator.
25	However, mere failure to give the copy to the administrator does
26	not affect the termination of the appointment.
27	Period of director's appointment
28	(5) If a director is elected or appointed under subsection (2), the
29	director takes office on the termination of the Insurance Act
30	statutory manager's control of the body corporate's business. If the
31	director was appointed by APRA, the director holds office until the
32	body corporate's next annual general meeting, subject to any terms
33	and conditions imposed by APRA on the director's appointment. If

106

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2		the director was appointed or elected under the body corporate's constitution, the constitution governs the appointment.
3 4 5		Note: For further information about what happens when an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business, see Subdivision B.
6	Subdivisi	on B—Provisions dealing with control of a body
7		corporate's business by an Insurance Act statutory
8		manager
9	@14A-IA	Insurance Act statutory manager's powers and functions
10 11		Insurance Act statutory manager's powers and functions include powers and functions of board
12	(1)	An Insurance Act statutory manager has the powers and functions
13		of the members of the board of directors of the body corporate
14		(collectively and individually), including the board's powers of
15		delegation.
16 17 18		Note: When an Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the business of a body corporate, the directors of the body corporate cease to hold office (see section @15-IA).
19		Insurance Act statutory manager's power to obtain information
20	(2)	An Insurance Act statutory manager may, for the purposes of this
21		Division, require a person who has, at any time, been an officer of
22		the body corporate to give the Insurance Act statutory manager any
23		information relating to the business of the body corporate that the
24		Insurance Act statutory manager requires. A requirement to give
25 26		information may include a requirement to produce books, accounts or documents.
27	(2A)	A person who is or has been an officer of a body corporate commits an offence if:
28		
29 30		(a) there is an Insurance Act statutory manager in relation to the body corporate; and
31		(b) under subsection (2), the Insurance Act statutory manager
32		requires the person to give information or to produce books,
33		accounts or documents; and
55		

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 107 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(c) the	person fails to comply with the requirement.
2		Penalty:	Imprisonment for 12 months.
3 4		Note 1:	Chapter 2 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> sets out the general principles of criminal responsibility.
5 6 7 8		Note 2:	Subsection 4B(2) of the <i>Crimes Act 1914</i> allows a court to impose a fine instead of, or in addition to, a term of imprisonment. The maximum fine a court may impose is worked out as provided in that subsection.
9 10 11 12		Note 3:	If a body corporate is convicted of an offence against this subsection, subsection $4B(3)$ of the <i>Crimes Act 1914</i> allows a court to impose a fine of up to 5 times the maximum fine worked out as mentioned in Note 2.
13 14 15 16	(3)	under sul so would	idual is not excused from complying with a requirement osection (2) to give information on the ground that doing tend to incriminate the individual or make the individual a penalty.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	(4)	 (a) befund (b) giv (b) giv (c) giv<td>Fore giving information in compliance with a requirement ler subsection (2), an individual claims that giving the cormation might tend to incriminate the individual or make individual liable to a penalty; and ing the information might in fact tend to incriminate the ividual or make the individual so liable; mation given in compliance with the requirement is not le in evidence against the individual in a criminal ng or a proceeding for the imposition of a penalty, other occeeding in respect of the falsity of the information.</td>	Fore giving information in compliance with a requirement ler subsection (2), an individual claims that giving the cormation might tend to incriminate the individual or make individual liable to a penalty; and ing the information might in fact tend to incriminate the ividual or make the individual so liable; mation given in compliance with the requirement is not le in evidence against the individual in a criminal ng or a proceeding for the imposition of a penalty, other occeeding in respect of the falsity of the information.
28 29 30	(4A)	Subsection or docum	ons (3) and (4) apply to the production of books, accounts nents in a corresponding way to the way in which they the giving of information.
31 32			e Act statutory manager's power to sell whole or part of porate's business
33 34	(5)		ance Act statutory manager may sell or otherwise dispose nole or any part of the body corporate's business. The sale

108

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2	or disposal may occur on any terms and conditions that the Insurance Act statutory manager considers appropriate.
3	Insurance Act statutory manager's powers to alter body
4	corporate's constitution etc.
5	(5A) An Insurance Act statutory manager may, if the body corporate
6	concerned is registered under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> , alter the
7 8	body corporate's constitution, rules or other arrangements for governance if the alteration:
9	(a) is necessary or convenient for enabling or facilitating the
10	performance of the Insurance Act statutory manager's
11	functions and duties, or the exercise of the Insurance Act
12	statutory manager's other powers, under this Division in
13	relation to the body corporate; and
14	(b) promotes:
15	(i) the protection of the policyholders of the body
16	corporate; and
17	(ii) financial system stability in Australia.
18	(5B) An Insurance Act statutory manager may do an act under
19	subsection (5) or $(5A)$ despite:
20	(a) the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; and
21	(b) the body corporate's constitution; and
22	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the body corporate is
23	party; and
24	(d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list
25	the body corporate is included.
26	Interpretation
27	(6) In this section:
28	officer has the meaning given by section 9 of the Corporations Act
29	2001.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 109 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	@14AAA-IA Safeguards on exercise of Insurance Act statutory manager's powers and functions
3	(1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, an Insurance Act
4	statutory manager of a body corporate (the body corporate under
5	<i>management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power
6	under section 14A if:
7	(a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and
8 9	(b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of:
10 11	(i) an act of the Insurance Act statutory manager under subsection @14AA(1)-IA; or
12 13	 (ii) Part 3 or 4 of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.
14	(2) This subsection applies if:
15	(a) the body corporate under management is not a general
16	insurer; and
17	(b) the performance or the exercise would result in:
18	(i) the provision of services by the body corporate under
19	management to a related body corporate of the body
20	corporate under management; or
21	(ii) the provision of services by a related body corporate of
22	the body corporate under management to the body
23	corporate under management; or
24	(iii) subject to subsection (4), the transfer of assets between
25	the body corporate under management and another body
26	corporate (otherwise than in the ordinary course of
27	business); and
28 20	(c) the performance or the exercise is not required or permitted by a binding arrangement that was in existence immediately
29 30	before the Insurance Act statutory manager started to be in
31	control of the business of the body corporate under
32	management; and
33	(d) the provision or transfer is not for fair value.
34	(3) This subsection applies if:

110Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2	(a) the body corporate under management is an authorised NOHC of a general insurer; and
3	(b) the performance or the exercise requires using funds of the
4	body corporate or a subsidiary of the body corporate to
5	increase the level of capital of the general insurer to a
6	specified level; and
7 8	(c) the shareholders of the body corporate have not agreed, by ordinary resolution, to that use of the funds.
9	(4) Treat the requirement in subparagraph (2)(b)(iii) as not being met
10	if:
11 12	(a) the body corporate under management is an authorised NOHC of a general insurer; and
13	(b) the transfer of assets mentioned in that subparagraph is a
14	transfer of funds to increase the level of capital of the general
15	insurer to a specified level; and
16	(c) the shareholders of the body corporate have agreed, by
17	ordinary resolution, to that use of the funds.
18	@14AA-IA Insurance Act statutory manager's additional powers to
19	facilitate recapitalisation
20	Powers
21	(1) An Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate that is a
22	company that has a share capital and is registered under the
23	Corporations Act 2001 may do one or more of the following acts
24	on terms determined by the Insurance Act statutory manager:
25	(a) issue shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the company;
26	(b) cancel shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the company;
27	(c) reduce the company's share capital by cancelling any paid-up
28	share capital that is not represented by available assets;
29	(d) sell shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the company;
30 31	(e) vary or cancel rights or restrictions attached to shares in a class of shares in the company.
32 33	Note: Before doing such an act, the Insurance Act statutory manager will usually need to get and consider a report on the fair value of each
34	share or right concerned: see section @14AB-IA.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 111 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

	Giving company members notice of exercise of powers
	(2) As soon as practicable after doing an act described in
	paragraph (1)(a), (b), (c) or (e) or subsection (3), the Insurance Act
	statutory manager must give written notice to the persons who
	were members (under section 231 of the Corporations Act 2001) o
	the company just before the act, identifying the act and explaining its effect on their interests as members.
	(3) One of the acts to which subsection (2) relates is the offering of
	shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the company for sale under
	paragraph (1)(d).
	Exercise of powers despite other laws etc.
	(4) An Insurance Act statutory manager may do an act under
	subsection (1) despite:
	(a) the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; and
	(b) the company's constitution; and
	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the company is party; and
	(d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list
	the company is included.
	Section does not apply to foreign general insurers etc.
	(5) This section does not apply in relation to a body corporate that is:
	(a) a foreign general insurer; or
	(b) a subsidiary of a foreign general insurer; or
	(c) an authorised NOHC of a foreign general insurer.
@14AB	-IA Considering report before acting under section
	@14AA-IA
	Getting and considering report on fair value of shares or rights
	(1) Before determining terms for an act under subsection
	@14AA-IA(1), the Insurance Act statutory manager must:
	(a) obtain a report meeting the requirements in subsection (2) of this section on the fair value of the shares or rights concerned

112Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1	from an expert who is not an associate of the statutory
2 3	manager, or of the company, under Division 2 of Part 1.2 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; and
4	(b) consider the report;
5	unless APRA determines under subsection (8) that this subsection
6	does not apply in relation to that act relating to those shares or
7	rights.
8	Content of report
9	(2) The report must set out:
10	(a) the amount that is, in the expert's opinion, the fair value for
11	each share or right concerned; and
12	(b) the reasons for forming the opinion; and
13	(c) any relationship between the expert and any of the following
14	persons:
15	(i) the Insurance Act statutory manager;
16	(ii) a person who is an associate of the Insurance Act
17	statutory manager under Division 2 of Part 1.2 of the
18	Corporations Act 2001;
19	(iii) the body corporate;
20	(iv) a person who is an associate of the body corporate under
21	Division 2 of Part 1.2 of the Corporations Act 2001;
22	including any circumstances in which the expert gives them
23	advice, or acts on their behalf, in the proper performance of
24	the functions attaching to the expert's professional capacity
25	or business relationship with them; and
26	(d) any financial or other interest of the expert that could
27	reasonably be regarded as being capable of affecting the expert's ability to give an unbiased opinion in relation to the
28 29	matter being reported on.
29	matter being reported on.
30	Determining fair value of shares
31	(3) In determining for the purposes of paragraph $(2)(a)$ the amount that
32	is, in the expert's opinion, the fair value for each share concerned,
33	the expert must:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 113 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	(a) first, assess the value of the company as a whole, in accordance with the assumptions (if any) notified to the
3	expert by the Minister for the valuation of the company; and
4	(b) then allocate that value among the classes of shares in the
5	company that either have been issued or that the Insurance
6	Act statutory manager proposes to issue (taking into account
7	the relative financial risk, and voting and distribution rights,
8	of the classes); and
9	(c) then allocate the value of each class pro rata among the
10	shares in that class that either have been issued or that the
11	Insurance Act statutory manager proposes to issue (without
12	allowing a premium or applying a discount for particular
13	shares in that class).
14	Assumptions for valuation of company
15	(4) The Minister may give the expert written notice of assumptions for
16	the valuation of the company. The Minister may, by further written
17	notice given to the expert, revoke, but not vary, notice of the
18	assumptions. A notice under this subsection is not a legislative
19	instrument.
20	Determining fair value of rights
21	(5) In determining for the purposes of paragraph (2)(a) the amount that
22	is, in the expert's opinion, the fair value for each right concerned,
23	the expert must act in accordance with the assumptions (if any)
24	notified to the expert by the Minister for the valuation of the right.
25	Assumptions for valuation of rights
26	(6) The Minister may give the expert written notice of assumptions for
27	the valuation of the rights concerned. The Minister may, by further
28	written notice given to the expert, revoke, but not vary, notice of
29	the assumptions. A notice under this subsection is not a legislative
30	instrument.
31	Contravention does not invalidate act
32 33	(7) A contravention of subsection (1), (2), (3), (5) or (9) does not affect the validity of anything done under section @14AA-IA.

114Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

Main amendments Part 1

1	Exemption from subsection (1)
2	(8) APRA may determine in writing that subsection (1) does not apply
3	in relation to an act relating to shares or rights if APRA is satisfied
4	that delaying the act to enable compliance with that subsection in
5	relation to the act would detrimentally affect:
6	(a) policyholders with:
7	(i) if the company is a general insurer—the general insurer;
8	or
9	(ii) if the company is not a general insurer—the relevant
10	general insurer mentioned in subsection @13A-IA(1B);
11	and
12	(b) financial system stability in Australia.
13	(9) APRA must:
14	(a) publish a copy of a determination under subsection (8) in the
15	<i>Gazette</i> ; and
16	(b) give a copy of a determination under subsection (8) to the
17	Insurance Act statutory manager concerned (unless that
18	manager is APRA).
19	(10) A determination made under subsection (8) is not a legislative
20	instrument.
21	@14AC-IA Act under section @14AA-IA not ground for denying
22	obligation
23	(1) This section applies if:
24	(a) a body corporate (the <i>contracting body corporate</i>) is party to
25	a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is
26	Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory) or
27	law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a
28	foreign country); and
29	(b) either:
30	(i) an Insurance Act statutory manager of the contracting
31	body corporate does an act under subsection
32	@14AA-IA(1) relating to the contracting body
33	corporate; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 115 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(ii) an Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate
2	that is a related body corporate of the contracting body
3	corporate does an act under subsection @14AA-IA(1)
4	relating to the contracting body corporate.
5	(2) The fact that the Insurance Act statutory manager does the act does
6	not allow the contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the
7	following:
8	(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
9	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
10	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
11	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
10	(2) Subsection (2) does not prevent the contracting hady components
12 13	(3) Subsection (2) does not prevent the contracting body corporate doing any of the following:
13	(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body
14	corporate of the contracting body corporate;
16	(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body
17	corporate of the contracting body corporate;
18	(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related
19	body corporate of the contracting body corporate;
20	(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related
21	body corporate of the contracting body corporate.
22	@14AD-IA APRA may require a person to give information etc. for
23	the purposes of this Division
24	APRA may require person to give information etc.
25	(1) APRA may require a person, by written notice given to the person,
26	to give APRA information, or documents containing information,
27	relating to the business of a body corporate that has an Insurance
28	Act statutory manager if:
29	(a) in a case where the Insurance Act statutory manager is
30	APRA:
31	(i) APRA believes, on reasonable grounds, that the person
32	has such information or documents; and

116Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

	(ii) APRA requires the information or documents for the
	purposes of this Division; and
	(b) in a case where the Insurance Act statutory manager is not APRA:
	(i) the Insurance Act statutory manager requests, in
	writing, that APRA require the person to give the information or documents under this subsection; and
	(ii) APRA believes, on reasonable grounds, that the person
	has such information or documents; and
	(iii) APRA is satisfied that the Insurance Act statutory
	manager requires the information or documents for the
	purposes of this Division.
(2)	The notice:
	(a) must specify a period within which the information or
	documents must be given to APRA; and
	(b) may specify the form and manner in which the information or
	documents must be given to APRA.
(3)	The period specified under paragraph (2)(a) must be reasonable in
	all the circumstances.
	Offence
(4)	A person commits an offence if:
	(a) APRA requires the person to give APRA information or
	documents under subsection (1); and
	(b) the person refuses or fails to give the information or
	documents as required.
	Penalty: Imprisonment for 12 months or 50 penalty units, or both.
	Self-incrimination
(5)	A person is not excused from complying with a requirement under
	subsection (1) to give information or documents on the ground that
	doing so would tend to incriminate the individual or make the
	individual liable to a penalty.
	However, in the case of an individual:

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(a) the information or document given; and
2		(b) giving the information or document; and
3		(c) any information, document or thing obtained as a direct or
4		indirect consequence of giving the information or document;
5		are not admissible in evidence against the individual in a criminal
6		proceeding or a proceeding for the imposition of a penalty, other
7		than a proceeding in respect of the falsity of the information or
8		document.
9		Section @14A-IA not limited
10	(7)	This section does not limit section @14A-IA.
11	@14 B- 1A	Administrator in control—additional powers to
12		recommend action by APRA
13		Types of recommendation
14	(1)	An administrator of a body corporate's business may make any of
15	(-)	the following recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing
16		given to APRA:
17		(a) that APRA make a particular direction under subsection
18		@14D-IA(3) or Division 2 of Part IX in respect of the body
19		corporate;
20		(b) that APRA apply for the body corporate to be wound up;
21		(c) if the body corporate is a general insurer—that APRA revoke
22		the general insurer's authorisation under section 12;
23		(d) if the body corporate is an authorised NOHC-that APRA
24		revoke the authorised NOHC's authorisation under
25		section 18.
26		Effect of recommendation
~~	(2)	If an administrator of a hadre comparete's husiness makes a
27 28	(2)	If an administrator of a body corporate's business makes a recommendation under this section, APRA must consider the
28 29		recommendation under this section, AFRA must consider the recommendation but is not required to act on it.
_,		recommendation but is not required to uct on it.

118Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

1 @14C-IA Insurance Act statutory manager's liabilities and duties

2	Immunity
3	(1) An Insurance Act statutory manager, or a person acting on behalf
4	of an Insurance Act statutory manager, is not subject to any
5	liability (whether civil or criminal) in respect of anything done, or
6	omitted to be done, in the exercise or performance, or the
7	purported exercise or performance, of powers, functions or duties
8	conferred or imposed on the Insurance Act statutory manager by or
9	under this Act.
10	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to an act or omission in bad faith.
11	(3) To avoid doubt, an Insurance Act statutory manager is not liable
12	under section 588G of the Corporations Act 2001 in respect of
13	anything done, or omitted to be done, in the exercise or
14	performance, or the purported exercise or performance, of powers,
15	functions or duties conferred or imposed on the Insurance Act
16	statutory manager by or under this Act. This subsection does not limit the score of subsection (1)
17	limit the scope of subsection (1).
18	(4) Subsection (1) does not limit, and is not limited by any of the
19	following provisions:
20	(a) section 38A, 38B, 127B or 127C;
21	(b) section 58 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority
22	Act 1998.
23	Signpost to secrecy obligations
24	(5) Part 6 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998
25	prohibits certain disclosures of information received by Insurance
26	Act statutory managers under this Act.
27	@14CA-IA Transaction by Insurance Act statutory manager not
28	voidable under 588FE of the Corporations Act 2001
••	
29	A transaction of a body corporate is not voidable under
30	section 588FE of the Corporations Act 2001 merely because:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 119 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(a) the transaction was entered into at a time when an Insurance
2		Act statutory manager was in control of the body corporate's
3		business; and
4		(b) the transaction is:
5		(i) an uncommercial transaction (within the meaning of
6		that Act) of the body corporate; or
7		(ii) an unfair preference (within the meaning of that Act) given by the body corporate to a creditor of the
8 9		company; or
10		(iii) an insolvent transaction (within the meaning of that Act)
11		of the body corporate.
12	@14 D-I A	Administrator in control—additional duties
12		autional autos
13		Duty to report to APRA on request
14	(1)	A person who is an administrator of a body corporate's business
15		must give to APRA a written report showing how the control of the
16		body corporate's business is being carried out if APRA requests
17		that such a report be provided to it. The report must be given to
18		APRA within a reasonable time after the request.
19		Duty to report to APRA on termination of appointment
20	(2)	A person who was an administrator of a body corporate's business
21		must give to APRA a written report showing how the control of the
22		body corporate's business was carried out over the period of the
23		administrator's appointment if the administrator's appointment has
24		been terminated. The report must be given to APRA within a
25		reasonable time of the termination.
26		Duty to follow directions by APRA
27	(3)	APRA may give an administrator of a body corporate's business a
28		direction relating to the control of the body corporate's business,
29		and may alter such a direction. If a direction (including an altered
30		direction) is given to an administrator by APRA, the administrator
31		must:
32		(a) act in accordance with the direction; or

120

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

1 2	(b) immediately provide to APRA information relating to the control of the body corporate's business and request APRA
3	to alter the direction.
4	(4) If an administrator of a body corporate's business requests APRA
5	to alter a direction and APRA considers the request then confirms
6	the direction, the administrator must act in accordance with the
7	direction.
0	@14DAA-IA Administrator in control—additional duties where
8 9	action may affect financial system stability in Australia
10	(1) If an administrator of a body corporate's business has reasonable
11	cause to believe that an action that the administrator proposes to
12	take is an action that is likely to have a detrimental effect on
13	financial system stability in Australia, the administrator must:
14	(a) notify APRA as soon as practicable; and
15	(b) obtain APRA's written consent before taking the action.
16	(2) The administrator is not required to comply with subsection (1) if
17	the administrator is satisfied that it is not reasonably practicable to
18	do so, having regard to urgency or other similar constraint.
19	(3) The performance of a function or the exercise of a power by an
20	administrator is not invalid merely because of a failure by the
21	administrator to comply with this section.
22	@14E-IA Termination of Insurance Act statutory manager's
23	appointment
24	(1) APRA may terminate the appointment of an administrator of a
25	body corporate's business and either appoint another person as
26	administrator of the body corporate's business or itself take control
27	of the body corporate's business if:
28	(a) the administrator contravenes a requirement of this Division;
29	or
30	(b) APRA considers such action necessary to:
31	(i) facilitate the resolution of the body corporate, a relevant
32	group of bodies corporate of which the body corporate is a member, or another member of such a group; or
33	is a memoer, or anomer memoer or such a group; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 121 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(ii) if the body corporate is a general insurer—protect the
2		interests of policyholders of the general insurer; or
3		(iii) promote financial system stability in Australia.
4	(2A)	If:
5		(a) APRA is the statutory manager of a body corporate; and
6		(b) the requirement in paragraph (1)(b) is satisfied;
7		it may cease to be the statutory manager of the body corporate and
8		appoint a person as administrator of the body corporate's business.
9	(3)	This section has effect subject to section @13C-IA.
10	@15-IA E	ffect on directors of Insurance Act statutory manager
11		taking control of a body corporate's business
12	(1)	The directors of a body corporate cease to hold office when an
13		Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the body
14		corporate's business.
15		Note: For the definition of <i>director</i> , see subsection (4).
16	(2)	A director of a body corporate must not be appointed or elected
17		while an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body
18		corporate's business unless the appointment is made under
19		subsection @13C-IA(2).
20	(2A)	The appointment of an agent of a body corporate under section 118
21		ceases to have effect when an Insurance Act statutory manager
22		takes control of the body corporate's business.
23	(2B)	A person must not be appointed as an agent of a body corporate
24		under section 118 while an Insurance Act statutory manager is in
25		control of the body corporate's business unless the appointment is
26		made under subsection @13C-IA(2).
27	(3)	If a person who ceased to hold office as a director of a body
28		corporate under subsection (1), or a purported director of a body
29		corporate appointed or elected in contravention of subsection (2),
30		purports to act in relation to the body corporate's business while an
31 32		Insurance Act statutory manager has control of the body corporate's business, those acts are invalid and of no effect.
52		corporate 5 busiless, those acts are invalid and of no effect.

122

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

Main amendments Part 1

1 2 3 4 5	(3AA)	If a person whose appointment as an agent of a body corporate under section 118 ceased to have effect under subsection (2A) purports to act in relation to the body corporate's business while an Insurance Act statutory manager has control of the body corporate's business, those acts are invalid and of no effect.
6 7	(3A)	Subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not apply in relation to a body corporate that is a foreign general insurer.
8	(3B)	Subsection (3C) applies if:
9 10	<u> </u>	(a) subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not apply in relation to a body corporate because of subsection (3A); and
11 12		(b) an Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the body corporate's business; and
13		(c) a director of the body corporate acts, or purports to act in
14		relation to the body corporate's business while the Insurance
15		Act statutory manager has control of the body corporate's
16		business.
17	(3C)	Those acts are invalid and of no effect to the extent that they relate
18		to:
19 20		(a) the Australian business assets and liabilities of the body corporate; or
21		(b) the management of the body corporate, to the extent that the
22		management relates to the Australian business assets and
23		liabilities of the body corporate.
24	(4)	For the purposes of this section, <i>director</i> has the same meaning as
25		it has in the Corporations Act 2001.
26	@15A-IA	Effect on external administrator of Insurance Act
20		statutory manager taking control of a body corporate's
28		business
20		
29	(1)	The appointment of an external administrator of a body corporate
30		is terminated when an Insurance Act statutory manager takes
31		control of the body corporate's business.
32		Note: For the definition of <i>external administrator</i> , see subsection 5(1).

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 123 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(2)	An external administrator of a body corporate must not be
2		appointed while an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of
3		the body corporate's business unless APRA approves the
4		appointment.
5	(3)	If a person who ceased to be the external administrator of a body
6		corporate under subsection (1), or a purported external
7		administrator of the body corporate appointed in contravention of
8		subsection (2), purports to act in relation to the body corporate's
9		business while an Insurance Act statutory manager has control of
10		the body corporate's business, those acts are invalid and of no
11		effect.
12	(4)	APRA must inform the external administrator of a body corporate
13		that an Insurance Act statutory manager will take control of the
14		body corporate's business as soon as possible after the decision
15		that an Insurance Act statutory manager will take control of the
16		body corporate's business is made. However, failure to inform the
17		external administrator does not affect the operation of this section.
18	(a)15R_IA	Moratoriumeffect of Insurance Act statutory
18	@15B-IA	Moratorium—effect of Insurance Act statutory management on court and tribunal proceedings
18 19	@15B-IA	Moratorium—effect of Insurance Act statutory management on court and tribunal proceedings
		management on court and tribunal proceedingsA person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or
19		management on court and tribunal proceedingsA person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if
19 20		management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body
19 20 21		management on court and tribunal proceedingsA person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if
19 20 21 22	(1)	management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body
19 20 21 22 23	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if:
19 20 21 22 23 24	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if:
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; and
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; and (b) the beginning or continuing of the proceedings is in
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; and
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; and (b) the beginning or continuing of the proceedings is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the court or tribunal imposes.
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; and (b) the beginning or continuing of the proceedings is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the court or tribunal imposes. A person intending to apply for leave of the court under
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; and (b) the beginning or continuing of the proceedings is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the court or tribunal imposes. A person intending to apply for leave of the court under paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 	(1)	 management on court and tribunal proceedings A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business. Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; and (b) the beginning or continuing of the proceedings is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the court or tribunal imposes. A person intending to apply for leave of the court under

124

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2	(4)	APRA may apply to the court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the court or
3		tribunal must have regard to APRA's views in deciding:
4		(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph $(2)(a)$; and
5		(b) if the court or tribunal decides to grant the leave—whether to
6		impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
7		(c) if the court or tribunal decides to impose such terms— the
8		nature of those terms.
9	(5)	Subsection (1) also does not apply if:
10		(a) APRA consents in writing to the proceedings beginning or
11		continuing; or
12		(b) the Insurance Act statutory manager, after considering
13		APRA's views, consents to the proceedings beginning or
14		continuing.
15	(6)	APRA (or the Insurance Act statutory manager) cannot revoke a
16		consent given for the purposes of subsection (5).
17	(6A)	Neither APRA nor the Insurance Act statutory manager is liable to
18		an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal
19		to give consent under subsection (5).
20	(7)	A proceeding in a court or tribunal is covered by this subsection in
21		respect of a body corporate if it is any of the following:
22		(a) a proceeding against the body corporate (including a
23		cross-claim or third party claim against the body corporate);
24		(b) a proceeding in relation to property of the body corporate;
25		(c) a proceeding to enforce any security (including a mortgage or
26		charge) over any property that the body corporate owns, uses,
27		possesses, occupies or in which the body corporate otherwise
28		has an interest.
29	(8)	Subsection (7) does not cover a proceeding in respect of an offence
30		or a contravention of a provision of a law for which a pecuniary
31		penalty (however described) may be imposed.
32	(9)	In this section, a reference to a tribunal includes a reference to the
33		following:
34		(a) an industrial tribunal;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 125 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(b) an arbitral tribunal.
2 3	@15BA-IA	A Moratorium—effect of Insurance Act statutory management on enforcement process regarding property
4 5 6	(1)	No enforcement process in relation to property of a body corporate can be begun or proceeded with if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business.
7 8 9 10 11 12	(2)	 Subsection (1) does not apply if: (a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused hardship if leave were not granted; or (b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes.
13 14 15 16	(3)	A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the Federal Court considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary).
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(3A)	 APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding: (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and (b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and (c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the nature of those terms.
25 26 27 28	(4)	Subsection (1) also does not apply if:(a) APRA consents to the process beginning or continuing; or(b) the Insurance Act statutory manager consents to the process beginning or continuing.
29 30	(5)	APRA (or the Insurance Act statutory manager) cannot revoke a consent given for the purposes of subsection (4).

126

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2 3	(6) Neither APRA nor the Insurance Act statutory manager is liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent under subsection (4).
4	@15BB-IA Moratorium—effect of Insurance Act statutory
5	management on disposal of property
6	(1) A person must not dispose of property if:
7	(a) the property is owned by another person; and
8	(b) the other person is a body corporate; and
9 10	(c) an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business.
11 12	Note: The Federal Court may grant an injunction under section 65A in respect of a contravention of this subsection.
13	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if:
14	(a) APRA consents to the disposal; or
15	(b) the Insurance Act statutory manager consents to the disposal.
16	(3) Neither APRA nor the Insurance Act statutory manager is liable to
17	an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal
18	to give consent under subsection (2).
19 20	@15BC-IA Moratorium—Restrictions on exercise of third party property rights
21	(1) Section 440B of the Corporations Act 2001 applies during a period
22	in which an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body
23	corporate's business in the same way it applies during the
24	administration of a company.
25	(2) For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in
26	paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001 to the
27	administrator's written consent as being a reference to:
28	(a) the Insurance Act statutory manager's written consent; or
29	(b) APRA's written consent.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

127

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2 3	an ac	er APRA nor an Insurance Act statutory manager is liable to tion or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal re consent as mentioned in subsection (2).
4		section applies despite sections @15B-IA, @15BA-IA and
5	@15]	3B-IA.
6	@15BD-IA Mo	ratorium—effect of Insurance Act statutory
7	mana	agement on supply of essential services
8	(1) If:	
9 10	(aa)	an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business; and
11	(a)	the Insurance Act statutory manager requests, or authorises
12		someone else to request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i>)
13		to supply an essential service to the body corporate in
14		Australia; and
15	(b)	the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect
16		of the supply of the essential service before the day on which
17 18		the Insurance Act statutory manager took control of the body corporate's business;
19	the si	ipplier must not:
20		refuse to comply with the request for the reason only that the
20	(0)	amount is owing; or
22	(d)	make it a condition of the supply of the essential service
23		pursuant to the request that the amount is to be paid.
24	Note:	The Federal Court may grant an injunction under section 129D in
25		respect of a contravention of this subsection.
26	(2) In thi	s section:
27	essen	tial service has the same meaning as in section 600F of the
28	Corp	orations Act 2001.

128 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	@15BF-IA	Moratorium—effect of Insurance Act statutory management on annual general meeting
2		
3	(1)	This section applies to a body corporate that is required under
4		section 250N or section 601BR of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to
5		hold an annual general meeting within a particular period.
6	(2)	Despite section 250N and section 601BR of that Act, if an
7		Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body
8		corporate's business at the end of that period, the body corporate
9		need not hold that annual general meeting.
10	@15C-IA	Insurance Act statutory manager being in control not grounds for denial of obligations
11		grounds for demai of obligations
12	(1)	This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract,
13		whether the proper law of the contract is Australian law (including
14		the law of a State or Territory) or law of a foreign country
15		(including the law of part of a foreign country).
16	(2)	None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allow the contract,
17		or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
18		(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
19		(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
20		(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
21		(d) enforce any security under the contract.
22		This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
23	(3)	The matters are as follows:
24		(a) an Insurance Act statutory manager being in control, or being
25		appointed to take control, of the business of the body
26		corporate;
27		(b) an Insurance Act statutory manager being in control, or being
28		appointed to take control, of the business of a related body
29		corporate of the body corporate.
30	(4)	Subsection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of
31		the following:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 129 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body
2	corporate of the body corporate;
3	(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body
4	corporate of the body corporate;
5	(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related
6	body corporate of the body corporate;
7	(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related
8	body corporate of the body corporate.
9	@15D-IA Application of other provisions
10	(1) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect:
11	(a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the
12	operation of the Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act
13	2001 in relation to a body corporate; or
14	(b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other
15	provisions and that Act.
16	(2) The matters are as follows:
17	(a) the appointment of an Insurance Act statutory manager of the
18	body corporate's business under this Division;
19	(b) the fact that an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control
20	of the body corporate's business.
21	(3) The Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013
22	does not apply to a body corporate that has an Insurance Act
23	statutory manager.
24	@16-IA Costs of statutory management
25	(1) APRA's costs (including costs in the nature of remuneration and
26	expenses) of being in control of a body corporate's business, or of
27	having an administrator in control of a body corporate's business,
28	are payable from the body corporate's funds and are a debt due to
29	APRA.
30	(2) Despite anything contained in any law relating to the winding-up
31	of companies, debts due to APRA by a body corporate under

130

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

	subsection (1) have priority in a winding-up of the body corporate over all other unsecured debts.
@16A-IA	APRA must report to Treasurer and publish information about statutory management
	Reports to the Treasurer
(1)	If the Treasurer requests APRA to give him or her a written repor
	concerning the activities of Insurance Act statutory managers in
	respect of specified body corporates or in respect of a specified
	period, APRA must give the Treasurer such a written report within a reasonable time after the Treasurer requests it.
(2)	If an Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of a body
	corporate's business during a financial year, or if there is an
	ultimate termination of control during a financial year, APRA mu
	give the Treasurer a written report within a reasonable time after
	the end of the financial year concerning activities of all Insurance
	Act statutory managers and each ultimate termination of control that occurred during that financial year.
	Requirement to publish notices in Gazette
(3)	If APRA:
	(a) takes control of a body corporate's business; or
	(b) appoints an administrator of a body corporate's business; or
	(c) makes an ultimate termination of control in respect of a bod
	corporate's business;
	APRA must publish notice of that fact in the <i>Gazette</i> . However,
	mere failure to publish such a notice does not affect the validity o
	the act.
	A Exceptions to Part IV of the Competition and Consume Act 2010
	For the purposes of subsection 51(1) of the Competition and
	<i>Consumer Act 2010</i> , the following things are specified and specifically authorised:

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

131

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(a) the acquisition of assets in:
2	(i) a sale or disposal of the whole or part of the business of
3	a body corporate under this Division by an Insurance
4	Act statutory manager in control of the body corporate's
5	business; or
6	(ii) a transfer of insurance business of a general insurer
7	under a scheme prepared by an Insurance Act statutory
8	manager in control of the general insurer's business and
9	confirmed (with or without modifications) by the
10	Federal Court under Division 3A of Part III;
11 12	(whether the assets are shares in another body corporate or other assets);
12	(b) the acquisition of shares in a body corporate as a direct result
13 14	of:
15	(i) the issue or sale of the shares under this Division by an
16	Insurance Act statutory manager in control of the body
17	corporate's business; or
18	(ii) the exercise of a right to acquire shares that was issued
19	or sold under this Division by an Insurance Act
20	statutory manager in control of the body corporate's
21	business.
22	60 Section 62ZQ
23	Repeal the section, substitute:
24	62ZQ Involving APRA in proposed appointment of external
25	administrators of general insurers and NOHCs
26	(1) At least 2 weeks before a person other than APRA:
27	(a) makes an application to a court under Chapter 5 of the
28	<i>Corporations Act 2001</i> for the appointment of an external
29	administrator of a general insurer or of an authorised NOHC
30	of a general insurer; or
31	(b) makes another kind of application (whether or not to a court)
32	for the appointment of an external administrator of a general
33	insurer or of an authorised NOHC of a general insurer; or

132

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1	(c) appoints an external administrator of a general insurer or of
2	an authorised NOHC of a general insurer (otherwise than as
3	the result of an application made by another person);
4	the person must give APRA written notice that the person proposes
5	to make the application or appointment.
6	(2) If there is an approved form for the notice, the person must give the
7	notice in the approved form.
8	(2A) Subsection (1) does not apply if APRA gives the person written
9	notice, before the person makes the application or appointment,
10	that APRA consents to the person making the application or
11	appointment.
12	(3) APRA is entitled to be heard on the application.
13	(4) After receiving the notice, APRA may request the person to
14	provide details of the proposed application.
15	Offence
16	(5) A person (other than APRA) commits an offence if:
17	(a) the person:
18	(i) makes an application to a court under Chapter 5 of the
19	<i>Corporations Act 2001</i> for the appointment of an
20	external administrator of a general insurer or of an
21	authorised NOHC of a general insurer; or
22	(ii) makes another kind of application (whether or not to a
23	court) for the appointment of an external administrator
24	of a general insurer or of an authorised NOHC of a
25	general insurer; or
26	(iii) appoints an external administrator of a general insurer
27	or of an authorised NOHC of a general insurer
28	(otherwise than as the result of an application made by
29	another person); and
30	(b) APRA did not give the person written notice, before the
31	person made the application or appointment, of APRA's
32	consent to the person making the application or appointment,
33	in accordance with subsection (2A); and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 133 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(c) at least 2 weeks before making the application or
2	appointment:
3	(i) if there is an approved form for the purposes of this
4	paragraph—the person did not give APRA notice in the
5	approved form indicating that the person proposed to
6	make the application or appointment; or
7	(ii) otherwise—the person did not give APRA written
8	notice indicating that the person proposed to make the
9	application or appointment.
10	Penalty: 60 penalty units.
11	(6) An offence against subsection (5) is an offence of strict liability.
12	Note: For strict liability, see section 6.1 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> .
13	61 Subsection 62ZR(1)
14	Omit "the winding-up of a general insurer", substitute "the winding-up
15	of an entity covered by subsection (4), or the proposed winding-up of an
16	entity covered by subsection (4)".
17	
	62 At the end of section 62ZR
18	Add:
18 19	
	Add:
19	Add: (4) This subsection covers the following entities:
19 20	Add:(4) This subsection covers the following entities:(a) a general insurer;
19 20 21	 Add: (4) This subsection covers the following entities: (a) a general insurer; (b) an authorised NOHC;
19 20 21 22	 Add: (4) This subsection covers the following entities: (a) a general insurer; (b) an authorised NOHC; (c) a subsidiary of a general insurer or authorised NOHC.
19 20 21 22 23	Add: (4) This subsection covers the following entities: (a) a general insurer; (b) an authorised NOHC; (c) a subsidiary of a general insurer or authorised NOHC. 63 Subsection 62ZS(1)
19 20 21 22 23 24	Add: (4) This subsection covers the following entities: (a) a general insurer; (b) an authorised NOHC; (c) a subsidiary of a general insurer or authorised NOHC. 63 Subsection 62ZS(1) Repeal the subsection, substitute:
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Add: (4) This subsection covers the following entities: (a) a general insurer; (b) an authorised NOHC; (c) a subsidiary of a general insurer or authorised NOHC. 63 Subsection 62ZS(1) Repeal the subsection, substitute: (1) APRA may apply to the Federal Court for directions regarding any matter arising under: (a) the winding-up of an entity covered by subsection 62ZR(4)
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Add: (4) This subsection covers the following entities: (a) a general insurer; (b) an authorised NOHC; (c) a subsidiary of a general insurer or authorised NOHC. 63 Subsection 62ZS(1) Repeal the subsection, substitute: (1) APRA may apply to the Federal Court for directions regarding any matter arising under: (a) the winding-up of an entity covered by subsection 62ZR(4) (whether the winding-up occurs as a result of an application
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 Add: (4) This subsection covers the following entities: (a) a general insurer; (b) an authorised NOHC; (c) a subsidiary of a general insurer or authorised NOHC. 63 Subsection 62ZS(1) Repeal the subsection, substitute: (1) APRA may apply to the Federal Court for directions regarding any matter arising under: (a) the winding-up of an entity covered by subsection 62ZR(4) (whether the winding-up occurs as a result of an application made under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> or by APRA under
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Add: (4) This subsection covers the following entities: (a) a general insurer; (b) an authorised NOHC; (c) a subsidiary of a general insurer or authorised NOHC. 63 Subsection 62ZS(1) Repeal the subsection, substitute: (1) APRA may apply to the Federal Court for directions regarding any matter arising under: (a) the winding-up of an entity covered by subsection 62ZR(4) (whether the winding-up occurs as a result of an application

134

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

	(b) the proposed winding-up of an entity covered by subsection 62ZR(4) (whether the winding-up will occur as a result of an application made, or proposed to be made, unde the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> or by APRA under Division 3 of this Part).	er
64	Subsection 62ZT(1)	
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:	
	 APRA may request a liquidator of an entity covered by subsection 62ZR(4) in writing to give APRA, within a reasonable time specified in the request, specified information in writing about: 	;
	 (a) the winding-up of the entity (whether the winding-up occurs as a result of an application made under the <i>Corporations A</i> 2001 or by APRA under Division 3 of this Part) and the oth affairs of the general insurer; or 	Ct
	(b) the proposed winding-up of the entity (whether the winding-up will occur as a result of an application made, or proposed to be made, under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> or b APRA under Division 3 of this Part) and the other affairs of the general insurer.	у
65	At the end of section 62ZU	
	Add:	
	(3) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) applies even if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of:	
	(a) unless paragraph (b) applies—the general insurer's business or	;;
	(b) if the general insurer is a foreign general insurer—the Australian business assets and liabilities of the foreign general insurer.	
66	At the end of section 62ZV	
	Note: APRA may choose to apply under section 62ZU for an order that a general insurer be wound up. Alternatively, APRA may choose to apply under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> for an order that the general	

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 135 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

 At the end of Part VB Add: ivision 4—Special provisions relating to foreign general insurers ZVB Limited application of this Part to foreign general insurer (1) This Part does not apply in relation to: (a) business of a foreign general insurer (other than Austral business assets and liabilities); or (b) the management of a foreign general insurer, to the exter that the management relates to such business of the foreign general insurer. (2) In this section:
 ivision 4—Special provisions relating to foreign general insurers ZVB Limited application of this Part to foreign general insure This Part does not apply in relation to: business of a foreign general insurer (other than Austral business assets and liabilities); or the management of a foreign general insurer, to the exter that the management relates to such business of the foreign general insurer.
 insurers ZVB Limited application of this Part to foreign general insur (1) This Part does not apply in relation to: (a) business of a foreign general insurer (other than Austral business assets and liabilities); or (b) the management of a foreign general insurer, to the exter that the management relates to such business of the fore general insurer.
 insurers ZVB Limited application of this Part to foreign general insur (1) This Part does not apply in relation to: (a) business of a foreign general insurer (other than Austral business assets and liabilities); or (b) the management of a foreign general insurer, to the exter that the management relates to such business of the fore general insurer.
 (1) This Part does not apply in relation to: (a) business of a foreign general insurer (other than Austral business assets and liabilities); or (b) the management of a foreign general insurer, to the externation that the management relates to such business of the foreign general insurer.
(a) business of a foreign general insurer (other than Austral business assets and liabilities); or(b) the management of a foreign general insurer, to the externation that the management relates to such business of the foreign general insurer.
business assets and liabilities); or(b) the management of a foreign general insurer, to the extent that the management relates to such business of the foreign general insurer.
that the management relates to such business of the fore general insurer.
general insurer.
(2) In this section:
Australian business assets and liabilities, of a foreign generation insurer, means the following:
(a) the assets and liabilities of the foreign general insurer in
Australia;
(b) any other assets and liabilities that the foreign general i has as a result of its operations in Australia.
asset has the same meaning as in the Financial Sector (Busin
Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.
liability has the same meaning as in the Financial Sector (Bu
Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.
After subparagraph 62ZW(a)(i)
Insert:
(ia) that is under statutory management under Divisior of Part VB; or
5

136 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1	69	At the end of section 62ZW
2		Add:
3		; and (d) allows APRA to facilitate a transfer of business from the
4		declared general insurer to a receiving body under the
5		Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999 by
6		entitling the receiving body to amounts in respect of the
7		protected policies.
8	70	Paragraph 62ZZC(1)(a)
9		Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
10		(a) any of the following requirements are satisfied:
11 12		(i) the general insurer is under judicial management under Division 1 of Part VB;
13 14		(ii) the general insurer is under statutory management under Division 1A of Part VB; or
15		(iii) an external administrator for the general insurer has
16		been appointed under Chapter 5 of the Corporations Act
17		<i>2001</i> ; and
18	71	Subsection 62ZZC(1) (note)
19		After "the judicial management" insert "or statutory management".
20	72	After subsection 62ZZF(3)
21		Insert:
22		Interim claims and payments
23		
		(3A) Subsection (3B) applies if:
		(3A) Subsection (3B) applies if:(a) the person is entitled under subsection (2) or (3) to be paid an
24		
24 25		(a) the person is entitled under subsection (2) or (3) to be paid an amount by APRA; and(b) APRA becomes aware that the person has made one or more
24 25 26		 (a) the person is entitled under subsection (2) or (3) to be paid an amount by APRA; and (b) APRA becomes aware that the person has made one or more interim claims for payment of part or parts of that liability;
24 25 26 27 28		 (a) the person is entitled under subsection (2) or (3) to be paid an amount by APRA; and (b) APRA becomes aware that the person has made one or more interim claims for payment of part or parts of that liability; and
24 25 26 27 28 29		 (a) the person is entitled under subsection (2) or (3) to be paid an amount by APRA; and (b) APRA becomes aware that the person has made one or more interim claims for payment of part or parts of that liability; and (c) APRA determines, in accordance with regulations made for
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		 (a) the person is entitled under subsection (2) or (3) to be paid an amount by APRA; and (b) APRA becomes aware that the person has made one or more interim claims for payment of part or parts of that liability; and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 137 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(d) if the regulations prescribe conditions for the purposes of this
2	paragraph—those conditions are met.
3 4	(3B) The person is entitled to be paid by APRA an amount equal to the total amount mentioned in paragraph (3A)(c).
5 6 7	(3C) The person's entitlement under subsection (3B) to be paid an amount discharges, to the extent of that amount, the person's entitlement mentioned in paragraph (3A)(a).
8	73 Subsection 62ZZG(2) (Note)
9 10	Omit "under section 51 of the <i>Insurance Contracts Act 1984</i> ", substitute "under various provisions".
11	74 Subsection 62ZZG(3) (Note 1)
12	Omit "under section 51 of the Insurance Contracts Act 1984", substitute
13	"under various provisions".
14	75 At the end of section 62ZZG
15	Add:
16	Interim claims and payments
17	(4) Subsection (5) applies if:
18	(a) the person is entitled under subsection (2) or (3) to be paid an
19	amount by APRA; and
20	(b) APRA becomes aware that the person has made one or more
21	interim claims for payment of part or parts of that liability;
22	and
23	(c) APRA determines, in accordance with regulations made for
24 25	the purposes of this subsection, the total amount of the interim claims mentioned in paragraph (b); and
25	(d) if the regulations prescribe conditions for the purposes of this
26 27	paragraph—those conditions are met.
28	(5) The person is entitled to be paid by APRA an amount equal to the
29	total amount mentioned in paragraph (4)(c).

138

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2 3		(6) The person's entitlement under subsection (5) to be paid an amount discharges, to the extent of that amount, the person's entitlement mentioned in paragraph (4)(a).
4	76	Subsection 62ZZJ(3)
5 6		Omit "section 51 of the <i>Insurance Contracts Act 1984</i> , or section 601AG of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ,", substitute "any
7		provision mentioned in subsection (4B)".
8	77	Paragraph 62ZZJ(4)(a)
9 10 11		Omit "section 51 of the <i>Insurance Contracts Act 1984</i> , or section 601AG of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ,", substitute "any provision mentioned in subsection (4B)".
12	78	After subsection 62ZZJ(4A)
13		Insert:
14 15		 (4B) The provisions are as follows: (a) section 51 of the <i>Insurance Contracts Act 1984</i>; (b) section (01AC) of the Contract of the
16 17 18		(b) section 601AG of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>;(c) any provision of any law specified in the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph.
19	79	Subsection 62ZZKA(3)
20		Repeal the subsection.
21	80	After subsection 62ZZM
22		Insert:
23		(1A) To avoid doubt, for the purposes of subsection 562(1) of the
24		<i>Corporations Act 2001</i> , the amount taken to have been paid by the
25 26		general insurer to the person under subsection (1) is taken to have been received by the person from the general insurer.
27	81	At the end of Division 3 of Part VC
28		Add:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 139 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

162ZZMAAPRA may make transferred liabilities determination2where transfer of business

3	(1) APRA may make a determination (a <i>transferred liabilities</i>
4	<i>determination</i>) if:
5	(a) a general insurer is a declared general insurer as a result of
6	the Minister having made a declaration under section 62ZZC;
7	and
8	(b) APRA has made, or proposes to make, a determination under
9	section 25 of the Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure)
10	Act 1999 (compulsory transfer determination) that there is to
11	be a total transfer or partial transfer of business from the
12	declared general insurer to a receiving body (within the
13	meaning of that Act); and
14	(ba) the transfer of business will transfer the liabilities of the
15	declared general insurer in respect of one or more protected
16	policies issued by the declared general insurer; and
17	(c) APRA is satisfied that it will be able to identify each of those
18	protected policies; and
19	(d) APRA has worked out an amount (the <i>FCS amount</i>) that is
20	APRA's reasonable estimate of the total amount to which
21	policyholders of those protected policies will be entitled
22	(disregarding the determination) under sections 62ZZF and
23	62ZZG as a result of the Minister's declaration mentioned in
24	paragraph (a); and
25	(e) APRA has worked out a payment amount in accordance with
26	section 62ZZMB; and
27	(f) APRA considers that it is reasonable in the circumstances to
28	make the determination.
29	(1A) However, APRA cannot make the determination if APRA has
30	already issued a certificate of transfer under section 33 of the
31	Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999 stating that
32	the transfer is to take effect.
33	(2) The determination must be in writing.
34	(3) The determination must specify the following:
35	(a) the declared general insurer;

140Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1	(b) the receiving body;
2	(c) a description, in general or detailed terms, of all the protected
3	policies of the declared general insurer;
4	(d) the FCS amount;
5	(e) the payment amount;
6	(f) any other information that APRA considers appropriate.
7	(4) A determination under subsection (1) may be varied, but not
8	revoked, in accordance with subsection 33(3) of the Acts
9	Interpretation Act 1901.
10	(5) A determination made under subsection (1) is not a legislative
11	instrument.
12	62ZZMB Payment amount under transferred liabilities
12	determination
15	
14	(1) For the purposes of paragraph $62ZZMA(1)(e)$, APRA may work
15	out an amount (the <i>payment amount</i>) that:
16	(a) is equal to or less than the FCS amount; and
17	(b) APRA considers to be appropriate.
18	(2) In working out the payment amount, APRA must have regard to
19	the following:
20	(a) the total value of the assets that will be transferred to the
21	receiving body in accordance with the transfer of business;
22	(b) the total value of the liabilities that will be transferred from
23	the declared general insurer to the receiving body in
24	accordance with the transfer of business;
25	(c) any other matter that APRA considers appropriate.
26	62ZZMC Consequences of transferred liabilities determination once
27	certificate of transfer issued
28	Application of section
29	(1) This section applies if:
30	(a) APRA has made a transferred liabilities determination; and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 141 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

	(b) APRA has issued a certificate of transfer under section 33 of the <i>Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999</i> stating that the transfer is to take effect.
	Receiving body entitled to payment amount
(2)	The receiving body is entitled to be paid by APRA an amount equal to the payment amount specified in the determination.
	Reduction of rights and entitlements of policyholder
(3)	A policyholder's entitlement under this Division to be paid an amount in respect of a protected policy with the declared general insurer is reduced to nil, if the transfer of business will transfer the liability of the declared general insurer in respect of that protected policy.
	Declared general insurer liable to APRA for payment amount
(4)	The declared general insurer is liable to pay to APRA an amount equal to the sum of the payment amount specified in the determination.
(5)	That liability is due and payable to APRA when the certificate of transfer comes into force.
62ZZMD	Certain provisions do not apply in relation to entitlement of receiving body as a result of transferred liabilities determination
	To avoid doubt, section 62ZZK, 62ZZKA, 62ZZL and 62ZZM do not apply in relation to an entitlement under subsection 62ZZMC(2).
	raph 62ZZO(b) it "(including a provisional liquidator)".
83 After Inse	paragraph 62ZZO(1)(c) ert:

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2		(d) an administrator appointed under subsection @13A-IA(1) to take control of a general insurer's business.
3	84	Paragraph 62ZZP(1)(b)
4		Omit "(including a provisional liquidator)".
5	85	After paragraph 62ZZP(1)(c)
6		Insert:
7 8 9		 ; or (d) an administrator appointed under subsection @13A-IA(1) to take control of a general insurer's business; or (e) any other person;
10	86	Subsection 62ZZP(1)
11 12		Omit "or judicial manager", substitute ", judicial manager, administrator or other person".
		•
13	87	Paragraph 62ZZP(4)(da)
14		Omit "or report".
15	88	Subsection 62ZZQ(5)
16		Omit "(including a provisional liquidator)".
17	89	Subsection 62ZZQ(7)
18		Omit "(including a provisional liquidator)".
19	90	At the end of section 62ZZQ
20		Add:
21		Requirement made of other person—civil penalty
22		(11) A person mentioned in paragraph 62ZZP(1)(e) must comply with a
23		requirement made of the person under subsection 62ZZP(1).
24		Civil penalty: 200 penalty units.
25	91	Section 103A
26		Before "This Division", insert "(1)".

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 143 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

92	At the end of section 103A
	Add:
	(2) Subsections (3) and (4) apply if:
	(a) APRA has given a recapitalisation direction to the general
	insurer under subsection 103B(1) (the <i>primary</i>
	recapitalisation direction); and
	 (b) the general insurer is a subsidiary of a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary; and
	(c) the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary is a company that:
	(i) is registered under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; and
	(ii) has a share capital; and
	(d) the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary does not have an Insurance A
	statutory manager.
	(3) This Division applies to the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary in the same
	way that it does to a general insurer.
	(4) However, disregard the following provisions in applying this
	Division to the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary:
	(a) subsection 103B(1);
	(b) subsection $103C(1)$.
	(5) In this section:
	NOHC/NOHC subsidiary means a body corporate that is any of
	the following:
	(a) an authorised NOHC;
	(b) a subsidiary of an authorised NOHC.
93	Paragraph 103B(1)(b)
	After "APRA considers that", insert ", in the absence of external
	support".
94	After subsection 103B(1)
	Insert:
	(1A) Subsection (1B) applies if subsections 103A(3) and (4) apply to a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary because of a primary recapitalisation

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2	direction given to a general insurer (as mentioned in subsection 103A(2)).
3 4 5 6	(1B) For the purposes of facilitating compliance with the primary recapitalisation direction, APRA may give the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary a direction (also a <i>recapitalisation direction</i>) that requires the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary to do anything that is
7	specified in the direction.
8 95	After subsection 103B(2)
9	Insert:
10 11	(2A) The regulations may specify that a particular form of support is not external support for the purposes of paragraph (1)(b).
12 96	At the end of section 103B
13	Add:
14 15	(4) A recapitalisation direction may deal with the time by which, or period during which, it is to be complied with.
16 17 18	(5) APRA may, by notice in writing to the general insurer, vary the recapitalisation direction if, at the time of the variation, it considers that the variation is necessary and appropriate.
19 20 21 22	(6) The direction has effect until APRA revokes it by notice in writing to the general insurer. APRA may revoke the direction if, at the time of revocation, it considers that the direction is no longer necessary or appropriate.
23 97	After subsection 103C(1)
24	Insert:
25 26 27	(1A) If the recapitalisation direction is a direction to a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary under subsection 103B(1B), the direction may direct the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary to do any of the following:
28	(a) issue:
29 30	 (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 145 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

 subsidiary of a kind specified in the direction; (b) acquire: (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the general insurer mentioned in subsection 103B(1A); or (ii) other capital instruments in the general insurer mentioned in subsection 103B(1A) of a kind specified in the direction; (c) acquire: (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B); or (ii) other capital instruments in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the
 (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the general insurer mentioned in subsection 103B(1A); or (ii) other capital instruments in the general insurer mentioned in subsection 103B(1A) of a kind specified in the direction; (c) acquire: (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B); or (ii) other capital instruments in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the
 mentioned in subsection 103B(1A); or (ii) other capital instruments in the general insurer mentioned in subsection 103B(1A) of a kind specified in the direction; (c) acquire: (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B); or (ii) other capital instruments in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the
 (ii) other capital instruments in the general insurer mentioned in subsection 103B(1A) of a kind specified in the direction; (c) acquire: (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B); or (ii) other capital instruments in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the
 mentioned in subsection 103B(1A) of a kind specified in the direction; (c) acquire: (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B); or (ii) other capital instruments in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the
 (i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B); or (ii) other capital instruments in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the
corporate covered by subsection (1B); or(ii) other capital instruments in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the
covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the
· ·
direction.
difection.
(1B) This subsection covers a body corporate if:
(a) the body corporate is a subsidiary of the NOHC/NOHC
subsidiary; and
(b) the general insurer is a subsidiary of the body corporate.
(1C) Without limiting the generality of subsections (1), (1A) and (2), but
subject to subsection (3), a direction referred to in those
subsections may:
(a) deal with some only of the matters referred to in those subsections; or
(b) deal with a particular class or particular classes of those matters; or
 (c) make different provision with respect to different matters or different classes of matters.
Subsection 103C(2)
Omit "paragraph (1)(a)", substitute "paragraph (1)(a) or subparagraph (1A)(a)(i), (1A)(b)(i) or (1A)(c)(i)".
Subsection 103C(3)
Omit "paragraph (1)(b)", substitute "paragraph (1)(b) or subparagraph (1A)(a)(ii), (1A)(b)(ii) or (1A)(c)(ii)".

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

Main amendments Part 1

1	100	Subsection 103D(3) (heading)
2		Repeal the heading, substitute:
3		Issue or acquisition of shares etc. despite other laws etc.
4	101	Subsection 103D(3)
5		After "issue", insert "or acquire".
6	102	Paragraph 103D(3)(a)
7 8		After "the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ", insert "(without limiting the scope of section 127B of this Act)".
9	103	Paragraph 103D(3)(d)
10		Omit "(as defined in section 761A of the Corporations Act 2001) of a
11 12		financial market (as defined in that section)", substitute "of a financial market".
13	104	After subsection 103E(1)
14		Insert:
15		(1A) If the recapitalisation direction is a direction to a NOHC/NOHC
16 17		subsidiary under subsection $103B(1B)$, treat the reference in paragraph (1)(a) to "the policyholders of the insurer" as being a
17		reference to "the policyholders of the general insurer mentioned in
19		subsection 103B(1A)".
20	105	At the end of section 103E
21		Add:
22		(4) If the recapitalisation direction is a direction to a NOHC/NOHC
23		subsidiary under subsection $103B(1B)$, treat the references in paragraph (2)(a) to "the insurar" as being a reference to "the
24 25		paragraph (3)(c) to "the insurer" as being a reference to "the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary mentioned in subsection 103B(1B)".
26	106	Section 103K
27		Repeal the section, substitute:

> No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

103K Recapitalisation direction not grounds for denial of obligations 1 (1) This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, 2 whether the proper law of the contract is: 3 (a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or 4 (b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a 5 foreign country). 6 (2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the 7 contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following: 8 (a) deny any obligations under the contract; 9 (b) accelerate any debt under the contract; 10 (c) close out any transaction relating to the contract; 11 (d) enforce any security under the contract. 12 This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4). 13 (3) The matters are as follows: 14 (a) the body corporate being subject to a recapitalisation 15 direction; 16 (b) a related body corporate of the body corporate being subject 17 to a recapitalisation direction. 18 (4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of 19 the following: 20 (a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body 21 corporate of the body corporate; 22 (b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body 23 corporate of the body corporate; 24 (c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related 25 body corporate of the body corporate; 26 (d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related 27 body corporate of the body corporate. 28 107 Subsection 103L(9) 29 Repeal the subsection. 30

148 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 108 Subsection 104(1)

2	Omit "Without limiting subsection (1A), APRA may", substitute
3	"APRA may".

4 **109 Paragraph 104(1)(b)**

5	Omit "and such a contravention is likely to give rise to a prudential
6	risk", substitute "and the direction is reasonably necessary for one or
7	more prudential matters relating to the body corporate".

8 110 Subsection 104(1A)

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

Repeal the subsection, substitute:

- (1AA) APRA may give a body corporate that is a general insurer or is an authorised NOHC a direction of a kind specified in subsection (3) if APRA has reason to believe that:
 - (a) a subsidiary of the body corporate has contravened a provision of this Act, regulations made under this Act, prudential standards, or the *Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001*; or
 (b) a subsidiary of the body corporate is likely to contravene this
 - (b) a subsidiary of the body corporate is likely to contravene this Act, regulations made under this Act, prudential standards, or the *Financial Sector* (*Collection of Data*) Act 2001; or
 - (d) the direction is in respect of a subsidiary of the body corporate and is necessary in the interests of:
 - (i) if the body corporate is a general insurer—policyholders of the general insurer; or
 - (ii) if the body corporate is an authorised NOHC—
 policyholders of any general insurer that is a subsidiary
 of the NOHC; or
 - (e) a subsidiary of the body corporate is, or is about to become, unable to meet the subsidiary's liabilities; or
 - (f) there is, or there might be, a material risk to the security of the assets of a subsidiary of the body corporate; or
 - (g) there has been, or there might be, a material deterioration in the financial condition of a subsidiary of the body corporate; or

149

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(h) a subsidiary of the body corporate is conducting the
2 3	subsidiary's affairs in an improper or financially unsound way; or
	(j) a subsidiary of the body corporate is conducting the
4 5	subsidiary's affairs in a way that may cause or promote
6	instability in the Australian financial system; or
-	(k) a subsidiary of the body corporate is conducting the
7 8	subsidiary's affairs in a way that may cause it to be unable to
8 9	continue to supply services to:
-	
10 11	(i) if the body corporate is a general insurer—the general insurer; or
12	(ii) if the body corporate is an authorised NOHC—any
13	general insurer that is a subsidiary of the NOHC; or
14	(1) the direction is in respect of a subsidiary of the body
15	corporate and the failure to issue a direction would materially
16	prejudice the interests of:
17	(i) if the body corporate is a general insurer—policyholders
18	of the general insurer; or
19	(ii) if the body corporate is an authorised NOHC—
20	policyholders of any general insurer that is a subsidiary
21	of the NOHC.
22	(1AB) However, APRA can only make a direction as a result of a ground
23	referred to in (1AA)(a), (b), (c), (e), (f), (g), (h) or (k) if APRA
24	considers that the direction is reasonably necessary for one or more
25	prudential matters relating to the body corporate.
26	(1AC) APRA may give a body corporate that is a subsidiary of a general
27	insurer or of an authorised NOHC a direction of a kind specified in
28	subsection (3) if:
29	(a) APRA has given the general insurer or authorised NOHC a
30	direction under subsection (1AA) because one or more of the
31	grounds referred to in that subsection have been satisfied in
32	respect of the subsidiary; or
33	(b) APRA may give the general insurer or authorised NOHC a
34	direction under subsection (1AA) because one or more of the
35	grounds referred to in that subsection have been satisfied in
36	respect of the subsidiary.

150

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2 3	(1AD) APRA cannot give a direction under subsection (1AC) to a body corporate of a kind specified in regulations (if any) made for the purposes of this subsection.
4	(1AE) Subsections (1), (1AA) and (1AC) do not limit each other.
5 1 1	1 Paragraph 104(2)(b)
6	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
7	(b) specify:
8 9 10	(i) in the case of a direction under subsection (1AC)— the ground referred to in subsection (1AA) as a result of which the direction is given; or
11 12	(ii) otherwise—the ground referred to in subsection (1) or (1AA) as a result of which the direction is given
13 1 1	2 After subsection 104(2)
14	Insert:
15	APRA may disregard external support
16 17 18	(2A) In deciding whether to give a direction under subsection (1), (1AA) or (1AC) to a body corporate, APRA may disregard any external support for the body corporate.
19 20	(2B) The regulations may specify that a particular form of support is not external support for the purposes of subsection (2A).
21 11	13 Paragraph 104(3)(u)
22	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
23	(u) to make changes to the body corporate's systems, business
24	practices or operations;
25	(v) to reconstruct, amalgamate or otherwise alter all or part of
26	any of the following:
27 28	(i) the business, structure or organisation of the body corporate;
29	(ii) the business, structure or organisation of the group
30	constituted by the body corporate and its subsidiaries;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 151 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	(w) to do, or to refrain from doing, anything else in relation to the affairs of the body corporate.
3	114 After subsection 104(4)
4	Insert:
5 6 7	(4A) Without limiting the generality of paragraph (3)(w), a direction under that paragraph to a foreign general insurer may be any one or more of the following:
8 9	(a) a direction that the foreign general insurer act in a way so as to ensure that:
10 11 12 13 14	 (i) a particular asset, or a particular class of assets, of the foreign general insurer is returned to the control (however described) of the part of the foreign general insurer's insurance business that is carried on in Australia; or
15 16 17 18 19	 (ii) a particular liability, or a particular class of liabilities, of the foreign general insurer ceases to be the responsibility (however described) of the part of the foreign general insurer's insurance business that is carried on in Australia;
20 21	(b) a direction that the foreign general insurer not act in a way that has the result that:
22 23 24 25 26	 (i) a particular asset, or a particular class of assets, of the foreign general insurer ceases to be under the control (however described) of the part of the foreign general insurer's insurance business that is carried on in Australia; or
27 28 29 30 31	 (ii) a particular liability, or a particular class of liabilities, of the foreign general insurer becomes the responsibility (however described) of the part of the foreign general insurer's insurance business that is carried on in Australia.
32 33	(4B) The kinds of direction that may be given as mentioned in subsection (3) are not limited by any other provision in this Part.

152

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 2 3	(4C) The kinds of direction that may be given as mentioned in a particular paragraph of subsection (3) are not limited by any other paragraph of that subsection.
4	115 Subsections 105(1) to (2)
5	Repeal the subsections, substitute:
6 7	 This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is:
8 9 10	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
11 12	(1A) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (1B) allows the contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
13	(a) deny any obligations under the contract;(b) appellerate any debt under the contract;
14 15	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
16	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
17	This subsection has effect subject to subsections (1C), (2) and (3).
18	(1B) The matters are as follows:
19 20	(a) the body corporate being subject to a direction by APRA under section 104;
21 22 23	(b) a body corporate that is a related body corporate of the body corporate being subject to a direction by APRA under section 104.
24 25	(1C) Subsection (1A) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of the following:
26	(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body
27	corporate of the body corporate;
28 29	(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
30 31	(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
32 33	(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 153 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(2) If the body corporate is prevented from fulfilling its obligations
2	under the contract because of a direction under section 104, other
3	than a direction under paragraph $104(3)(t)$, the other party or
4	parties to the contract are, subject to any orders made under
5	subsection (3) of this section, relieved from obligations owed to the
6	body corporate under the contract.
7	116 Section 107
8	Repeal the section.
9	117 At the end of Part IX
10	Add:
11	Division 3—Secrecy and disclosure provisions relating to
	all directions
12	an un ections
13 14	109 APRA may determine that a direction is covered by secrecy provision
14	•
15	(1) This section applies if APRA has given an entity (the <i>directed</i>
16	<i>entity</i>) a direction under this Act.
17	(2) APRA may determine, in writing, that the direction is covered
18	under this subsection if APRA considers that the direction is
19 20	necessary to protect the policyholders of any general insurer or to promote financial system stability in Australia.
21	Note: For repeal of a determination, see subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts</i>
22	Interpretation Act 1901.
23	(3) APRA must give the directed entity a copy of the determination as
24	soon as practicable after making it.
25	(4) An instrument under subsection (2) is not a legislative instrument.
26	(5) If APRA makes a determination under subsection (2), APRA must
27	consider whether it is appropriate in the circumstances to also
28	make a determination under either or both of subsections $109C(2)$
29	and 109C(5).

154

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 **109A** Secrecy relating to directions

2	(1) A person commits an offence if:
3	(a) APRA has given an entity (the <i>directed entity</i>) a direction
4	under this Act; and
5 6	(b) the direction is covered by a determination under subsection 109(2); and
7	(c) the person is, or has been, covered by subsection (2) of this
8	section in relation to the direction; and
9	(d) the person discloses information; and
10	(e) the information reveals the fact that the direction was made.
11	Penalty: Imprisonment for 2 years.
12	(2) A person is covered by this subsection in relation to the direction if
13	the person is:
14	(a) the directed entity; or
15	(b) an officer, employee or contractor of the directed entity at a
16	time on or after APRA gave the directed entity the direction.
17	(c) any other person who, because of his or her employment, or
18	in the course of that employment, has acquired information
19	that reveals the fact that the direction was made.
20	Exception
21	(3) Subsection (1) does not apply if:
22	(a) the disclosure is authorised by section 109B, 109C, 109D,
23	109E or 109F; or
24	(b) the disclosure is required by an order or direction of a court
25	or tribunal.
26	Note: A defendant bears an evidential burden in relation to a matter in
27	subsection (2) (see subsection 13.3(3) of the <i>Criminal Code</i>).
28	109B Disclosure of publicly available information
29	A person covered by subsection 109A(2) in relation to a direction
30	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
31	made, to the extent that the information has already been lawfully
32	made available to the public.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 155 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1 109C Disclosure allowed by APRA

2 3 4	 A person covered by subsection 109A(2) in relation to a direction may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was made if:
5	(a) a determination under subsection (2) allows the disclosure by the person; and
7 8	(b) if APRA has included conditions in the determination—those conditions are satisfied.
9	Determinations relating to specified person
10	(2) APRA may, in writing, make a determination allowing:
11	(a) a specified person covered by subsection 109A(2) in relation
12	to a specified direction; or
13	(b) a specified person covered by subsection 109A(2) in relation
14	to a direction that is in a specified class of directions;
15	to disclose specified information in relation to the direction.
16	(3) An instrument under subsection (2) is not a legislative instrument.
17 18	(4) APRA must give a copy of the determination as soon as practicable after making it to:
19	(a) the directed entity; and
20	(b) the person specified, or each person specified, in the
21	determination.
22	Determinations relating to specified class of persons
23	(5) APRA may, by legislative instrument, make a determination
24	allowing:
25	(a) a specified class of persons covered by subsection 109A(2) in
26	relation to a specified direction; or
27	(b) a specified class of persons covered by subsection 109A(2) in
28	relation to a direction that is in a specified class of directions;
29	to disclose specified information in relation to the direction.

156

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

Main amendments Part 1

	Conditions in determinations
	(6) APRA may include conditions in a determination under
	subsection (2) or (5) that relate to any of the following:
	(a) the kind of entities to which the disclosure may be made;
	(b) the way in which the disclosure is to be made;
	(c) any other matter that APRA considers appropriate.
109D	Disclosure to legal representative for purpose of seeking legal
	advice
	A person covered by subsection 109A(2) in relation to a direction
	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was made if:
	(a) the disclosure is to the person's legal representative; and
	(b) the purpose of the person making the disclosure is for the
	legal representative to provide legal advice, or another legal
	service, in relation to the direction.
109E	Disclosure allowed by APRA Act secrecy provision
	(1) A person covered by subsection 109A(2) in relation to a direction
	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
	made if:
	(a) the person is:
	(i) an APRA member (within the meaning of
	subsection 56(1) of the Australian Prudential
	Regulation Authority Act 1998); or
	(ii) an APRA staff member (within the meaning of that subsection); or
	(iii) a Commonwealth officer (within the meaning of the
	Crimes Act 1914) who is covered by paragraph (c) of
	the definition of "officer" in subsection 56(1) of the
	Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998; and
	(b) the information is protected information (within the meaning
	of that subsection), or is contained in a protected document
	(within the meaning of that subsection); and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 157 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(c) the disclosure is in accordance with subsection $56(3)$, (4), (5),
2	(5AA), (6), (6A), (7), (7A), (7B) or (7C) of that Act.
3	Relationship to APRA Act secrecy provision
4	(2) Disclosure of information in relation to a direction is not an
5	offence under section 56 of the Australian Prudential Regulation
6 7	Authority Act 1998 if the disclosure is authorised by section 109B, 109C, 109D, 109F or 109G.
8	109F Disclosure in circumstances set out in the regulations
9	A person covered by subsection 109A(2) in relation to a direction
10	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
11	made, if the disclosure is made in circumstances (if any) set out in
12	the regulations.
13	109G Disclosure for purpose
14 15 16	A person covered by subsection 109A(2) (the <i>relevant person</i>) in relation to a direction may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was made if:
17	(a) another person covered by subsection $109A(2)$ in relation to
18	the direction disclosed that information to the relevant person
19	for a particular purpose in accordance with section 109C,
20 21	109D, 109E or 109F, or in accordance with a previous operation of this section; and
22	(b) the disclosure by the relevant person is for the same purpose.
23	109H Exceptions operate independently
24	Sections 109B, 109C, 109D, 109E, 109F and 109G do not limit
25	each other.
26	118 After section 127A
27	Insert:

158Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2

1 **127B Protection from liability—general**

2 3 4 5 6	(1) A person is not subject to any liability to any person in respect of anything done, or omitted to be done, in good faith and without negligence in the exercise or performance, or the purported exercise or performance, of powers, functions or duties under this Act.
7 8 9	(2) To avoid doubt, any information provided by a person to APRA under section 49B is taken, for the purposes of subsection (1), to be provided in the exercise of a power or the performance of a
10	function under this Act.
11 12 13	(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person referred to in section 58 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998 and, to avoid doubt, does not affect the operation of that section.
14	127C Protection from liability—directions and secrecy
15	(1) An action, suit or proceeding (whether criminal or civil) does not
16	lie against a person in relation to anything done, or omitted to be
17	done, in good faith by the person if:
18 19	(a) the person does the thing, or omits to do the thing, for the purpose of any of the following:
20 21	(i) complying with a direction under this Act given by APRA to a body corporate;
22	(ii) complying with section 109A (secrecy); and
23 24	(b) it is reasonable for the person to do the thing, or to omit to do the thing, in order to achieve that purpose; and
25	(c) the person is any of the following:
26	(i) an officer or senior manager of the body corporate, of a
27	subsidiary of the body corporate, of an authorised
28	NOHC of the body corporate or of a subsidiary of an
29	authorised NOHC of the body corporate;
30	(ii) an employee or agent of the body corporate, of a
31	subsidiary of the body corporate, of an authorised
32 33	NOHC of the body corporate or of a subsidiary of an authorised NOHC of the body corporate.
34	(2) In subsection (1):

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 159 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 2 Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Part 1 Main amendments

1	employee of a body corporate includes a person engaged to provide
2	advice or services to the body corporate.
3	officer has the meaning given by section 9 of the Corporations Act
4	2001.
5	127D Protection from liability—provisions do not limit each other
6	The following provisions do not limit the operation of each other:
7	(a) section @14C-IA;
8	(b) section 38A;
9	(c) section 38B;
10	(d) section 127B;
11	(e) section 127C;
12	(f) section 62ZM;
13	(g) section 58 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority
14	Act 1998.
15	127E Act has effect despite the Corporations Act
16	This Act has effect despite any provision of the Corporations Act
17	2001.
18	119 After section 129
19	129AA Institution of offence proceedings no bar to judicial
20	management or winding up
21	The institution of proceedings against a body corporate for an
22	offence against this Act or the Financial Sector (Collection of
23	Data) Act 2001 does not prevent the institution of proceedings for:
24	(a) the judicial management; or
25	(b) the winding-up;
26	of the body corporate on a ground that relates to the matter that constitutes the offence.
27	constitutes the offence.

160

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Insurance Act 1973 Schedule 2 Consequential amendments Part 2

Part 2—Consequential amendments

2 **120 Subsection 38A(2)**

Omit "related body corporate" (wherever occurring), substitute "whistleblower related body corporate".

5 **121 Subsection 38A(3)**

Omit "*related body corporate*", substitute "*whistleblower related body corporate*".

8 **122** Subsection 38E(1)

9 Omit "related body corporate" (wherever occurring), substitute 10 "whistleblower related body corporate".

Part 3—Application provisions

- 12 [These provisions will be drafted following exposure.
- 13

3

4

6

7

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 161 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

Schedule 3—Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995

Lij	fe Insurance Act 1995
1	After paragraph 3(2)(d)
	Insert:
	 (da) providing for statutory management of life companies and related entities, so as to protect the interests of policy owne and financial system stability in Australia;
2	After section 15
	Insert:
15 A	A Relevant group of bodies corporate
	For the purposes of this Act:
	(a) a life company and its subsidiaries together constitute a
	relevant group of bodies corporate; and
	 (b) a registered NOHC and its subsidiaries together also constitute a <i>relevant group of bodies corporate</i>.
3 \$	Section 16 (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:
16	Related bodies corporate and subsidiaries
4 \$	Section 16ZE
	Repeal the section, substitute:
167	ZE Limited application of Act to eligible foreign life insurance companies
	(1) Part 8 does not apply in relation to:

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1	(a) business of an eligible foreign life insurance company (other
2	than Australian business assets and liabilities); or
3	(b) the management of an eligible foreign life insurance
4	company, to the extent that the management relates to such
5	business of the eligible foreign life insurance company.
6	(2) This Act (apart from Part 8) does not apply in relation to life
7	insurance business carried on outside Australia by an eligible
8	foreign life insurance company.
9	(3) In this section:
10	Australian business assets and liabilities, of an eligible foreign
11	life insurance company, means the following:
12	(a) the assets and liabilities of the eligible foreign life insurance
13	company in Australia;
14	(b) any other assets and liabilities that the eligible foreign life
15	insurance company has as a result of its operations in
16	Australia.
17 18	asset has the same meaning as in the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.
19 20	<i>liability</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Financial Sector</i> (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.
21	5 Section 22
22	Repeal the section, substitute:
23	22 Conditions on registration
24	(1) APRA may, at any time, by giving written notice to a company:
25	(a) impose conditions, or additional conditions, on the
26	company's registration under section 21; or
27	(b) vary or revoke conditions imposed on the company's
28	registration under section 21.
29	The conditions must relate to prudential matters.
30	(2) A condition may be expressed to have effect despite anything in
31	the prudential standards.
	-

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 163 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(3) Without limiting the conditions that APRA may impose on a				
2	registration, APRA may make the registration conditional on a				
3	body corporate, of which the company is a subsidiary, being an				
4	authorised NOHC.				
5	(4) If APRA imposes, varies or revokes the conditions on a company's				
6	registration, APRA must:				
7	(a) give written notice to the company; and				
8 9	(b) ensure that notice that the action has been taken is published in the <i>Gazette</i> .				
10 11	(5) The taking of an action is not invalid merely because of a failure to comply with subsection (4).				
12	22A Breach of registration conditions				
13	(1) A company commits an offence if:				
14	(a) the company does an act or fails to do an act; and				
15	(b) doing the act or failing to do the act results in a contravention				
16	of a condition of the company's registration under section 21;				
17	and				
18	(c) there is no determination in force under section 7A that this				
19	subsection does not apply to the company.				
20	Penalty: 300 penalty units.				
21	(2) If an individual:				
22	(a) commits an offence against subsection (1) because of Part 2.4				
23	of the Criminal Code; or				
24	(b) commits an offence under Part 2.4 of the Criminal Code in				
25	relation to an offence against subsection (1);				
26	he or she is punishable, on conviction, by a fine not exceeding 60				
27	penalty units.				
28	(3) An offence against this section is an offence of strict liability.				
29	Note 1: For strict liability, see section 6.1 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> .				
30	Note 2: Chapter 2 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> sets out the general principles of				
31	criminal responsibility.				

164

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

EXPOSURE DRAFT Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 6 Section 26

2

3

Repeal	the	section,	substitute:

26 When APRA may revoke registration

4	(1) APRA may revoke (in writing) a company's registration under
5	section 21 if APRA is satisfied that the company has no liabilities
6	in respect of life insurance business carried on by it in Australia
7	and that:
8	(a) the company has failed to comply with:
9	(i) a requirement of this Act (including the requirement to
10	comply with the prudential standards) or of an
11	instrument made for the purposes of this Act; or
12	(ii) a requirement of the Financial Sector (Collection of
13	<i>Data) Act 2001</i> ; or
14	(iia) a requirement of a provision of another law of the
15	Commonwealth, if the provision is specified in the
16	regulations; or
17	(iii) a direction under this Act; or
18	(iv) a condition of the company's registration; or
19	(b) it would be contrary to the national interest for the
20	registration to remain in force; or
21	(c) the company has failed to pay:
22	(i) an amount of levy or late penalty to which the <i>Financial</i>
23	Institutions Supervisory Levies Collection Act 1998
24	applies; or
25	(ii) an amount of charge fixed under section 51 of the
26	Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998; or
27	(d) the company is insolvent and is unlikely to return to solvency
28	within a reasonable period of time; or
29	(e) the company has inadequate capital and is unlikely to have
30	adequate capital within a reasonable period of time; or
31	(f) the company has ceased to carry on life insurance business in
32	Australia; or
33	(g) the company has not, within the period of 12 months after it
34	was granted a registration, carried on life insurance business
35	in Australia; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 165 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(h) both of the following apply:
2	(i) the company is a foreign corporation within the
3	meaning of paragraph $51(xx)$ of the Constitution;
4	(ii) an authorisation (however described) for the company
5	to carry on life insurance business in a foreign country
6	has been revoked or otherwise withdrawn in that foreign
7	country.
8	(2) Before revoking a company's registration, APRA must give
9	written notice to the company advising it that:
10	(a) APRA is considering revoking the registration for the reasons
11	specified; and
12	(b) the company may make submissions about the revocation to
13	APRA, in accordance with the notice, by a specified date
14	(which must be at least 90 days after the notice is given).
15	(3) To avoid doubt, APRA may give a notice under subsection (2) to a
16	company even if, at the time the notice is given, APRA is not
17	satisfied that the company has no liabilities in respect of life
18	insurance business carried on by it in Australia.
19	(4) If APRA gives a notice under subsection (2) to a company, APRA
20	must not revoke the company's registration until after the date
21	specified in the notice, and after consideration of any submission,
22	as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b).
23	(5) APRA may decide that subsection (2) does not apply if APRA is
24	satisfied that complying with that subsection could result in a delay
25	in revocation that would be contrary to the national interest.
26	(6) If APRA revokes a company's registration, APRA must:
27	(a) give written notice to the company; and
28	(b) ensure that notice of the revocation is published in the
29	Gazette.
30	(7) A revocation is not invalid merely because of a failure to comply
31	with subsection (5).

166

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

7 Subsection 27(1)

2 3 4 5 6	Omit "APRA may cancel (under this section) the registration under section 21 of the company by giving the company written notice of cancellation", substitute "APRA may revoke (under this section) the registration under section 21 of the company by giving the company written notice of revocation".
7 8	Subsection 27(2)
8	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
9 10 11	(2) Revocation under this section of the registration of a company takes effect when APRA gives the company written notice of revocation.
12 9	At the end of Division 1 of Part 3
13	Add:
14 2	7A Assignment of liabilities to enable revocation
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) If APRA considers that it would, under section 26, revoke a company's registration if the company had no liabilities in respect of life insurance business carried on by it in Australia, APRA may direct the company to arrange, subject to APRA's approval, to assign those liabilities to one or more other companies that are registered under section 21. The company must effect the assignment of the liabilities within the period specified in the direction and comply with such conditions relating to the
23	assignment as are specified by APRA in the direction.
24	(2) Subsection (1) has effect despite subsection 190(1).
25 26 27 28	Note: A company that has asked APRA for a revocation under section 27 may, for the purpose of obtaining the revocation, make an application to the Court under Part 9 for an order transferring the company's life insurance business to another company.
29 30 31	(3) A company must not assign its liabilities under this section, and a purported assignment under this section is of no effect, unless the assignment is approved by APRA under subsection (4).

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

167

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(4) APRA may only approve a proposed assignment of a company's
2	liabilities under this section if APRA is satisfied that the
3	assignment is appropriate, having regard to:
4	(a) the interests of the company's policy owners; and
5	(b) the interests of the policy owners of the company or
6	companies to which the liabilities are to be assigned; and
7	(c) the national interest; and
8	(d) any other matter APRA considers relevant.
9	The approval must be in writing and may be made subject to
10	specified conditions.
11	(5) If a company (the <i>first company</i>) accepts an assignment of
12	liabilities from another company (the second company) approved
13	by APRA under subsection (4), the following are taken to have
14	occurred:
15	(a) policies in respect of which liability is accepted by the first
16	company (the <i>transferring policies</i>) are to be treated for all
17	purposes as if each policy had been transferred by novation from the second company to the first company.
18	from the second company to the first company;
19	(b) a policy owner of a transferring policy is taken to have the same rights against the first company as the person would
20 21	have against that company had the person's policy been
21	transferred by novation to the first company;
23	(c) the rights of the first company against policy owners of
23	transferring policies are the same as they would be had the
25	transferring policies been transferred by novation to the first
26	company from the second company.
27	(6) If APRA approves an assignment, the company must:
28	(a) comply with the conditions on the approval; and
29	(b) give reasonable notice (in writing) of the assignment to the
30	company's policy owners; and
31	(c) give APRA such written evidence of the assignment as
32	APRA reasonably requires.
33	(7) An assignment of liabilities under this section may include the
34	assignment of any rights or benefits in connection with life policies
35	in respect of the life insurance business carried on in Australia by
36	the company concerned.

168

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

(0)	A direction under subsection (1) has effect despite anything in the <i>Insurance Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1991</i> .
(9)	A company commits an offence if:
	(a) the company does, or fails to do, an act; and
	(b) by doing or failing to do the act, the company fails to comply
	with a direction under this section.
	Penalty: 300 penalty units.
(10)	If an individual:
	(a) commits an offence against subsection (9) because of Part 2.4 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> ; or
	(b) commits an offence under Part 2.4 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> in relation to an offence against subsection (9);
	he or she is punishable, on conviction, by a fine not exceeding 60
	penalty units.
(11)	An offence against this section is an offence of strict liability.
	Note 1: For strict liability, see section 6.1 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> .
	Note 2: Chapter 2 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> sets out the general principles of criminal responsibility.
10 Sectio	on 28
Omi	it "cancels a company's registration by a notice under
	section $26(2)$ or $27(1)$, the notice may state that the registration
	inues in effect in relation to a specified matter or specified period,
	hough the cancellation", substitution "revokes a company's statistic hubble reprint $26(1)$ or $27(1)$, the notice may
-	stration by a notice under subsection $26(1)$ or $27(1)$, the notice may e that the registration continues in effect in relation to a specified
	ter or specified period, as though the revocation".
11 At the	end of Division 2 of Part 3
Add	:
28AA AP	RA may give notice to ensure that life company has a registered NOHC
(1)	This section applies if:

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	(a) a body corporate is a holding company of a life company; and
3	(b) the life company is not a subsidiary of a registered NOHC.
4	(2) APRA may by notice in writing to the body corporate, require it to
5 6	ensure, in accordance with the conditions (if any) specified in the notice, that either of the following occurs:
7	(a) the body corporate becomes a registered NOHC of the life
8	company;
9 10	 (b) a subsidiary of the body corporate becomes a registered NOHC of the life company.
11 12 13	Note: See Part 4A of the <i>Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999</i> for other provisions that deal with a restructure arrangement to make an operating body a subsidiary of a NOHC.
14 15	(3) The notice may deal with the time by which, or period during which, it is to be complied with.
	*
16	(4) The body corporate has power to comply with the notice despite
17 18	anything in its constitution or any contract or arrangement to which it is a party.
19	(5) APRA may, by notice in writing to the body corporate, vary the
20 21	notice mentioned in subsection (2) if, at the time of the variation, it considers that the variation is necessary and appropriate.
22	(6) The notice mentioned in subsection (2) has effect until APRA
23	revokes it by notice in writing to the body corporate. APRA may
24	revoke the notice mentioned in subsection (2) if, at the time of
25	revocation, it considers that the notice is no longer necessary or
26	appropriate.
27	(7) Section 230F applies in relation to a notice to a body corporate
28	under subsection (2) in the same way in which it applies to a
29	direction to a life company under section 230B.
30	(8) However, section 230F does not apply to a contravention by a body
31	corporate of a requirement in a notice under subsection (2) if:
32	(a) the contravention happens merely because APRA refuses to
33 34	register the body corporate (or its subsidiary) under Division 2 of Part 3; and

170

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1 2 3		(b) APRA's reasons for that refusal do not include the reason that one or more conditions specified in the notice are not satisfied.
4	12	Subparagraph 28C(1)(a)(iii)
5		Repeal of subparagraph, substitute:
6		(iii) a direction under this Act to the authorised NOHC; or
7	13	Paragraph 43(3)(c)
8 9 10		Omit "a statutory fund in a related company that is not a subsidiary of the life company", substitute "a statutory fund in a company that is related to the life company but is not a subsidiary of the life company".
11	14	Subsection 88A(1)
12		Omit "(1)".
13	15	Subsection 88A(2)
14		Repeal the subsection.
15	16	Subsection 98A(1)
16		Omit "(1)".
17	17	Subsection 98A(2)
18		Repeal the subsection.
19	18	After Division 1 of Part 8
20		Insert:
21	Di	vision 1AA—Statutory management of life company
22	Su	bdivision A—General provisions relating to statutory
23		management
24	[Th	e following provisions will be renumbered in the final version of the
25		legislation.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 171 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

@13A-LIA Consequences of inability or failure of life company etc. 1 to meet certain requirements 2 Appointment of administrator or control by APRA 3 (1) APRA may take control of a life company's business or appoint an 4 administrator to take control of the life company's business if both 5 of the following requirements are met: 6 (a) APRA is satisfied of the matters of which the Federal Court 7 is required to be satisfied for the purposes of section 158 or 8 159: 9 (b) subsection (1A) applies. 10 (1A) This subsection applies if APRA is satisfied that at least one of the 11 following situations exists: 12 (a) both: 13 (i) an AFS statutory manager has taken control of a body 14 corporate under this Act, the Banking Act 1959 or the 15 Insurance Act 1973 (or APRA intends for that to occur); 16 and 17 (ii) the life company and the body corporate are related 18 19 bodies corporate; (b) both: 20 (i) the life company's financial position is deteriorating 21 rapidly, or is likely to deteriorate rapidly; and 22 (ii) failure to respond quickly to the deterioration would be 23 likely to prejudice the interests of policy owners of the 24 life company; 25 (c) it is likely that the life company will be unable to carry on 26 life insurance business in Australia consistently with the 27 stability of the financial system in Australia. 28 (d) an external administrator has been appointed to a holding 29 company of the life company (or a similar appointment has 30 been made in a foreign country in respect of such a holding 31 company), and the appointment poses a significant threat to: 32 (i) the operation or soundness of the life company; or 33 (ii) the interests of policy owners of the life company; or 34 (iii) the stability of the financial system in Australia; or 35

172

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1	(e) if the life company is an eligible foreign life insurance
2	company:
3	(i) an application for the appointment of an external
4	administrator of the eligible foreign life insurance
5	company, or for a similar procedure in respect of the
6 7	eligible foreign life insurance company, has been made in a foreign country;
8	(ii) an external administrator has been appointed to the
9	eligible foreign life insurance company, or a similar
10	appointment has been made in respect of the eligible
11	foreign life insurance company, in a foreign country.
12	Appointment of administrator, or control by APRA
13	(1B) APRA may take any of the actions mentioned in subsection (1C) in
14	relation to a body corporate (the <i>target body corporate</i>) if:
15	(a) the target body corporate is a body corporate that is any of
16	the following:
17	(i) a registered NOHC of a life company (the <i>relevant life</i>
18	company);
19 20	(ii) a subsidiary of a registered NOHC of a life company (also the <i>relevant life company</i>);
21	(iii) a subsidiary of a life company (also the <i>relevant life</i>
22	<i>company</i>); and
23	(b) the condition in subsection (1D), (1E) or (1F) is satisfied; and
24	(c) the target body corporate is not a body corporate of a kind
25	specified in regulations (if any) made for the purposes of this
26	paragraph.
27	(1C) The actions are as follows:
28	(a) taking control of the business of the target body corporate;
29	(b) appointing an administrator to take control of the business of
30	the target body corporate.
31	(1D) The condition in this subsection is satisfied if:
32	(a) either:
33	(i) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager has taken
34	control of the relevant life company; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 173 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(ii) the conditions in paragraphs (1)(a) and (b) are satisfied
2	in relation to the relevant life company, and APRA intends that a Life Insurance Act statutory manager will
3 4	take control of the relevant life company; and
	(b) APRA considers that the target body corporate provides
5 6	services that are, or conducts business that is, essential to the
0 7	capacity of the relevant life company to maintain its
8	operations.
9	(1E) The condition in this subsection is satisfied if:
10	(a) either:
11	(i) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager has taken
12	control of the relevant life company; or
13	(ii) the conditions in paragraphs (1)(a) and (b) are satisfied
14	in relation to the relevant life company, and APRA
15	intends that a Life Insurance Act statutory manager will
16	take control of the relevant life company; and
17	(b) APRA considers that it is necessary for a Life Insurance Act
18	statutory manager to take control of the target body
19	corporate, in order to facilitate the resolution of any of the
20	following:
21	(i) the relevant life company;
22	(ii) a registered NOHC of the relevant life company;
23	(iii) a relevant group of bodies corporate of which the
24	relevant life company is a member;
25	(iv) a particular member or particular members of such a
26	group.
27	(1F) The condition in this subsection is satisfied if:
28	(a) there is an external administrator of the target body
29	corporate, or APRA considers that, in the absence of external
30	support:
31	(i) the target body corporate may become unable to meet its
32	obligations; or
33	(ii) the target body corporate may suspend payment; and
34	(b) APRA considers that it is necessary to take an action
35	mentioned in subsection (1C) in respect of the target body
36	corporate in order to enable the relevant life company to

174

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1	maintain its operations, or in order to facilitate the resolution
2	of any of the following:
3	(i) the relevant life company;
4	(ii) a registered NOHC of the relevant life company;
5	(iii) a relevant group of bodies corporate of which the
6	relevant life company is a member;
7	(iv) a particular member or particular members of such a
8	group.
9	(2) If:
10	(a) APRA is in control of a body corporate's business under this
11	Subdivision—APRA is the <i>Life Insurance Act statutory</i>
12	<i>manager</i> of the body corporate; or
13	(b) an administrator appointed by APRA is in control of a body
14	corporate's business under this Subdivision-the
15	administrator is the <i>Life Insurance Act statutory manager</i> of
16	the body corporate.
17	Note: This section and other provisions relating to statutory management do
18	not apply to the aspects described in subsection 16ZE(2) of the
19 20	business and management of an eligible foreign life insurance company.
21	(2A) If APRA appoints two or more Life Insurance Act statutory
22	managers of a body corporate, or appoints one or more additional
23	Life Insurance Act statutory managers of a body corporate:
24	(a) the functions and powers under this Act of a Life Insurance
25	Act statutory manager of the body corporate may be
26	performed or exercised by:
27	(i) all of the Life Insurance Act statutory managers of the
28	body corporate acting jointly; or
29	(ii) each of the Life Insurance Act statutory managers of the
30	body corporate acting individually (except to the extent
31	(if any) specified in a notice given by APRA under
32	paragraph (b)); and
33	(b) at the time of appointment, APRA may give all of the Life
34	Insurance Act statutory managers of the body corporate a
35	notice in writing for the purposes of subparagraph (a)(ii),
36	specifying limits or conditions on their ability to perform
37	functions and exercise powers individually; and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 175 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

(c) treat a reference in this Act to a Life Insurance Act statutory manager as being a reference to whichever one or more of those Life Insurance Act statutory managers the case requires.
	Start of control of body corporate's business by Life surance Act statutory manager
tak giv	ter the decision that a Life Insurance Act statutory manager will the control of a body corporate's business is made, APRA must we the body corporate written notice that the Life Insurance Act tutory manager will take, or is taking, control of the business.
Not	te: Subsections @15A-LIA(4) and @16A-LIA(3) also require APRA to give notice of the taking of control.
	Life Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of a body rporate's business:
	a) at the time specified in a notice under this section as the time when the Life Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the business (which must not be earlier than the notice is given); or
(1	b) if a notice under this section does not specify a time as the time when the Life Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the business—at the time the notice is given.
(3) A 1	notice under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
	ife Insurance Act statutory managers—termination of ntrol
Co	nditions necessary for termination of control
apj mu coi un	APRA assumes control of a body corporate's business or points an administrator of a body corporate's business, APRA ist ensure that either it or an administrator of the body rporate's business has control of the body corporate's business til: a) APRA considers that it is no longer necessary for it or an
(administrator to remain in control of the body corporate's business; or
176 Financia	al Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 2 3		(b) APRA has applied for the body corporate to be wound up. A termination of control that is permitted under this section is called an <i>ultimate termination of control</i> .
4 5 6		Note: This provision does not prevent a change, or changes, between control of a body corporate's business by APRA and an administrator or between administrators.
7		Events to precede termination
8 9 10	(2)	Before making an ultimate termination of control by a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate's business, APRA must:
11		(a) do both of the following:
12 13 14		 (i) ensure that directors of the body corporate have been appointed or elected under the body corporate's constitution at a meeting called by the statutory manager
15		in accordance with the body corporate's constitution;
16 17		 (ii) if the body corporate is an eligible foreign life insurance company—ensure that a Compliance Committee of the
18 19		body corporate is established and operating for the purpose of section 16ZF; or
20		(b) do both of the following:
20		(i) appoint directors of the body corporate by instrument in
22		writing;
23		(ii) if the body corporate is an eligible foreign life insurance
24		company—ensure that a Compliance Committee of the
25		body corporate is established and operating for the
26		purpose of section 16ZF; or
27		(c) ensure that a liquidator has been appointed:
28		(i) unless subparagraph (ii) applies—for the body
29		corporate; or
30		(ii) if the body corporate is an eligible foreign life insurance
31 32		company—for the body corporate in relation to its Australian business assets and liabilities.
33		Power to terminate control
34	(3)	If the requirements in subsections (1) and (2) are satisfied, APRA
35	(3)	may by instrument in writing make an ultimate termination of

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 177 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1		control of a body corporate's business by a Life Insurance Act
2		statutory manager.
3	(4)	If the Life Insurance Act statutory manager at the time of the
4		termination is an administrator, the instrument of termination also
5		operates as a termination of the appointment of the administrator.
6		A copy of the instrument must be given to the administrator.
7		However, mere failure to give the copy to the administrator does
8		not affect the termination of the appointment.
9		Period of director's appointment
10	(5)	If a director is elected or appointed under subsection (2), the
11		director takes office on the termination of the Life Insurance Act
12		statutory manager's control of the body corporate's business. If the
13		director was appointed by APRA, the director holds office until the
14		body corporate's next annual general meeting, subject to any terms
15		and conditions imposed by APRA on the director's appointment. If
16		the director was appointed or elected under the body corporate's
17		constitution, the constitution governs the appointment.
18		Note: For further information about what happens when a Life Insurance
19 20		Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business, see Subdivision B.
	~	
21	Subdivisio	on B—Provisions dealing with control of a body
22		corporate's business by a Life Insurance Act
23		statutory manager
		I for Insurance A at statutours manager's norman and
24	@14A-LIA	A Life Insurance Act statutory manager's powers and functions
25		Tunctions
26		Life Insurance Act statutory manager's powers and functions
27		include powers and functions of board
20	(1)	A Life Incurrence Act statutory menager has the new or and
28 29	(1)	A Life Insurance Act statutory manager has the powers and functions of the members of the board of directors of the body
29 30		corporate (collectively and individually), including the board's
30 31		powers of delegation.
		r

178

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

179

1 2 3	Note:	When a Life Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the business of a body corporate, the directors of the body corporate cease to hold office (see section @15-LIA).
4 5	Life Ins informa	urance Act statutory manager's power to obtain ation
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	this Div officer statutor body co requires	Insurance Act statutory manager may, for the purposes of vision, require a person who has, at any time, been an of the body corporate to give the Life Insurance Act y manager any information relating to the business of the proporate that the Life Insurance Act statutory manager s. A requirement to give information may include a ment to produce books, accounts or documents.
13 14	(2A) A perso	on who is or has been an officer of a body corporate s an offence if:
15 16		ere is a Life Insurance Act statutory manager in relation to e body corporate; and
17 18	m	nder subsection (2), the Life Insurance Act statutory anager requires the person to give information or to roduce books, accounts or documents; and
19 20		e person fails to comply with the requirement.
21	Penalty	: Imprisonment for 12 months.
22 23	Note 1:	Chapter 2 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> sets out the general principles of criminal responsibility.
24 25 26 27	Note 2:	Subsection 4B(2) of the <i>Crimes Act 1914</i> allows a court to impose a fine instead of, or in addition to, a term of imprisonment. The maximum fine a court may impose is worked out as provided in that subsection.
28 29 30 31	Note 3:	If a body corporate is convicted of an offence against this subsection, subsection 4B(3) of the <i>Crimes Act 1914</i> allows a court to impose a fine of up to 5 times the maximum fine worked out as mentioned in Note 2.
32 33 34 35	under s so wou	vidual is not excused from complying with a requirement ubsection (2) to give information on the ground that doing d tend to incriminate the individual or make the individual o a penalty.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(4) If:
2	(a) before giving information in compliance with a requirement
3	under subsection (2), an individual claims that giving the
4	information might tend to incriminate the individual or make
5	the individual liable to a penalty; and
6 7	(b) giving the information might in fact tend to incriminate the individual or make the individual so liable;
8	the information given in compliance with the requirement is not
9	admissible in evidence against the individual in a criminal
10	proceeding or a proceeding for the imposition of a penalty, other
11	than a proceeding in respect of the falsity of the information.
12	(4A) Subsections (3) and (4) apply to the production of books, accounts
13	or documents in a corresponding way to the way in which they
14	apply to the giving of information.
15	Life Insurance Act statutory manager's power to sell whole or part
16	of body corporate's business
17	(5) A Life Insurance Act statutory manager may sell or otherwise
18	dispose of the whole or any part of the body corporate's business.
19	The sale or disposal may occur on any terms and conditions that
20	the Life Insurance Act statutory manager considers appropriate.
21	Life Insurance Act statutory manager's powers to alter body
22	corporate's constitution etc.
23	(5A) A Life Insurance Act statutory manager may, if the body corporate
24	concerned is registered under the Corporations Act 2001, alter the
25	body corporate's constitution, rules or other arrangements for
26	governance if the alteration:
27	(a) is necessary or convenient for enabling or facilitating the
28	performance of the Life Insurance Act statutory manager's
29	functions and duties, or the exercise of the Life Insurance Act
30	statutory manager's other powers, under this Division in
31	relation to the body corporate; and
32	(b) promotes:
33	(i) the protection of the policy owners of the body
34	corporate; and

180

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

EXPOSURE DRAFT Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1	(ii) financial system stability in Australia.
2	(5B) A Life Insurance Act statutory manager may do an act under
3	subsection (5) or (5A) despite:
4	(a) the Corporations Act 2001; and
5	(b) the body corporate's constitution; and
6	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the body corporate is
7	party; and
8 9	(d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list the body corporate is included.
10	Interpretation
11	(6) In this section:
12	officer has the meaning given by section 9 of the Corporations Act
13	2001.
14	@14AAA-LIA Safeguards on exercise of Life Insurance Act
	statutory manager's powers and functions
15 16	
15	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under</i>
15 16	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power
15 16 17	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if:
15 16 17 18	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and (b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and (b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and (b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of: (i) an act of the Life Insurance Act statutory manager under
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and (b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of: (i) an act of the Life Insurance Act statutory manager under subsection @14AA(1)-LIA; or
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and (b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of: (i) an act of the Life Insurance Act statutory manager under
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and (b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of: (i) an act of the Life Insurance Act statutory manager under subsection @14AA(1)-LIA; or (ii) Part 3 or 4 of the <i>Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.</i>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and (b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of: (i) an act of the Life Insurance Act statutory manager under subsection @14AA(1)-LIA; or (ii) Part 3 or 4 of the <i>Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.</i>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and (b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of: (i) an act of the Life Insurance Act statutory manager under subsection @14AA(1)-LIA; or (ii) Part 3 or 4 of the <i>Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999.</i>
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	 statutory manager's powers and functions (1) Despite anything else in this Subdivision, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body corporate (the <i>body corporate under management</i>) may not perform a function or exercise a power under section 14A if: (a) either or both of subsections (2) and (3) apply; and (b) the performance of the function of the exercise of the power is not for the purposes of: (i) an act of the Life Insurance Act statutory manager under subsection @14AA(1)-LIA; or (ii) Part 3 or 4 of the <i>Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999</i>. (2) This subsection applies if: (a) the body corporate under management is not a life company;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 181 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(i) the provision of services by the body corporate under
2	management to a related body corporate of the body
3	corporate under management; or
4	(ii) the provision of services by a related body corporate of
5	the body corporate under management to the body
6	corporate under management; or
7	(iii) subject to subsection (4), the transfer of assets between
8	the body corporate under management and another body
9	corporate (otherwise than in the ordinary course of
10	business); and
11	(c) the performance or the exercise is not required or permitted
12	by a binding arrangement that was in existence immediately
13	before the Life Insurance Act statutory manager started to be
14	in control of the business of the body corporate under
15	management; and
16	(d) the provision or transfer is not for fair value.
17	(3) This subsection applies if:
18	(a) the body corporate under management is a registered NOHC
19	of a life company; and
20	(b) the performance or the exercise requires using funds of the
21	body corporate or a subsidiary of the body corporate to
22	increase the level of capital of the life company to a specified
23	level; and
24	(c) the shareholders of the body corporate have not agreed, by
25	ordinary resolution, to that use of the funds.
26	(4) Treat the requirement in subparagraph (2)(b)(iii) as not being met
27	if:
28	(a) the body corporate under management is a registered NOHC
29	of a life company; and
30	(b) the transfer of assets mentioned in that subparagraph is a
31	transfer of funds to increase the level of capital of the life
32	company to a specified level; and
33	(c) the shareholders of the body corporate have agreed, by
34	ordinary resolution, to that use of the funds.

182

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

@14AA-LIA Life Insurance Act statutory manager's additional powers to facilitate recapitalisation

3	3 Powers	
4	4 (1) A Life Insurance Act statutory manage	er of a body corporate that is
5	5 a company that has a share capital and	l is registered under the
6	1 2	6
7	7 on terms determined by the Life Insur	ance Act statutory manager:
8	8 (a) issue shares, or rights to acquire	shares, in the company;
9	9 (b) cancel shares, or rights to acquir	e shares, in the company;
10	0 (c) reduce the company's share cap	ital by cancelling any paid-up
11	share capital that is not represen	ted by available assets;
12	2 (d) sell shares, or rights to acquire s	hares, in the company;
13	3 (e) vary or cancel rights or restriction	ons attached to shares in a
14	4 class of shares in the company.	
15	5 Note: Before doing such an act, the Life	Insurance Act statutory manager
16	6 will usually need to get and consid	er a report on the fair value of each
17	7 share or right concerned: see section	on @14AB-LIA.
18	8 Giving company members notice of ex	cercise of powers
19	9 (2) As soon as practicable after doing an a	act described in
20	0 paragraph (1)(a), (b), (c) or (e) or subs	section (3), the Life Insurance
21	<i>J</i> 8	
22		- · ·
23	1 5 5	
24	4 its effect on their interests as members	3.
25	5 (3) One of the acts to which subsection (2	t) relates is the offering of
26	6 shares, or rights to acquire shares, in t	he company for sale under
27	7 paragraph (1)(d).	
28	8 <i>Exercise of powers despite other laws</i>	etc.
29		er may do an act under
30	o subsection (1) despite:	
31	1 (a) the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; and	
32	2 (b) the company's constitution; and	

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 183 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the company is party;
2	and
3	(d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list
4	the company is included.
5	Section does not apply to EFLICs etc.
6	(5) This section does not apply in relation to a body corporate that is:
7	(a) an eligible foreign life insurance company; or
8	(b) a subsidiary of an eligible foreign life insurance company; or
9	(c) a registered NOHC of an eligible foreign life insurance
10	company.
11	@14AB-LIA Considering report before acting under section
12	@14AA-LIA
13	Getting and considering report on fair value of shares or rights
14	(1) Before determining terms for an act under subsection
15	@14AA-LIA(1), the Life Insurance Act statutory manager must:
16	(a) obtain a report meeting the requirements in subsection (2) of
17	this section on the fair value of the shares or rights concerned
18	from an expert who is not an associate of the statutory
19	manager, or of the company, under Division 2 of Part 1.2 of
20	the Corporations Act 2001; and
21	(b) consider the report;
22	unless APRA determines under subsection (8) that this subsection
23	does not apply in relation to that act relating to those shares or
24	rights.
25	Content of report
26	(2) The report must set out:
27	(a) the amount that is, in the expert's opinion, the fair value for
28	each share or right concerned; and
29	(b) the reasons for forming the opinion; and
30	(c) any relationship between the expert and any of the following
31	persons:

184

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1	(i) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager;
2	(ii) a person who is an associate of the Life Insurance Act
3	statutory manager under Division 2 of Part 1.2 of the
4	Corporations Act 2001;
5	(iii) the body corporate;
6	(iv) a person who is an associate of the body corporate under
7	Division 2 of Part 1.2 of the Corporations Act 2001;
8	including any circumstances in which the expert gives them
9	advice, or acts on their behalf, in the proper performance of
10	the functions attaching to the expert's professional capacity
11	or business relationship with them; and
12	(d) any financial or other interest of the expert that could
13	reasonably be regarded as being capable of affecting the
14	expert's ability to give an unbiased opinion in relation to the
15	matter being reported on.
16	Determining fair value of shares
17	(3) In determining for the purposes of paragraph $(2)(a)$ the amount that
18	is, in the expert's opinion, the fair value for each share concerned,
19	the expert must:
20	(a) first, assess the value of the company as a whole, in
21	accordance with the assumptions (if any) notified to the
22	expert by the Minister for the valuation of the company; and
23	(b) then allocate that value among the classes of shares in the
24	company that either have been issued or that the Life
25	Insurance Act statutory manager proposes to issue (taking
26	into account the relative financial risk, and voting and
27	distribution rights, of the classes); and
28	(c) then allocate the value of each class pro rata among the
29	shares in that class that either have been issued or that the
30	Life Insurance Act statutory manager proposes to issue
31	(without allowing a premium or applying a discount for
32	particular shares in that class).
33	Assumptions for valuation of company
34	(4) The Minister may give the expert written notice of assumptions for
35	the valuation of the company. The Minister may, by further written

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 185 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2 3		notice given to the expert, revoke, but not vary, notice of the assumptions. A notice under this subsection is not a legislative instrument.
4		Determining fair value of rights
5	(5)	In determining for the purposes of paragraph (2)(a) the amount that
6		is, in the expert's opinion, the fair value for each right concerned,
7 8		the expert must act in accordance with the assumptions (if any) notified to the expert by the Minister for the valuation of the right.
9		Assumptions for valuation of rights
10	(6)	The Minister may give the expert written notice of assumptions for
11		the valuation of the rights concerned. The Minister may, by further
12		written notice given to the expert, revoke, but not vary, notice of
13		the assumptions. A notice under this subsection is not a legislative instrument.
14		instrument.
15		Contravention does not invalidate act
16	(7)	A contravention of subsection (1), (2), (3), (5) or (9) does not
17		affect the validity of anything done under section @14AA-LIA.
18		Exemption from subsection (1)
19	(8)	APRA may determine in writing that subsection (1) does not apply
20		in relation to an act relating to shares or rights if APRA is satisfied
21		that delaying the act to enable compliance with that subsection in
22		relation to the act would detrimentally affect:
23		(a) policy owners with:
24		(i) if the company is a life company—the life company; or
25		(ii) if the company is not a life company—the relevant life
26		company mentioned in subsection @13A-LIA(1B); and
27		(b) financial system stability in Australia.
28	(9)	APRA must:
29		(a) publish a copy of a determination under subsection (8) in the
30		<i>Gazette</i> ; and

186

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 2 3	(b) give a copy of a determination under subsection (8) to the Life Insurance Act statutory manager concerned (unless that manager is APRA).
4 5	(10) A determination made under subsection (8) is not a legislative instrument.
6 7	@14AC-LIA Act under section @14AA-LIA not ground for denying obligation
8	(1) This section applies if:
9	(a) a body corporate (the <i>contracting body corporate</i>) is party to
10 11	a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory) or
12	law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a
13	foreign country); and
14	(b) either:
15	(i) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of the contracting body corporate does an act under subsection
16 17	@14AA-LIA(1) relating to the contracting body
18	corporate; or
19	(ii) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of a body
20	corporate that is a related body corporate of the
21	contracting body corporate does an act under subsection
22	@14AA-LIA(1) relating to the contracting body
23	corporate.
24	(2) The fact that the Life Insurance Act statutory manager does the act
25	does not allow the contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of
26	the following:
27	(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
28	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
29	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
30	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
31	(3) Subsection (2) does not prevent the contracting body corporate
32	doing any of the following:
33	(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body
34	corporate of the contracting body corporate;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 187 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

 (b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the contracting body corporate; (c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the contracting body corporate; (d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the contracting body corporate. @14AD-LIA APRA may require a person to give information etc. <i>APRA may require person to give information etc.</i>
 (c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the contracting body corporate; (d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the contracting body corporate. @14AD-LIA APRA may require a person to give information etc. for the purposes of this Division APRA may require person to give information etc.
 body corporate of the contracting body corporate; (d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the contracting body corporate. @14AD-LIA APRA may require a person to give information etc. for the purposes of this Division APRA may require person to give information etc.
 (d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the contracting body corporate. (e) 14AD-LIA APRA may require a person to give information etc. for the purposes of this Division APRA may require person to give information etc.
body corporate of the contracting body corporate. @14AD-LIA APRA may require a person to give information etc. for the purposes of this Division <i>APRA may require person to give information etc.</i>
@14AD-LIA APRA may require a person to give information etc. for the purposes of this Division APRA may require person to give information etc.
for the purposes of this Division APRA may require person to give information etc.
APRA may require person to give information etc.
(1) APRA may require a person, by written notice given to the person,
to give APRA information, or documents containing information,
relating to the business of a body corporate that has a Life
Insurance Act statutory manager if:
(a) in a case where the Life Insurance Act statutory manager is
APRA:
(i) APRA believes, on reasonable grounds, that the person
has such information or documents; and
(ii) APRA requires the information or documents for the purposes of this Division; and
(b) in a case where the Life Insurance Act statutory manager is
not APRA:
(i) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager requests, in
writing, that APRA require the person to give the
information or documents under this subsection; and
(ii) APRA believes, on reasonable grounds, that the person
has such information or documents; and
(iii) APRA is satisfied that the Life Insurance Act statutory
manager requires the information or documents for the
purposes of this Division.
(2) The notice:
(a) must specify a period within which the information or
documents must be given to APRA; and
(b) may specify the form and manner in which the information or documents must be given to APRA.

188

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	(3) The period specified under paragraph (2)(a) must be reasonable in all the circumstances.
3	Offence
4	(4) A person commits an offence if:
5	(a) APRA requires the person to give APRA information or
6	documents under subsection (1); and
7	(b) the person refuses or fails to give the information or documents as required.
8	documents as required.
9	Penalty: Imprisonment for 12 months or 50 penalty units, or both.
10	Self-incrimination
11	(5) A person is not excused from complying with a requirement under
12	subsection (1) to give information or documents on the ground that
13	doing so would tend to incriminate the individual or make the
14	individual liable to a penalty.
15	(6) However, in the case of an individual:
16	(a) the information or document given; and
17	(b) giving the information or document; and
18	(c) any information, document or thing obtained as a direct or
19	indirect consequence of giving the information or document;
20	are not admissible in evidence against the individual in a criminal
21	proceeding or a proceeding for the imposition of a penalty, other
22	than a proceeding in respect of the falsity of the information or
23	document.
24	Section @14A-LIA not limited
25	(7) This section does not limit section @14A-LIA.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 189 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

@14B-LIA Administrator in control—additional powers to recommend action by APRA

3		Types of recommendation
4	(1)	An administrator of a body corporate's business may make any of
5		the following recommendations to APRA, by instrument in writing
6		given to APRA:
7		(a) that APRA make a particular direction under subsection
8		@14D-LIA(3) or Subdivision B of Division 2 of Part 10A in
9		respect of the body corporate;
10		(b) that APRA apply for the body corporate to be wound up;
11		(c) if the body corporate is a life company—that APRA revoke
12		the life company's registration under section 21;
13		(d) if the body corporate is an registered NOHC-that APRA
14		revoke the registered NOHC's registration under
15		section 28A.
16		Effect of recommendation
17	(2)	If an administrator of a body corporate's business makes a
18		recommendation under this section, APRA must consider the
19		recommendation but is not required to act on it.
20	@14C-LIA	A Life Insurance Act statutory manager's liabilities and
21		duties
22		Immunity
22	(1)	A Life Insurance Act statutory manager or a person acting on
23 24	(1)	A Life Insurance Act statutory manager, or a person acting on behalf of a Life Insurance Act statutory manager, is not subject to
24		any liability (whether civil or criminal) in respect of anything done,
26		or omitted to be done, in the exercise or performance, or the
27		purported exercise or performance, of powers, functions or duties
28		conferred or imposed on the Life Insurance Act statutory manager
29		by or under this Act.
30	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply to an act or omission in bad faith.

190

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

EXPOSURE DRAFT Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1	(3) To avoid doubt, a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is not
2	liable under section 588G of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> in respect
3	of anything done, or omitted to be done, in the exercise or
4	performance, or the purported exercise or performance, of powers,
5	functions or duties conferred or imposed on the Life Insurance Act
6	statutory manager by or under this Act. This subsection does not
7	limit the scope of subsection (1).
8 9 10 11 12	 (4) Subsection (1) does not limit, and is not limited by any of the following provisions: (a) section 156A, 156B, 246A or 246B; (b) section 58 of the <i>Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998</i>.
13	Signpost to secrecy obligations
14	(5) Part 6 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998
15	prohibits certain disclosures of information received by Life
16	Insurance Act statutory managers under this Act.
17	@14CA-LIA Transaction by Life Insurance Act statutory manager
18	not voidable under 588FE of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>
19 20 21 22 23 24	 A transaction of a body corporate is not voidable under section 588FE of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> merely because: (a) the transaction was entered into at a time when a Life Insurance Act statutory manager was in control of the body corporate's business; and (b) the transaction is:
25 26 27 28	 (i) an uncommercial transaction (within the meaning of that Act) of the body corporate; or (ii) an unfair preference (within the meaning of that Act) given by the body corporate to a creditor of the company: or
29	company; or
30	(iii) an insolvent transaction (within the meaning of that Act)
31	of the body corporate.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

191

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	@14D-LIA	Administrator in control—additional duties
2	i	Duty to report to APRA on request
3	(1)	A person who is an administrator of a body corporate's business
4		must give to APRA a written report showing how the control of the
5		body corporate's business is being carried out if APRA requests
6		that such a report be provided to it. The report must be given to
7	1	APRA within a reasonable time after the request.
8	ì	Duty to report to APRA on termination of appointment
9		A person who was an administrator of a body corporate's business
10		must give to APRA a written report showing how the control of the
11		body corporate's business was carried out over the period of the
12		administrator's appointment if the administrator's appointment has
13		been terminated. The report must be given to APRA within a
14	1	reasonable time of the termination.
15	ì	Duty to follow directions by APRA
16	(3)	APRA may give an administrator of a body corporate's business a
17	(direction relating to the control of the body corporate's business,
18		and may alter such a direction. If a direction (including an altered
19	(direction) is given to an administrator by APRA, the administrator
20	1	must:
21		(a) act in accordance with the direction; or
22		(b) immediately provide to APRA information relating to the
23		control of the body corporate's business and request APRA
24		to alter the direction.
25	(4)]	If an administrator of a body corporate's business requests APRA
26	t	to alter a direction and APRA considers the request then confirms
27		the direction, the administrator must act in accordance with the
28	(direction.

192 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

@14DAA-LIA Administrator in control—additional duties where action may affect financial system stability in Australia

1

2

3	(1) If an administrator of a body corporate's business has reasonable
4	cause to believe that an action that the administrator proposes to
5	take is an action that is likely to have a detrimental effect on
6	financial system stability in Australia, the administrator must:
7	(a) notify APRA as soon as practicable; and
8	(b) obtain APRA's written consent before taking the action.
9	(2) The administrator is not required to comply with subsection (1) if
10	the administrator is satisfied that it is not reasonably practicable to
11	do so, having regard to urgency or other similar constraint.
12	(3) The performance of a function or the exercise of a power by an
13	administrator is not invalid merely because of a failure by the
14	administrator to comply with this section.
15	@14E-LIA Termination of Life Insurance Act statutory manager's
16	appointment
17	(1) APRA may terminate the appointment of an administrator of a
18	body corporate's business and either appoint another person as
19	administrator of the body corporate's business or itself take control
20	of the body corporate's business if:
21	(a) the administrator contravenes a requirement of this Division;
22	or
23	(b) APRA considers such action necessary to:
24	(i) facilitate the resolution of the body corporate, a relevant
25	group of bodies corporate of which the body corporate
26	is a member, or another member of such a group; or
27	(ii) if the body corporate is a life company—protect the
28	interests of policy owners of the life company; or
29	(iii) promote financial system stability in Australia.
30	(2A) If:
31	(a) APRA is the statutory manager of a body corporate; and
32	(b) the requirement in paragraph (1)(b) is satisfied;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 193 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2		it may cease to be the statutory manager of the body corporate and appoint a person as administrator of the body corporate's business.
3	(3)	This section has effect subject to section @13C-LIA.
4	@15-LIA	Effect on directors of Life Insurance Act statutory
5		manager taking control of a body corporate's business
6	(1)	The directors of a body corporate cease to hold office when a Life
7		Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the body
8		corporate's business.
9		Note: For the definition of <i>director</i> , see subsection (4).
10	(2)	A director of a body corporate must not be appointed or elected
11		while a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the
12		body corporate's business unless the appointment is made under
13		subsection @13C-LIA(2).
14	(2A)	The appointment of a person as a member of the Compliance
15		Committee of an eligible foreign life insurance company under
16		section 16ZF ceases to have effect when a Life Insurance Act
17		statutory manager takes control of the eligible foreign life
18		insurance company's business.
19	(2B)	A person must not be appointed as a member of the Compliance
20		Committee of an eligible foreign life insurance company under
21		section 16ZF while a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in
22		control of the eligible foreign life insurance company's business
23		unless the appointment is made under subsection @13C-LIA(2).
24	(3)	If a person who ceased to hold office as a director of a body
25		corporate under subsection (1), or a purported director of a body
26		corporate appointed or elected in contravention of subsection (2)
27		purports to act in relation to the body corporate's business while a
28		Life Insurance Act statutory manager has control of the body
29		corporate's business, those acts are invalid and of no effect.
30	(3AA)	If a person whose appointment as a member of the Compliance
31		Committee of a body corporate under section 16ZF ceased to have
32		effect under subsection (2A) purports to act in relation to the body
33		corporate's business while a Life Insurance Act statutory manager

194

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 2		has control of the body corporate's business, those acts are invalid and of no effect.
3 4	(3A)	Subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not apply in relation to a body corporate that is an eligible foreign life insurance company.
5	(3 B)	Subsection (3C) applies if:
6	(02)	(a) subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not apply in relation to a body
7		corporate because of subsection (3A); and
8		(b) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the
9		body corporate's business; and
10		(c) a director of the body corporate acts, or purports to act in
11		relation to the body corporate's business while the Life
12		Insurance Act statutory manager has control of the body
13		corporate's business.
14	(3C)	Those acts are invalid and of no effect to the extent that they relate
15		to:
16		(a) the Australian business assets and liabilities of the body
17		corporate; or
18		(b) the management of the body corporate, to the extent that the
19		management relates to the Australian business assets and
20		liabilities of the body corporate.
21	(4)	For the purposes of this section, <i>director</i> has the same meaning as
22		it has in the Corporations Act 2001.
23	@15A-LIA	A Effect on external administrator of Life Insurance Act
24		statutory manager taking control of a body corporate's
25		business
26	(1)	The appointment of an external administrator of a body corporate
27		is terminated when a Life Insurance Act statutory manager takes
28		control of the body corporate's business.
29		Note: For the definition of <i>external administrator</i> , see subsection 5(1).
30	(2)	An external administrator of a body corporate must not be
31		appointed while a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in
32		control of the body corporate's business unless APRA approves the
33		appointment.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 195 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(3)	If a person who ceased to be the external administrator of a body
2		corporate under subsection (1), or a purported external
3		administrator of the body corporate appointed in contravention of
4		subsection (2), purports to act in relation to the body corporate's
5		business while a Life Insurance Act statutory manager has control
6		of the body corporate's business, those acts are invalid and of no
7		effect.
8	(4)	APRA must inform the external administrator of a body corporate
9	(+)	that a Life Insurance Act statutory manager will take control of the
10		body corporate's business as soon as possible after the decision
10		that a Life Insurance Act statutory manager will take control of the
12		body corporate's business is made. However, failure to inform the
13		external administrator does not affect the operation of this section.
14	@15B-LIA	Moratorium—effect of Life Insurance Act statutory
15		management on court and tribunal proceedings
16	(1)	A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or
17		tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a body corporate if
18		a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body
19		corporate's business.
20	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if:
21		(a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be
22		begun or continued on the ground that the person would be
23		caused hardship if leave were not granted; and
24		(b) the beginning or continuing of the proceedings is in
25		accordance with such terms (if any) as the court or tribunal
26		imposes.
27	(3)	A person intending to apply for leave of the court under
28	~ /	paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the
29		intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the court or tribunal
30		considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary).
31	(4)	APRA may apply to the court to be joined as a party to the
32		proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the court or
33		tribunal must have regard to APRA's views in deciding:
34		(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and

196

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1 2 3 4	(b) if the court or tribunal decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and(c) if the court or tribunal decides to impose such terms— the nature of those terms.
5	(5) Subsection (1) also does not apply if:
6	(a) APRA consents in writing to the proceedings beginning or
7	continuing; or
8	(b) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager, after considering
9	APRA's views, consents to the proceedings beginning or
10	continuing.
11 12	(6) APRA (or the Life Insurance Act statutory manager) cannot revoke a consent given for the purposes of subsection (5).
13	(6A) Neither APRA nor the Life Insurance Act statutory manager is
14	liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a
15	refusal to give consent under subsection (5).
16 17	(7) A proceeding in a court or tribunal is covered by this subsection in respect of a body corporate if it is any of the following:
17	(a) a proceeding against the body corporate (including a
18	cross-claim or third party claim against the body corporate (including a cross-claim or third party claim against the body corporate);
20	(b) a proceeding in relation to property of the body corporate;
21	(c) a proceeding to enforce any security (including a mortgage or
22	charge) over any property that the body corporate owns, uses,
23	possesses, occupies or in which the body corporate otherwise
24	has an interest.
25	(8) Subsection (7) does not cover a proceeding in respect of an offence
26	or a contravention of a provision of a law for which a pecuniary
27	penalty (however described) may be imposed.
28	(9) In this section, a reference to a tribunal includes a reference to the
29	following:
30	(a) an industrial tribunal;
31	(b) an arbitral tribunal.

197

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	@15BA-Ll	A Moratorium—effect of Life Insurance Act statutory management on enforcement process regarding property
3 4 5	(1)	No enforcement process in relation to property of a body corporate can be begun or proceeded with if a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business.
6	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if:
7		(a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or continued on the ground that the person would be caused
8 9		hardship if leave were not granted; or
10		(b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance
11		with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes.
12	(3)	A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under
13		paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA at least 10 days notice of the
14		intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the Federal Court
15		considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary).
16	(3A)	APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the
17	× ,	proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal
18		Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding:
19		(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph $(2)(a)$; and
20		(b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to
21		impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
22		(c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the
23		nature of those terms.
24	(4)	Subsection (1) also does not apply if:
25		(a) APRA consents to the process beginning or continuing; or
26		(b) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager consents to the
27		process beginning or continuing.
20	(5)	APRA (or the Life Insurance Act statutory manager) cannot revoke
28 29	(3)	a consent given for the purposes of subsection (4).
30	(6)	Neither APRA nor the Life Insurance Act statutory manager is
31		liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a
32		refusal to give consent under subsection (4).

198

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	@15BB-LIA Moratorium—effect of Life Insurance Act statutory management on disposal of property
3	(1) A person must not dispose of property if:
4	(a) the property is owned by another person; and
5	(b) the other person is a body corporate; and
6 7	(c) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body corporate's business.
8 9	Note: The Federal Court may grant an injunction under section 65A in respect of a contravention of this subsection.
10	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if:
11	(a) APRA consents to the disposal; or
12	(b) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager consents to the
13	disposal.
14	(3) Neither APRA nor the Life Insurance Act statutory manager is
15	liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a
16	refusal to give consent under subsection (2).
17	@15BC-LIA Moratorium—Restrictions on exercise of third party
17 18	@15BC-LIA Moratorium—Restrictions on exercise of third party property rights
18	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a
18 19	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business in the same way it applies during the
18 19 20	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a
18 19 20 21	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business in the same way it applies during the
18 19 20 21 22	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business in the same way it applies during the administration of a company. (2) For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to the
18 19 20 21 22 23	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business in the same way it applies during the administration of a company. (2) For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business in the same way it applies during the administration of a company. (2) For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to the
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business in the same way it applies during the administration of a company. (2) For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to the administrator's written consent as being a reference to: (a) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager's written consent; or
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business in the same way it applies during the administration of a company. (2) For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to the administrator's written consent as being a reference to: (a) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager's written consent;
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business in the same way it applies during the administration of a company. (2) For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to the administrator's written consent as being a reference to: (a) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager's written consent; or (b) APRA's written consent. (2A) Neither APRA nor a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is liable
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	 property rights (1) Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body corporate's business in the same way it applies during the administration of a company. (2) For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to the administrator's written consent as being a reference to: (a) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager's written consent; or (b) APRA's written consent.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 199 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

	(3) This section applies despite sections @15B-LIA, @15BA-LIA and @15BB-LIA.
@15]	BD-LIA Moratorium—effect of Life Insurance Act statutory management on supply of essential services
	(1) If:
	(aa) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of a body
	corporate's business; and
	(a) the Life Insurance Act statutory manager requests, or
	authorises someone else to request, a person or authority (the
	<i>supplier</i>) to supply an essential service to the body corporate
	in Australia; and
	(b) the body corporate owes an amount to the supplier in respect of the supply of the essential service before the day on which
	the Life Insurance Act statutory manager took control of the
	body corporate's business;
	the supplier must not:
	(c) refuse to comply with the request for the reason only that the
	amount is owing; or
	(d) make it a condition of the supply of the essential service pursuant to the request that the amount is to be paid.
	Note: The Federal Court may grant an injunction under section 235 in respect of a contravention of this subsection.
	(2) In this section:
	essential service has the same meaning as in section 600F of the Corporations Act 2001.
@15]	BF-LIA Moratorium—effect of Life Insurance Act statutory management on annual general meeting
	(1) This section applies to a body corporate that is required under section 250N or section 601BR of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to hold an annual general meeting within a particular period.
	(2) Despite section 250N and section 601BR of that Act, if a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the body
200	Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	corporate's business at the end of that period, the body corporate need not hold that annual general meeting.
3 4	@15C-LIA Life Insurance Act statutory manager being in control not grounds for denial of obligations
5 6 7 8	(1) This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory) or law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 (2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allow the contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following: (a) deny any obligations under the contract; (b) accelerate any debt under the contract; (c) close out any transaction relating to the contract; (d) enforce any security under the contract. (3) The matters are as follows: (a) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager being in control, or being appointed to take control, of the business of a related hedy accurate.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 body corporate of the body corporate. (4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of the following: (a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate; (b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate; (c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate; (d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

201

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	@15D-LIA	Application of other provisions
2	(1)	None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) affect:
3		(a) the continued operation of other provisions of this Act or the
4		operation of the Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act
5		2001 in relation to a body corporate; or
6 7		(b) the obligation of a body corporate to comply with those other provisions and that Act.
8	(2)	The matters are as follows:
9		(a) the appointment of a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of
10		the body corporate's business under this Division;
11		(b) the fact that a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in
12		control of the body corporate's business.
13	(3)	The Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013
14		does not apply to a body corporate that has a Life Insurance Act
15		statutory manager.
16	@16-LIA	Costs of statutory management
17	(1)	APRA's costs (including costs in the nature of remuneration and
18		expenses) of being in control of a body corporate's business, or of
19		having an administrator in control of a body corporate's business,
20		are payable from the body corporate's funds and are a debt due to
21		APRA.
22		Despite anything contained in any law relating to the winding-up
23		of companies, debts due to APRA by a body corporate under
24		subsection (1) have priority in a winding-up of the body corporate
25		over all other unsecured debts.
26		If the body corporate is a life company, subsection (2) does not
27		apply the extent that a debt due to APRA by the life company is
28		referable to the business of a statutory fund of the life company.
29		Note: APRA may be able to recover a debt that is referable to the business
30		of a statutory fund of the life company that is being wound up, in
31		accordance with paragraph 187(3)(c).

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

@16A-LIA APRA must report to Treasurer and publish information about statutory management

3		Reports to the Treasurer
4	(1)	If the Treasurer requests APRA to give him or her a written report
5		concerning the activities of Life Insurance Act statutory managers
6		in respect of specified body corporates or in respect of a specified
7		period, APRA must give the Treasurer such a written report within
8		a reasonable time after the Treasurer requests it.
9	(2)	If a Life Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of a body
10		corporate's business during a financial year, or if there is an
11		ultimate termination of control during a financial year, APRA must
12		give the Treasurer a written report within a reasonable time after
13		the end of the financial year concerning activities of all Life
14		Insurance Act statutory managers and each ultimate termination of
15		control that occurred during that financial year.
16		Requirement to publish notices in Gazette
17	(3)	If APRA:
18		(a) takes control of a body corporate's business; or
19		(b) appoints an administrator of a body corporate's business; or
20		(c) makes an ultimate termination of control in respect of a body
21		corporate's business;
22		APRA must publish notice of that fact in the Gazette. However,
23		mere failure to publish such a notice does not affect the validity of
24		the act.
25	@16AA-L	IA Exceptions to Part IV of the Competition and
26		Consumer Act 2010
20		
27		For the purposes of subsection $51(1)$ of the <i>Competition and</i>
28 29		<i>Consumer Act 2010</i> , the following things are specified and specifically authorised:
30		(a) the acquisition of assets in:
31		(i) a sale or disposal of the whole or part of the business of
32		a body corporate under this Division by a Life Insurance

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 203 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

		Act statutory manager in control of the body corporate
		business; or
	(ii)	a transfer of life insurance business of a life company under a scheme prepared by a Life Insurance Act
		statutory manager in control of the life company's
		business and confirmed (with or without modifications by the Federal Court under Part 9;
	(whe	ther the assets are shares in another body corporate or
	other	assets);
	(b) the a of:	cquisition of shares in a body corporate as a direct resu
	(i)	the issue or sale of the shares under this Division by a Life Insurance Act statutory manager in control of the body corporate's business; or
	(ii)	the exercise of a right to acquire shares that was issued
		or sold under this Division by a Life Insurance Act statutory manager in control of the body corporate's
		business.
19	At the end of s	ection 158
	Add:	
	n b	This section and other provisions relating to judicial management do ot apply to the aspects described in subsection 16ZE(2) of the usiness and management of an eligible foreign life insurance ompany.
20	Section 159	
	Before "On an	application", insert "(1)".
21	Subparagraph	159(a)(i)
	Before "the cor	npany", insert "in the absence of external support,".
22	After subparag	ıraph 159(a)(iii)
	Insert:	
	; or (iiia)	an external administrator has been appointed to a holding company of the company (or a similar appointment has been made in a foreign country in

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

204

	EXPOSURE DRAFT
	Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3
	Main amendments Part 1
1	respect of such a holding company), and the
2	requirement in subsection (2) is satisfied; or
3	(iiib) if the company is an eligible foreign life insurance
4	company—an application for the appointment of an
5	external administrator of the eligible foreign life insurance company, or for a similar procedure in respect
6 7	of the eligible foreign life insurance company, has been
8	made in a foreign country; or
9	(iiic) if the company is an eligible foreign life insurance
10	company—an external administrator has been appointed
11	to the eligible foreign life insurance company, or a
12	similar appointment has been made in respect of the
13	eligible foreign life insurance company, in a foreign
14	country; or
15	23 At the end of section 159
16	Add:
17	(2) For the purposes of subparagraph (1)(iiia), the requirement in this
18	subsection is that the appointment mentioned in that subparagraph
19	poses a significant threat to:
20	(a) the operation or soundness of the life company; or
21	(b) the interests of policyholders of the life company; or
22	(c) the stability of the financial system in Australia.
23	(3) The regulations may specify that a particular form of support for a
24	company is not to be considered external support for the purposes
25	of subparagraph (1)(a)(i).
26	24 Section 161
	Repeal the section, substitute:
27	Repear the section, substitute.
28	161 Moratorium—effect of judicial management on court and
29	tribunal proceedings
30	(1) A person cannot begin or continue a proceeding in a court or
31	tribunal covered by subsection (7) in respect of a life company if
32	the life company is under judicial management.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 205 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if:
2	(a) the court or tribunal grants leave for the proceedings to be
3	begun or continued on the ground that the person would be
4	caused hardship if leave were not granted; and
5	(b) the beginning or continuing of the proceedings is in
6	accordance with such terms (if any) as the court or tribunal
7	imposes.
8	(3) A person intending to apply for leave of the court under
9	paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA and the judicial manager at least
10	10 days notice of the intention to apply (or a shorter period, if the
11	court or tribunal considers that exceptional circumstances make
12	this necessary).
13	(4) APRA may apply to the court to be joined as a party to the
14	proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the court or
15	tribunal must have regard to APRA's views in deciding:
16	(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and
17	(b) if the court or tribunal decides to grant the leave—whether to
18	impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
19	(c) if the court or tribunal decides to impose such terms— the
20	nature of those terms.
21	(4A) The judicial manager may apply to the court to be joined as a party
22	to the proceedings for leave. If the judicial manager is joined as a
23	party, the court or tribunal must have regard to the judicial
24	manager's views in deciding:
25	(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and
26	(b) if the court or tribunal decides to grant the leave—whether to
27	impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
28	(c) if the court or tribunal decides to impose such terms— the
29	nature of those terms.
30	(5) Subsection (1) also does not apply if the judicial manager, after
31	considering APRA's views, consents to the proceedings beginning
32	or continuing.
33	(6) The judicial manager cannot revoke a consent given for the
33 34	purposes of subsection (5).
54	

206

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1 2 3	(6A)	The judicial manager is not liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent under subsection (5).
4 5	(7)	A proceeding in a court or tribunal is covered by this subsection in respect of a life company if it is any of the following:
6		(a) a proceeding against the life company (including a
7		cross-claim or third party claim against the life company);
8		(b) a proceeding in relation to property of the life company;
9		(c) a proceeding to enforce any security (including a mortgage or
10		charge) over any property that the life company owns, uses,
11 12		possesses, occupies or in which the life company otherwise has an interest.
13	(8)	Subsection (7) does not cover a proceeding in respect of an offence
14		or a contravention of a provision of a law for which a pecuniary
15		penalty (however described) may be imposed.
16	(9)	In this section, a reference to a tribunal includes a reference to the
17		following:
18		(a) an industrial tribunal;
19		(b) an arbitral tribunal.
20	161A Mor	ratorium—effect of judicial management on enforcement
21		process regarding property
22	(1)	No enforcement process in relation to property of a life company
23		can be begun or proceeded with if the life company is under
24		judicial management.
25	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if:
26		(a) the Federal Court grants leave for the process to be begun or
27		continued on the ground that the person would be caused
20		hardship if leave were not granted; or
28		
28 29		(b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance
29	(3)	(b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes.A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under
29 30	(3)	(b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes.A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under paragraph (2)(a) must give APRA and the judicial manager at least
29 30 31	(3)	(b) the beginning or continuing of the process is in accordance with such terms (if any) as the Federal Court imposes.A person intending to apply for leave of the Federal Court under

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 207 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

	Federal Court considers that exceptional circumstances make this necessary).
	(3A) APRA may apply to the Federal Court to be joined as a party to the proceedings for leave. If APRA is joined as a party, the Federal
	Court must have regard to APRA's views in deciding:
	 (a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and (b) if the Federal Count decides to grant the leave whether to
	(b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
	(c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the
	nature of those terms.
	(3B) The judicial manager may apply to the Federal Court to be joined
	as a party to the proceedings for leave. If the judicial manager is
	joined as a party, the Federal Court must have regard to the judicial manager's views in deciding:
	(a) whether to grant leave under paragraph (2)(a); and
	(b) if the Federal Court decides to grant the leave—whether to
	impose terms as mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
	(c) if the Federal Court decides to impose such terms— the
	nature of those terms.
	(4) Subsection (1) also does not apply if the judicial manager consents to the process beginning or continuing.
	(5) The judicial manager cannot revoke a consent given for the purposes of subsection (4).
	(6) The judicial manager is not liable to an action or other proceedings
	for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent under
	subsection (4).
16	B Moratorium—effect of judicial management on disposal of property
	(1) A person must not dispose of property if:
	(a) the property is owned by another person; and
	(b) the other person is a life company; and(c) the life company is under judicial management.
	(c) the life company is linder ilidicial management

208 Fina

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1 2		Note: The Federal Court may grant an injunction under section 235 in respect of a contravention of this subsection.
3 4	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the judicial manager consents to the disposal.
5 6 7	(3)	The judicial manager is not liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent under subsection (2).
8 9	161C Mor	ratorium—Restrictions on exercise of third party property rights
10 11 12	(1)	Section 440B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> applies during a period in which a life company is under judicial management in the same way it applies during the administration of a company.
13 14 15 16	(2)	For the purposes of this section, treat the reference in paragraph 440B(2)(a) of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to the administrator's written consent as being a reference to the judicial manager's written consent.
17 18 19	(2A)	The judicial manager is not liable to an action or other proceedings for damages in respect of a refusal to give consent as mentioned in subsection (2).
20	(3)	This section applies despite sections 161, 161A and 161B.
21 22	161D Mor	ratorium—effect of judicial management on supply of essential services
23	(1)	If:
24		(aa) a life company is under judicial management; and
25		(a) the judicial manager requests, or authorises someone else to
26 27		request, a person or authority (the <i>supplier</i>) to supply an essential service to the life company in Australia; and
28		(b) the life company owes an amount to the supplier in respect of
28 29		the supply of the essential service before the day on which
30		the judicial manager took control of the life company's
31		business; the supplier must not:
32		

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 209 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

	(c) refuse to comply with the request for the reason only that the
	amount is owing; or
	(d) make it a condition of the supply of the essential service pursuant to the request that the amount is to be paid.
	Note: The Federal Court may grant an injunction under section 235 in respect of a contravention of this subsection.
(2)	In this section:
	essential service has the same meaning as in section 600F of the Corporations Act 2001.
161E Mor	atorium—effect of judicial management on annual general meeting
(1)	This section applies to a life company that is required under section 250N or section 601BR of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> to hold an annual general meeting within a particular period.
(2)	Despite section 250N and section 601BR of that Act, if the life company is under judicial management at the end of that period, the life company need not hold that annual general meeting.
(3)	To avoid doubt, subsection (2) does not apply if only part of the business of the life company is under judicial management.
25 Sectio	on 162
Repe	eal the section.
26 After s	subsection 163(1)
Inse	rt:
(1A)	If, subsequent to that order, a situation arises where there is no judicial manager of the company, or it appears to the Court that it is likely that such a situation will arise, the Court may appoint another judicial manager of the company.
(1B)	If the Court appoints two or more judicial managers of a company, or appoints one or more additional judicial managers of a

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

210

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

	(a) except to the extent (if any) specified in a declaration by the Court under paragraph (b), the functions and powers under
	this Act of a judicial manager of the company may be
	performed or exercised by:
	(i) all of the judicial managers of the company acting
	jointly; or
	(ii) each of the judicial managers of the company acting individually; and
	(b) at the time of appointment, the Court may make a declaration
	for the purposes of paragraph (a), specifying limits or
	conditions on the judicial managers' ability to perform
	functions and exercise powers jointly or individually; and
	(c) treat a reference in this Act to a judicial manager as being a
	reference to whichever one or more of those judicial managers the case requires.
27	Subsection 163(2)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(2) The Court may cancel the appointment of a judicial manager and
	appoint another person as judicial manager:
	(a) on application by APRA; or
	(b) of its own motion.
28	Subsection 163(3)
	Omit "However,".
29	Section 165 (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:
165	Effect of judicial management on powers of officers etc.
30	Subsection 165(1)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(1) Subject to subsection (2), if the Federal Court has made an order
	placing a company under judicial management:

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(i) a person with the powers and functions of an officer of
2 3	the company immediately before that time ceases to have those powers and functions; and
3	•
4	(ii) if the company is an eligible foreign life insurance
5	company and there is a person with the powers and
6	functions of a member of the Compliance Committee of
7	the company immediately before that time—the person
8	ceases to have those powers and functions; and
9	(iii) the judicial manager appointed by the Court starts to
10	have the powers and functions mentioned in
11	subparagraph (i) (and, if applicable, subparagraph (ii));
12	and
13	(b) while the company is under judicial management:
14	(i) if a person mentioned in subparagraph (a)(i) or (ii)
15	purports to act in relation to the company's business, the
16	purported act is invalid and of no effect; and
17	(ii) the judicial manager has the powers and functions of the
18	members of the board of directors of the company
19	(collectively and individually), including the board's
20	powers of delegation.
21	(1A) Subject to subsection (2), if the Federal Court has made an order
22	placing part of the business of a company under judicial
23	management:
24	(a) at the time the judicial management commences:
25	(i) a person with the powers and functions of an officer of
26	the company in relation to that part of the business
27	immediately before that time ceases to have those
28	powers and functions in relation to that part of the
29	business; and
30	(ii) if the company is an eligible foreign life insurance
31	company and there is a person with the powers and
32	functions of a member of the Compliance Committee of
33	the company immediately before that time in relation to
34	that part of the business—the person ceases to have
35	those powers and functions in relation to that part of the
36	business; and

212

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

Main amendments Part 1

1		(iii) the judicial manager appointed by the Court starts to
2		have the powers and functions mentioned in
3		subparagraph (i) (and, if applicable, subparagraph (ii))
4		in relation to that part of the business; and
5		(b) while the company is under judicial management:
6		(i) if a person mentioned in subparagraph (a)(i) or (ii)
7		purports to act in relation to that part of the business, the
8		purported act is invalid and of no effect; and
9		(ii) the judicial manager has the powers and functions of the
10		members of the board of directors of the company
11		(collectively and individually), including the board's
12		powers of delegation, in relation to that part of the
13		business.
14		(1B) Subsections (1) and (1A) do not remove an officer or member of
15		the Compliance Committee of the company from office.
16	31	At the end of section 165
17		Add:
18		(5) In this section, <i>officer</i> has the same meaning as it has in the
19		Corporations Act 2001.
20	32	Subsection 165A(1)
21		Omit "when the management of the company vests in the judicial
22		manager appointed by the Court", substitute "when the judicial
23		management of the company commences".
24	33	Subsection 165A(2)
25		Omit "while the management of the company is vested in the judicial
26		manager appointed by the Court ", substitute "while the company is
27		under judicial management".
28	34	Subsection 165A(3)
29		Omit "while the management of the company is vested in a judicial
30		manager", substitute "while the company is under judicial
31		management".

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 213 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	35 8	Subsection 165A(4)
2		Omit "that the management of the company vests in the judicial
3		manager when the judicial management commences", substitute "that
4		the company is under judicial management".
5	36 5	Section 165B
6		Repeal the section, substitute:
7	165B	Judicial management not ground for denial of obligations
8 9		(1) This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is:
10		(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
11		(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a
12		foreign country).
13		(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the
14		contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
15		(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
16		(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
17		(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
18		(d) enforce any security under the contract.
19		This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
20		(3) The matters are as follows:
21		(a) if the body corporate is a life company—the making by the
22		Court of an order that the body corporate, or part of the
23		business of the body corporate, be placed under judicial
24		management;
25		(b) if the body corporate is a life company—the commencement
26 27		of the judicial management of the body corporate, or of part of the business of the body corporate;
		(c) the making by the Court of an order that a life company that
28 29		is a related body corporate of the body corporate be placed
30		under judicial management;
31		(d) the making by the Court of an order that part of the business
32 33		of a life company that is a related body corporate of the body corporate be placed under judicial management;

214

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

	(e) the commencement of the judicial management of a life company that is a related body corporate of the body
	corporate;
	(f) the commencement of the judicial management of part of the
	business of a life company that is a related body corporate of
	the body corporate.
	(4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of
	the following:
	(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
	(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
	(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
	(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related
	body corporate of the body corporate.
37	Section 166
	Before "The appointment of", insert "(1)".
38	Section 166
	Omit "The appointment of a judicial manager under this Part does not
	affect", substitute "None of the matters mentioned in subsection (2)
	affect".
39	At the end of section 166
	Add:
	(2) The matters are as follows:
	(a) the making by the Court of an order that the life company be
	placed under judicial management;
	(b) the commencement of the judicial management of the life
	company.
40	Paragraph 168A(4)(a)
	After "the Cornerations Act 2001" insert "(without limiting the soone
	After "the Corporations Act 2001", insert "(without limiting the scope

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 215 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	41 Paragraph 168A(4)(d)
2	Omit "(as defined in section 761A of the Corporations Act 2001) of a
3	financial market (as defined in that section)", substitute "of a financial
4	market".
5	42 Section 168C
6	Repeal the section, substitute:
7	168C Act under section 168A not ground for denial of obligations
8 9	 This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contract is:
10	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
11	(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a
12	foreign country).
13	(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the
14	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
15	(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
16	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
17	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
18	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
19	This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
20	(3) The matters are as follows:
21	(a) if the body corporate is a life company—a judicial manager
22	doing an act under subsection 168A(1) relating to the body
23	corporate;
24	(b) a judicial manager doing an act under subsection 168A(1)
25	relating to a life company that is a related body corporate of
26	the body corporate.
27	(4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of
28	the following:
29	(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body
30	corporate of the body corporate;
31 32	(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;

216

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

EXPOSURE DRAFT Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1 2		 (c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
_		
3		(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related
4		body corporate of the body corporate.
5	43	Subsection 172(5)
6		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
7		(5) At the time when an order cancelling the judicial management of
8		the life company comes into force:
9 10		(a) the judicial manager ceases to have the powers and functions of an officer of the life company; and
11		(b) the board of directors or other governing body of the life
12		company starts to have those powers.
		r j in j
13	44	Paragraph 175(2)(aa)
14		Omit "Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act
15		1999", substitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act
16		<i>1999</i> ".
17	45	After paragraph 175(2)(aa)
18		Insert:
19		(ab) to transfer shares in the company to another company under
20		section 25AA of the Financial Sector (Transfer and
21		Restructure) Act 1999;
22	46	Subparagraph 176(3)(b)(i)
23		After "the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ", insert "(without limiting the scope
23 24		of section 251AA of this Act)".
24		of section 251AA of this Act).
25	47	Subparagraph 176(3)(b)(iv)
26		Omit "(as defined in section 761A of the Corporations Act 2001) of a
27		financial market (as defined in that section)", substitute "of a financial
28		market".

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 217 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	48 Subsection 177(2)	
2	Omit "the management of the company, or of that part of the bu	isiness
3	of the company, as the case may be, continues to be vested in th	ie
4	judicial manager", substitute "the company continues to be und	er
5	judicial management".	
6	49 Subsection 179	
7	Repeal the section, substitute:	
8	179 Immunity	
9 10	(1) A judicial manager, or a person acting on behalf of a judici manager, is not subject to any liability (whether civil or cri	
11	in respect of anything done, or omitted to be done, in the e	
12	or performance, or the purported exercise or performance,	
13	powers, functions or duties conferred or imposed on the ju	
14	manager by or under this Act.	
15	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to an act or omission in bad	faith.
16	(3) A judicial manager is not liable under section 588G of the	
17	Corporations Act 2001. This subsection does not limit the	scope of
18	subsection (1).	
19	(4) Subsection (1) does not limit, and is not limited by any of t	he
20	following provisions:	
21	(a) section @14C-LIA, 156A, 156B, 246A or 246B;	
22	(b) section 58 of the Australian Prudential Regulation A	uthority
23	Act 1998.	
24	Signpost to secrecy obligations	
25	(5) Part 6 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority A	ct 1998
26	prohibits certain disclosures of information received by juc	licial
27	managers under this Act.	
28	50 Section 179C	
29	Repeal the section, substitute:	

218 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

179C Involving APRA in proposed appointment of extern	al
administrators of life companies and NOHCs	

1 2

3	(1) At least 2 weeks before a person other than APRA:
4	(a) makes an application to a court under Chapter 5 of the
5	<i>Corporations Act 2001</i> for the appointment of an external
6	administrator of a life company or of a registered NOHC of a
7	life company; or
8	(b) makes another kind of application (whether or not to a court)
9	for the appointment of an external administrator of a life
10	company or of a registered NOHC of a life company; or
11	(c) appoints an external administrator of a life company or of a
12	registered NOHC of a life company (otherwise than as the
13	result of an application made by another person);
14	the person must give APRA written notice that the person proposes
15	to make the application or appointment.
16	(2) If there is an approved form for the notice, the person must give the
10	notice in the approved form.
17	notice in the approved form.
18	(2A) Subsection (1) does not apply if APRA gives the person written
19	notice, before the person makes the application or appointment,
20	that APRA consents to the person making the application or
21	appointment.
22	(3) APRA is entitled to be heard on the application.
23	(4) After receiving the notice, APRA may request the person to
24	provide details of the proposed application.
25	Offence
26	(5) A person (other than APRA) commits an offence if:
27	(a) the person:
28	(i) makes an application to a court under Chapter 5 of the
28 29	<i>Corporations Act 2001</i> for the appointment of an
30	external administrator of a life company or of a
31	registered NOHC of a life company; or
32	(ii) makes another kind of application (whether or not to a
33	court) for the appointment of an external administrator

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 219 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

	of a life company or of a registered NOHC of a life
	company; or
	(iii) appoints an external administrator of a life company or
	of a registered NOHC of a life company (otherwise than as the result of an application made by another person);
	and
	(b) APRA did not give the person written notice, before the
	person made the application or appointment, of APRA's
	consent to the person making the application or appointment,
	in accordance with subsection (2A); and
	(c) at least 2 weeks before making the application or
	appointment:
	(i) if there is an approved form for the purposes of this
	paragraph—the person did not give APRA notice in the
	approved form indicating that the person proposed to make the application or appointment; or
	(ii) otherwise—the person did not give APRA written
	notice indicating that the person proposed to make the
	application or appointment.
	Penalty: 60 penalty units.
(6	5) An offence against subsection (5) is an offence of strict liability.
	Note: For strict liability, see section 6.1 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> .
51 Subs	section 181(2)
Re	epeal the subsection, substitute:
(2	2) APRA may only make an application if any of the following requirements are met:
	(a) APRA is satisfied that it is necessary or proper that the
	application be made, having regard to the conclusions
	reached by APRA as a result of any of the following
	situations:
	(i) APRA investigating the business of the life company under Division 3 of Part 7;
	(ii) APRA taking control of the life company's business

220

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1		(iii) an administrator of the life company's business
2		recommending to APRA under section @14B-LIA that
3		APRA apply for the life company to be wound up;
4		(b) if the life company is an eligible foreign life insurance
5		company—APRA considers that any of the following
6		requirements are met:
7		(i) an application for the appointment of an external
8		administrator of the eligible foreign life insurance
9		company, or for a similar procedure in respect of the
10 11		eligible foreign life insurance company, has been made in one or more foreign countries;
12		(ii) an external administrator has been appointed to the
13		eligible foreign life insurance company, or a similar
14		appointment has been made in respect of the eligible
15		foreign life insurance company, in a foreign country.
16	52	At the end of section 181
17		Add:
10		(4) To quoted doubt subsection (1) applies even if a Life Leavennes Act
18 19		(4) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) applies even if a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of:
20		(a) unless paragraph (b) applies—the life company's business; or
21		(b) if the life company is an eligible foreign life insurance
22		company—the Australian business assets and liabilities of the
23		eligible foreign life insurance company.
24	53	Section 183
25		Omit "a life company," substitute "an entity covered by subsection (4),
26		or the proposed winding-up of an entity covered by subsection (4),".
27	54	At the end of section 183
28		Add:
29		(4) This subsection covers the following entities:
30		(a) a life company;
31		(b) a registered NOHC;
32		(c) a subsidiary of a life company or registered NOHC.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 221 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

55	Paragraph 183B(2)(a)
	After "the winding up of the friendly society" insert ", or the proposed winding up of the friendly society".
56	Subsection 184(1)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(1) APRA may apply to the Court for directions regarding any matter arising under:
	(a) the winding-up of an entity covered by subsection 183(4); of(b) the proposed winding-up of an entity covered by subsection 183(4).
57	Subsection 185(1)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(1) APRA may ask a liquidator for specified information in writing about:
	(a) the winding-up of an entity covered by subsection 183(4) a the other affairs of the entity; or
	(b) the proposed winding-up of an entity covered by subsection 183(4) and the other affairs of the entity.
58	Subsection 190(5)
	Omit "Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) A 1999", substitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999".
59	After paragraph 230A(3A)(d)
	Insert:
	(e) each subsidiary of a life company or of a registered NOHC or
	 (f) each subsidiary of a life company or of a registered NOHC included in a specified class of subsidiaries; or
60	At the end of Division 1 of Part 10A
	Add:

222 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

1	230AAA Obligation to comply with the prudential standards
2 3 4	A life company, registered NOHC or a subsidiary of a life company or registered NOHC to which a prudential standard applies must comply with the standard.
5	61 After Division 1 of Part 10A
6	Insert:
7	Division 1A—Conversion and write-off provisions
8	230AAB Definitions
9	In this Division:
10	conversion and write-off provisions means the provisions of the
11	prudential standards that relate to the conversion or writing off of:
12	(a) Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital; or
13	(b) any other instrument.
14	conversion entity: an entity (the first entity) is a conversion entity
15	for an instrument if:
16	(a) the instrument is issued by another entity; and
17	(b) the instrument converts, in accordance with the terms of the
18 19	instrument, into one or more ordinary shares of the first entity for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions.
20	converts: an instrument converts into one or more ordinary shares
21	of an entity including by redeeming or cancelling the instrument
22	and replacing the instrument with ordinary shares.
23	related subsidiary of a life company means a subsidiary of a
24	holding company of the life company.
25	specified law means any of the following:
26	(a) the Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998;
27	(b) the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975;
28	(c) Chapter 6 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (takeovers);

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 223 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2 3	(d) any other Australian law, or law of a foreign country or part of a foreign country, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph.
4	230AAC Conversion and write-off provisions
5	Application
6	(1) This section applies in relation to an instrument that contains terms
7 8	that are for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions and is issued by:
9	(a) a life company; or
10	(b) a holding company of a life company; or
11	(c) a subsidiary or related subsidiary of a life company; or
12	(d) an entity of a kind prescribed by the regulations for the
13	purposes of this paragraph.
14	Conversion of instrument despite other laws etc.
15	(2) The instrument may be converted in accordance with the terms of
16	the instrument despite:
17 18	 (a) any Australian law or any law of a foreign country or a part of a foreign country, other than a specified law; and
19 20	(b) the constitution of the entity issuing the instrument, or any conversion entity for the instrument; and
21	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the entity issuing the
22 22 23	instrument, or any conversion entity for the instrument, is a party; and
24	(d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list
2 4 25	the entity issuing the instrument, or any conversion entity for
26	the instrument, is included.
27	Write-off of instrument despite other laws etc.
28	(3) The instrument may be written off in accordance with the terms of
29	the instrument despite:
30	(a) any Australian law or any law of a foreign country or a part
31	of a foreign country; and
32	(b) the constitution of the entity issuing the instrument; and

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

224

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1 2	(c) any contract or arrangement to which the entity issuing the instrument is a party; and
3	(d) any listing rules of a financial market in whose official list
4	the entity issuing the instrument is included.
5	230AAD Conversion or write-off etc. not grounds for denial of
6	obligations
7	(1) This section applies if an entity (the <i>first entity</i>) is party to a
8	contract, whether the proper law of the contract is:
9	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
10 11	(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
12	(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the
13	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
14	(a) deny any obligation under the contract;
15	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
16	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
17	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
18	This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
19	(3) The matters are as follows:
20	(a) a relevant instrument being converted for the purposes of the
21	conversion and write-off provisions;
22 23	(b) a relevant instrument being written off for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions;
24	(c) the occurrence of an event (which may be the making of a
25	determination (however described) by APRA) that results in
26	a relevant instrument being required to be converted or
27	written off for the purposes of the conversion and write-off
28	provisions.
29	(4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the first entity:
30	(a) denying an obligation to another entity; or
31	(b) accelerating a debt to an another entity; or
32	(c) closing out a transaction with another entity; or
33	(d) enforcing a security against another entity;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 225 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	unless the first entity is a body corporate and the other entity is a
2	related body corporate of the first entity.
3	(5) In this section:
4	relevant instrument means an instrument to which
5	section 230AAC applies:
6	(a) that is issued by the first entity, or for which the first entity is
7	a conversion entity; or
8	(b) if the first entity is a body corporate:
9 10	(i) that is issued by a related body corporate of the first entity; or
11	(ii) for which a related body corporate of the first entity is a
12	conversion entity.
13	62 Section 230AA
14	Before "This Subdivision", insert "(1)".
15	63 At the end of section 230AA
16	Add:
17	(2) Subsections (3) and (4) apply if:
18	(a) APRA has given a recapitalisation direction to the life
19	company under subsection 230AB(1) (the <i>primary</i>
20	<i>recapitalisation direction</i>); and
21	(b) the life company is a subsidiary of a NOHC/NOHC
22	subsidiary; and
23	(c) the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary is a company that:
24	(i) is registered under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; and
25	(ii) has a share capital; and
26 27	 (d) the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary does not have a Life Insurance Act statutory manager.
21	Act statutory manager.
28	(3) This Subdivision applies to the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary in the
29	same way that it does to a life company.
30	(4) However, disregard the following provisions in applying this
31	Subdivision to the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary:
32	(a) subsection 230AB(1);

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

226

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

Main amendments Part 1

1	(b) subsection 230AC(1).
2	(5) In this section:
3 4 5 6	 <i>NOHC/NOHC subsidiary</i> means a body corporate that is any of the following: (a) a registered NOHC; (b) a subsidiary of a registered NOHC.
7 64	Paragraph 230AB(1)(b)
8 9	After "APRA considers that", insert ", in the absence of external support".
10 65	After subsection 230AB(1)
11	Insert:
12 13 14 15	(1A) Subsection (1B) applies if subsections 230AA(3) and (4) apply to a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary because of a primary recapitalisation direction given to a life company (as mentioned in subsection 230AA(2)).
16 17 18 19 20	(1B) For the purposes of facilitating compliance with the primary recapitalisation direction, APRA may give the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary a direction (also a <i>recapitalisation direction</i>) that requires the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary to do anything that is specified in the direction.
21 66	After subsection 230AB(2)
22	Insert:
23 24	(2A) The regulations may specify that a particular form of support is not external support for the purposes of paragraph (1)(b).
25 67	At the end of section 230AB
26	Add:
27 28	(4) A recapitalisation direction may deal with the time by which, or period during which, it is to be complied with.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 227 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2 3	(5) APRA may, by notice in writing to the life company, vary the recapitalisation direction if, at the time of the variation, it considers that the variation is necessary and appropriate.
4 5 6 7	(6) The direction has effect until APRA revokes it by notice in writing to the life company. APRA may revoke the direction if, at the time of revocation, it considers that the direction is no longer necessary or appropriate.
8	68 After subsection 230AC(1)
9	Insert:
10 11 12	(1A) If the recapitalisation direction is a direction to a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary under subsection 230AB(1B), the direction may direct the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary to do any of the following:
13	(a) issue:
14 15	(i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary; or
16 17	(ii) other capital instruments in the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary of a kind specified in the direction;
18	(b) acquire:
19 20	(i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in the life company mentioned in subsection 230AB(1A); or
21 22 23	(ii) other capital instruments in the life company mentioned in subsection 230AB(1A) of a kind specified in the direction;
24	(c) acquire:
25 26	(i) shares, or rights to acquire shares, in a specified body corporate covered by subsection (1B); or
27	(ii) other capital instruments in a specified body corporate
28 29	covered by subsection (1B), of a kind specified in the direction.
30	(1B) This subsection covers a body corporate if:
31	(a) the body corporate is a subsidiary of the NOHC/NOHC
32	subsidiary; and (b) the life common is a subsidiary of the hady comparete
33	(b) the life company is a subsidiary of the body corporate.

228

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1 2 3		(1C) Without limiting the generality of subsections (1), (1A) and (2), but subject to subsection (3), a direction referred to in those subsections may:
4 5		 (a) deal with some only of the matters referred to in those subsections; or
6 7		(b) deal with a particular class or particular classes of those matters; or
8 9		(c) make different provision with respect to different matters or different classes of matters.
10	69	Subsection 230AC(2)
11 12		Omit "paragraph (1)(a)", substitute "paragraph (1)(a) or subparagraph (1A)(a)(i), (1A)(b)(i) or (1A)(c)(i)".
13	70	Subsection 230AC(3)
14 15		Omit "paragraph (1)(b)", substitute "paragraph (1)(b) or subparagraph (1A)(a)(ii), (1A)(b)(ii) or (1A)(c)(ii)".
16	71	Subsection 230AD(3) (heading)
17		Repeal the heading, substitute:
18		Issue or acquisition of shares etc. despite other laws etc.
19	72	Subsection 230AD(3)
20		After "issue", insert "or acquire".
21	73	Paragraph 230AD(3)(a)
22 23		After "the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ", insert "(without limiting the scope of section 251AA of this Act)".
24	74	Paragraph 230AD(3)(d)
25		Omit "(as defined in section 761A of the Corporations Act 2001) of a
26 27		financial market (as defined in that section)", substitute "of a financial market".
28	75	After subsection 230AE(1)
29		Insert:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 2 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

229

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2 3 4 5	(1A) If the recapitalisation direction is a direction to a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary under subsection 230AB(1B), treat the reference in paragraph (1)(a) to "the policy owners of the company" as being a reference to "the policy owners of the life company mentioned in subsection 230AB(1A)".
6	76 At the end of section 230AE
7	Add:
8 9 10 11	(4) If the recapitalisation direction is a direction to a NOHC/NOHC subsidiary under subsection 230AB(1B), treat the references in paragraph (3)(c) to "the company" as being a reference to "the NOHC/NOHC subsidiary mentioned in subsection 230AB(1B)".
12	77 Section 230AJ
13	Repeal the section, substitute:
14 15 16	 230AJ Recapitalisation direction not grounds for denial of obligations (1) This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract,
17	whether the proper law of the contract is:
18	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or
19 20	(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
21	(2) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (3) allows the
22	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
23	(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
24	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
25	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
26	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
27	This subsection has effect subject to subsection (4).
28	(3) The matters are as follows:
29	(a) the body corporate being subject to a recapitalisation
30	direction;

230

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

EXPOSURE DRAFT Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1 2		(b) a related body corporate of the body corporate being subject to a recapitalisation direction.
3 4		(4) Subsection (2) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of the following:
5		(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body
6		corporate of the body corporate;
7 8		 (b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
9 10		(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
11 12		(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate.
13	78	Subsection 230AK(9)
14		Repeal the subsection.
15	79	Subsection 230B(1)
16		Omit "Without limiting subsection (1AA), APRA may", substitute
17		"APRA may".
18	80	Paragraph 230B(1)(b)
19		Omit "and such a contravention is likely to give rise to a prudential
20		risk", substitute "and the direction is reasonably necessary for one or
21		more prudential matters relating to the body corporate".
22	81	Subsection 230B(1AA)
23		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
24		(1AA) APRA may give a body corporate that is a life company or is a
25		registered NOHC a direction of a kind specified in subsection (2) if
26		APRA has reason to believe that:
27		(a) a subsidiary of the body corporate has contravened a
28 29		provision of this Act or the <i>Financial Sector</i> (<i>Collection of Data</i>) <i>Act</i> 2001; or
29 30		(b) a subsidiary of the body corporate is likely to contravene this
30 31		Act or the <i>Financial Sector</i> (<i>Collection of Data</i>) <i>Act 2001</i> ; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 231 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(d)	the direction is in respect of a subsidiary of the body
2	~ /	corporate and is necessary in the interests of:
3		(i) if the body corporate is a life company—policy owners
4		or prospective policy owners of the life company; or
5		(ii) if the body corporate is a registered NOHC—policy
6		owners or prospective policy owners of any life
7		company that is a subsidiary of the NOHC; or
8	(e)	a subsidiary of the body corporate is, or is about to become,
9		unable to meet the subsidiary's liabilities; or
10	(f)	there is, or there might be, a material risk to the security of
11		the assets of a subsidiary of the body corporate; or
12	(g)	there has been, or there might be, a material deterioration in
13		the financial condition of a subsidiary of the body corporate;
14		or
15	(h)	a subsidiary of the body corporate is conducting the
16		subsidiary's affairs in an improper or financially unsound
17		way; or
18	(j)	a subsidiary of the body corporate is conducting the
19		subsidiary's affairs in a way that may cause or promote
20	4	instability in the Australian financial system; or
21	(k)	a subsidiary of the body corporate is conducting the
22		subsidiary's affairs in a way that may cause it to be unable to
23		continue to supply services to:
24 25		(i) if the body corporate is a life company—the life company; or
25		
26 27		(ii) if the body corporate is a registered NOHC—any life company that is a subsidiary of the NOHC; or
	(1)	the direction is in respect of a subsidiary of the body
28 29	(1)	corporate and the failure to issue a direction would materially
29 30		prejudice the interests of:
31		(i) if the body corporate is a life company—policy owners
32		or prospective policy owners of the life company; or
33		(ii) if the body corporate is a registered NOHC— policy
34		owners or prospective policy owners of any life
35		company that is a subsidiary of the NOHC.
36	(1AB) How	ever, APRA can only make a direction as a result of a ground
37		red to in $(1AA)(a)$, (b) , (c) , (e) , (f) , (g) , (h) or (k) if APRA
_		

232 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	considers that the direction is reasonably necessary for one or more prudential matters relating to the body corporate.
3	(1AC) APRA may give a body corporate that is a subsidiary of a life
4 5	company or of a registered NOHC a direction of a kind specified in subsection (3) if:
6	(a) APRA has given the life company or registered NOHC a
7	direction under subsection (1AA) because one or more of the
8	grounds referred to in that subsection have been satisfied in
9	respect of the subsidiary; or
10	(b) APRA may give the life company or registered NOHC a
11	direction under subsection (1AA) because one or more of the
12 13	grounds referred to in that subsection have been satisfied in respect of the subsidiary.
14	(1AD) APRA cannot give a direction under subsection (1AC) to a body
15	corporate of a kind specified in regulations (if any) made for the
16	purposes of this subsection.
17	(1AE) Subsections (1), (1AA) and (1AC) do not limit each other.
18	82 Paragraph 230B(1A)(b)
19	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
20	(b) specify:
21	(i) in the case of a direction under subsection (1AC)— the
22	ground referred to in subsection (1AA) as a result of
23	which the direction is given; or
24 25	(ii) otherwise—the ground referred to in subsection (1) or(1AA) as a result of which the direction is given
26	83 After subsection 230B(1A)
27	Insert:
28	(1AAA) In deciding whether to give a direction under subsection (1), (1AA)
29	or (1AC) to a body corporate, APRA may disregard any external
30	support for the body corporate.
31	(1AAB) The regulations may specify that a particular form of support is not
32	external support for the purposes of subsection (1AAA).

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 233 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	84	Paragraph 230B(2)(v)
2		Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
3 4		(v) to make changes to the body corporate's systems, business practices or operations;
5 6		(w) to reconstruct, amalgamate or otherwise alter all or part of any of the following:
7 8		(i) the business, structure or organisation of the body corporate;
9 10		 (ii) the business, structure or organisation of the group constituted by the body corporate and its subsidiaries;
11 12		(x) to do, or to refrain from doing, anything else in relation to the affairs of the body corporate.
13	85	After subsection 230B(3)
14		Insert:
15		(3A) Without limiting the generality of paragraph $(2)(x)$, a direction
16		under that paragraph to an eligible foreign life insurance company
17		may be any one or more of the following:
18		(a) a direction that the company act in a way so as to ensure that:
19		(i) a particular asset, or a particular class of assets, of the
20		company is returned to the control (however described)
21		of the part of the company's life insurance business that
22		is carried on in Australia; or
23		(ii) a particular liability, or a particular class of liabilities, of
24		the company ceases to be the responsibility (however described) of the part of the company's life insurance
25 26		business that is carried on in Australia:
		(b) a direction that the company not act in a way that has the
27 28		(b) a direction that the company not act in a way that has the result that:
		(i) a particular asset, or a particular class of assets, of the
29 30		company ceases to be under the control (however
31		described) of the part of the company's life insurance
32		business that is carried on in Australia; or
33		(ii) a particular liability, or a particular class of liabilities, of
34		the company becomes the responsibility (however

234

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	described) of the part of the company's life insurance business that is carried on in Australia.
3 4	(3B) The kinds of direction that may be given as mentioned in subsection (2) are not limited by any other provision in this Part.
5	(3C) The kinds of direction that may be given as mentioned in a
6	particular paragraph of subsection (2) are not limited by any other
7	paragraph of that subsection.
8	86 Subsections 230C(1) to (2)
9	Repeal the subsections, substitute:
10	(1) This section applies if a body corporate is party to a contract,
11	whether the proper law of the contract is:
12	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); or (b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a
13 14	(b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
14	Toreign country).
15	(1A) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (1B) allows the
16	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
17	(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
18	(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
19	(c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;
20	(d) enforce any security under the contract.
21	This subsection has effect subject to subsections $(1C)$, (2) and (3) .
22	(1B) The matters are as follows:
23	(a) the body corporate being subject to a direction by APRA
24	under section 230B;
25	(b) a related body corporate of the body corporate being subject
26	to a direction by APRA under section 230B.
27	(1C) Subsection (1A) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of the following:
28	the following:
29 30	 (a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
31 32	(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 235 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related
2	body corporate of the body corporate;
3	(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related
4	body corporate of the body corporate.
5	(2) If the body corporate is prevented from fulfilling its obligations
6	under the contract because of a direction under section 230B, other
7	than a direction under paragraph 230B(2)(o), the other party or
8	parties to the contract are, subject to any orders made under
9 10	subsection (3), relieved from obligations owed to the body corporate under the contract.
10	corporate under the contract.
11	87 Section 230E
12	Repeal the section.
	88 At the end of Division 2 of Part 10A
13	
14	Add:
15	Subdivision C—Secrecy and disclosure provisions relating to all
16	directions
	221 ADDA may determine that a dimetion is servered by second
17	231 APRA may determine that a direction is covered by secrecy provision
18	provision
19	(1) This section applies if APRA has given an entity (the <i>directed</i>
20	<i>entity</i>) a direction under this Act.
21	(2) APRA may determine, in writing, that the direction is covered
22	under this subsection if APRA considers that the direction is
23	necessary to protect the policy owners of any life company or to
24	promote financial system stability in Australia.
25	Note: For repeal of a determination, see subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts</i>
26	Interpretation Act 1901.
27	(3) APRA must give the directed entity a copy of the determination as
28	soon as practicable after making it.
29	(4) An instrument under subsection (2) is not a legislative instrument.

236 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Main amendments Part 1

1 (5) If APRA makes a determination under subsection (2), APRA must consider whether it is appropriate in the circumstances to also 2 make a determination under either or both of subsections 231C(2) 3 4 and 231C(5). 231A Secrecy relating to directions 5 (1) A person commits an offence if: 6 (a) APRA has given an entity (the *directed entity*) a direction 7 under this Act; and 8 (b) the direction is covered by a determination under 9 subsection 231(2); and 10 (c) the person is, or has been, covered by subsection (2) of this 11 section in relation to the direction; and 12 (d) the person discloses information; and 13 (e) the information reveals the fact that the direction was made. 14 Penalty: Imprisonment for 2 years. 15 (2) A person is covered by this subsection in relation to the direction if 16 the person is: 17 (a) the directed entity; or 18 (b) an officer, employee or contractor of the directed entity at a 19 time on or after APRA gave the directed entity the direction. 20 (c) any other person who, because of his or her employment, or 21 in the course of that employment, has acquired information 22 that reveals the fact that the direction was made. 23 Exception 24 (3) Subsection (1) does not apply if: 25 (a) the disclosure is authorised by section 231B, 231C, 231D, 26 231E or 231F; or 27 (b) the disclosure is required by an order or direction of a court 28 or tribunal. 29 30 Note: A defendant bears an evidential burden in relation to a matter in subsection (2) (see subsection 13.3(3) of the Criminal Code). 31

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

237

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	231B	Disclosure of publicly available information
2		A person covered by subsection 231A(2) in relation to a direction
3		may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
4		made, to the extent that the information has already been lawfully
5		made available to the public.
6	231C	Disclosure allowed by APRA
7		(1) A person covered by subsection $231A(2)$ in relation to a direction
8		may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
9		made if:
0 1		(a) a determination under subsection (2) allows the disclosure by the person; and
2		(b) if APRA has included conditions in the determination—those
3		conditions are satisfied.
4		Determinations relating to specified person
5		(2) APRA may, in writing, make a determination allowing:
6		(a) a specified person covered by subsection 231A(2) in relation
7		to a specified direction; or
8 9		(b) a specified person covered by subsection 231A(2) in relation to a direction that is in a specified class of directions;
0		to disclose specified information in relation to the direction.
21		(3) An instrument under subsection (2) is not a legislative instrument.
2		(4) APRA must give a copy of the determination as soon as practicable
3		after making it to:
4		(a) the directed entity; and
5		(b) the person specified, or each person specified, in the
6		determination.
.7		Determinations relating to specified class of persons
28 29		(5) APRA may, by legislative instrument, make a determination allowing:
		(a) a specified class of persons covered by subsection 231A(2)
50 51		in relation to a specified direction; or

238

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1	(b) a specified class of persons covered by subsection 231A(2)
2 3	in relation to a direction that is in a specified class of directions;
4	to disclose specified information in relation to the direction.
5	Conditions in determinations
6	(6) APRA may include conditions in a determination under
7	subsection (2) or (5) that relate to any of the following:
8	(a) the kind of entities to which the disclosure may be made;
9	(b) the way in which the disclosure is to be made;
10	(c) any other matter that APRA considers appropriate.
11	231D Disclosure to legal representative for purpose of seeking legal
12	advice
13	A person covered by subsection 231A(2) in relation to a direction
14	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was made if:
15	
16	(a) the disclosure is to the person's legal representative; and
17	(b) the purpose of the person making the disclosure is for the legal representative to provide legal advice, or another legal
18 19	service, in relation to the direction.
20	231E Disclosure allowed by APRA Act secrecy provision
21	(1) A person covered by subsection 231A(2) in relation to a direction
22	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
23	made if:
24	(a) the person is:
25	(i) an APRA member (within the meaning of
26	subsection 56(1) of the Australian Prudential
27	Regulation Authority Act 1998); or
28	(ii) an APRA staff member (within the meaning of that
29	subsection); or
30	(iii) a Commonwealth officer (within the meaning of the
31	Crimes Act 1914) who is covered by paragraph (c) of the definition of "officier" in subsection $56(1)$ of the
32	the definition of "officer" in subsection $56(1)$ of the

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 239 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1	Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998;
2	and
3	(b) the information is protected information (within the meaning
4	of that subsection), or is contained in a protected document
5	(within the meaning of that subsection); and
6	(c) the disclosure is in accordance with subsection $56(3)$, (4) , (5) ,
7	(5AA), (6), (6A), (7), (7A), (7B) or (7C) of that Act.
8	Relationship to APRA Act secrecy provision
0	
9	(2) Disclosure of information in relation to a direction is not an
10	offence under section 56 of the Australian Prudential Regulation
11 12	<i>Authority Act 1998</i> if the disclosure is authorised by section 231B, 231C, 231D, 231F or 231G.
12	2510, 2510, 2511 01 2510.
13	231F Disclosure in circumstances set out in the regulations
14	A person covered by subsection 231A(2) in relation to a direction
14 15	may disclose information that reveals the fact that the direction was
16	made, if the disclosure is made in circumstances (if any) set out in
17	the regulations.
10	231G Disclosure for purpose
18	251G Disclosure for purpose
19	A person covered by subsection 231A(2) (the <i>relevant person</i>) in
20	relation to a direction may disclose information that reveals the fact
21	that the direction was made if:
22	(a) another person covered by subsection 231A(2) in relation to
23	the direction disclosed that information to the relevant person for a particular purpose in accordance with section 231C,
24 25	231D, 231E or 231F, or in accordance with a previous
25 26	operation of this section; and
27	(b) the disclosure by the relevant person is for the same purpose.
28	231H Exceptions operate independently
28	25111 Exceptions operate independently
29	Sections 231B, 231C, 231D, 231E, 231F and 231G do not limit
30	each other.

240 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

Main amendments Part 1

89	Subsection 236(1)
	Omit ", subject to subsection (1AA),".
90	Subsection 236(1) (paragraphs (g) and (ga) of the definition of <i>reviewable decision</i>)
	Repeal the paragraphs, substitute:
	(g) a decision to revoke registration under subsection 26(1);
	(ga) a refusal to revoke the registration of a company under section 27;
	(gaa) a decision to give a direction under subsection 27A(1);
	(gab) a refusal to approve a proposed assignment under subsection 27A(4);
	(gac) a decision to impose conditions on an approval under subsection 27A(4);
91	After paragraph 236(1)(ge)
	Insert:
	(gf) a decision to give a notice under subsection 28AA(2);
92	After section 246
	Insert:
246	6A Protection from liability—general
	(1) A person is not subject to any liability to any person in respect of
	anything done, or omitted to be done, in good faith and without
	negligence in the exercise or performance, or the purported
	exercise or performance, of powers, functions or duties under this
	Act.
	(2) To avoid doubt, any information provided by a person to APRA
	under section 88A or 98A is taken, for the purposes of
	subsection (1), to be provided in the exercise of a power or the performance of a function under this Act.
	(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person referred to in section 58 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998 and, to avoid doubt, does not affect the operation of that section.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 241 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

246B Protection from liability—directions and secrecy

2 3	(1) An action, suit or proceeding (whether criminal or civil) does not lie against a person in relation to anything done, or omitted to be
4	done, in good faith by the person if:
5	(a) the person does the thing, or omits to do the thing, for the
6	purpose of any of the following:
7 8	(i) complying with a direction under this Act given by APRA to a body corporate;
9	(ii) complying with section 231A (secrecy); and
10	(b) it is reasonable for the person to do the thing, or to omit to do
11	the thing, in order to achieve that purpose; and
12	(c) the person is any of the following:
13	(i) an officer or senior manager of the body corporate, of a
14	subsidiary of the body corporate, of a registered NOHC
15	of the body corporate or of a subsidiary of a registered
16	NOHC of the body corporate;
17	(ii) an employee or agent of the body corporate, of a
18	subsidiary of the body corporate, of a registered NOHC
19 20	of the body corporate or of a subsidiary of a registered NOHC of the body corporate.
21	(2) In subsection (1):
22	employee of a body corporate includes a person engaged to provide
23	advice or services to the body corporate.
24	officer has the meaning given by section 9 of the Corporations Act
25	2001.
26	246C Protection from liability—provisions do not limit each other
27	The following provisions do not limit the operation of each other:
28	(a) section @14C-LIA;
29	(b) subsection $50(2)$;
30	(c) section 89;
31	(d) section 99;
32	(e) section 156A;
33	(f) section 156B;

242

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3

1	(g) section 179;
2	(h) section 246A;
3	(i) section 246B;
4	(j) section 247;
5 6	(k) section 58 of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998.
7	93 After section 251
8	Insert:
9	251AA Act has effect despite the Corporations Act
10 11	This Act has effect despite any provision of the <i>Corporations Act</i> 2001.
12	94 Schedule
13	Insert:
14	administrator, of a body corporate's business, means an
15	administrator appointed under subsection @13A-LIA(1) to take
16	control of the body corporate's business.
17	Australian business assets and liabilities, of an eligible foreign
18	life insurance company, has the meaning given by
19	subsection 16ZE(3).
20	Australian financial sector statutory manager (or AFS statutory
21	manager) means:
22	(a) a Banking Act statutory manager (within the meaning of
23	the Banking Act 1959); or
24	(b) an Insurance Act statutory manager (within the meaning $f(t) = 1072$)
25	of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i>); or
26	(c) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager.
27	direction under this Act means a direction under any of the
28	following provisions:
29	(a) section 27A;
30	(b) section 125A;
31	(c) section 230AB;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 243 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 3 Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(d) section 230B.
2 3	95	Schedule (paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>external administrator</i>)
4		Omit "or provisional liquidator".
5 6	96	Schedule (paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>external administrator</i>)
7 8		Omit "a judicial manager", substitute "a judicial manager or Life Insurance Act statutory manager".
9	97	Schedule
10		Insert:
11 12		<i>financial market</i> has the meaning given by section 761A of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
13 14		<i>holding company</i> , of a body corporate, means another body corporate of which the first body corporate is a subsidiary.
15 16		<i>Life Insurance Act statutory manager</i> has the meaning given by subsection 13A(2).
17		liquidator includes a provisional liquidator.
18 19		<i>listing rules</i> has the meaning given by section 761A of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
20		NOHC/NOHC subsidiary has the meaning given by
21		subsection 230AA(5).
22		prudential matters means matters relating to:
23		(a) the conduct of any part of the affairs of, or the structuring or
24 25		organising of, a life company, a registered NOHC, a relevant group of bodies corporate, or a particular member or
25 26		members of such a group, in such a way as:
27		(i) to keep the life company, NOHC, group or member or
28		members of the group in a sound financial position; or
29 30		(ii) to facilitate resolution of the life company, NOHC, group or member or members of the group; or

244

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Life Insurance Act 1995 Schedule 3 Consequential amendments Part 2

1 2	(iii) to protect the interests of policy owners of any life company; or
3	(iv) not to cause or promote instability in the Australian
4	financial system; or
5	(b) the conduct of any part of the affairs of a life company, a
6	registered NOHC, a relevant group of bodies corporate, or a
7 8	particular member or members of such a group, with integrity, prudence and professional skill.
9	98 Schedule (definition of recapitalisation direction)
10 11	Omit "subsection 230AB(1)", substitute "subsection 230AB(1) or (1B)".
12	99 Schedule (definition of related company)
13	Repeal the definition, substitute:
14	related body corporate:
15	(a) in Part 7—has the meaning given by section 129; and
16	(b) otherwise—has the meaning given by section 16.
17	100 Schedule
18	Insert:
19 20	<i>relevant group of bodies corporate</i> has the meaning given by section 15A.
21	<i>resolution</i> means the process by which APRA and other relevant
22	persons manage or respond to the failure or potential failure of an
23	entity, including through the exercise of powers and functions
24	under this Act or another law.
25	subsidiary has the meaning given by section 16.
26	Part 2—Consequential amendments
27	Part 3—Application provisions
28	[These provisions will be drafted following exposure.

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 245 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 1 Main amendments

Sch	nedule 4—Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999
Part	: 1—Main amendments
Fina	ncial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999
1 Tit	tle
	After "to provide for transfers of business between some kinds of financial institutions,", insert "to provide for transfers of shares and other interests in some kinds of financial institutions,".
2 Se	ection 1
	Repeal the section, substitute:
1 Sh	ort title
	This Act may be cited as the <i>Financial Sector</i> (<i>Transfer and Restructure</i>) Act 1999.
Note:	This item amends the short title of the Act. If another amendment of the Act is described by reference to the Act's previous short title, that other amendment has effect after the commencement of this item as an amendment of the Act under its amended short title (see section 10 of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i>).
3 Sı	ubsection 4(1) (definition of certificate of transfer)
	Repeal the definition, substitute:
	certificate of transfer:
	 (a) in relation to a voluntary transfer of business—means a certificate issued under section 18;
	 (b) in relation to a compulsory transfer of business—means a certificate issued under section 33;
	(c) in relation to a compulsory transfer of shares—means a certificate issued under section 33.

246

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution PowersNo., 2017and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 Schedule 4 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	4 Subsection 4(1) (definition of compulsory transfer determination)
2	Repeal the definition, substitute:
4	<i>compulsory transfer determination</i> means:(a) a compulsory transfer of business determination; or
5 6	(b) a compulsory transfer of shares determination.
7	5 Subsection 4(1)
8	Insert:
9 10	<i>compulsory transfer of business determination</i> means a determination under section 25.
11 12	<i>compulsory transfer of shares determination</i> means a determination under section 25AA.
13 14	<i>eligible foreign life insurance company</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i> .
15	foreign ADI has the same meaning as in the Banking Act 1959.
16 17	<i>foreign general insurer</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> .
18	Australian business assets and liabilities, of a body corporate that
19	is a foreign ADI, a foreign general insurer or an eligible foreign
20	life insurance company, means the following:
21	(a) the assets and liabilities of the body corporate in Australia;
22 23	(b) any other rights and liabilities that the body corporate has as a result of its operations in Australia.
24	6 Subsection 4(1) (definition of <i>partial transfer</i>)
25	Repeal the definition, substitute:
25	
26	<i>partial transfer</i> means a transfer of business described in
27	subsection 8(2).

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 247 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 1 Main amendments

Subsection 4(1) (after paragraph (a) of the definition of receiving body)
Insert:
 (aa) in relation to a transfer of shares under Part 4—a body corporate to which shares in another body corporate are to be transferred, or have been transferred under that Part; or
Subsection 4(1) (definition of regulated body)
Repeal the definition, substitute:
 <i>regulated body</i> means a body corporate that is: (a) an ADI; or (b) a life insurance company; or (c) a general insurer.
Subsection 4(1) (definition of regulated business)
Repeal the definition, substitute:
 <i>regulated business</i> in relation to a regulated body, means: (a) for a body that is an ADI—the body's banking business (within the meaning of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i>); or
 (b) for a body that is a life insurance company—the body's life insurance business (within the meaning of the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i>); or
(c) for a body that is a general insurer—the body's insurance business (within the meaning of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i>).
0 Subsection 4(1) (definition of <i>related</i>)
Repeal the definition.
1 Subsection 4(1)
Insert:
<i>related body corporate</i> , in relation to a body corporate, means a body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as determined in accordance with section 4A.

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

248

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 Schedule 4 Main amendments Part 1

12	Subsection 4(1) (definition of total transfer)
	Repeal the definition, substitute:
	<i>total transfer</i> means a transfer of business described in subsection 8(3).
13	Subsection 4(1) (after paragraph (a) of the definition of transferring body)
	Insert:
	 (aa) in relation to a transfer of shares under Part 4—a body corporate, shares in which are to be transferred, or have been transferred, to another body corporate under that Part; or
14	After section 4
	Insert:
4 A	Related body corporate
	For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate
	is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
15	Paragraph 8(1)(a)
	Omit "transfers under Part 3", substitute "transfers of business under Part 3".
16	Paragraph 8(1)(b)
	Omit "transfers under Part 4", substitute "transfers of business under
	Part 4".
17	Subsection 8(1)
	Omit "Either kind of transfer", substitute "Either kind of transfer of
	business".
18	After subsection 8(1)
	Insert:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 249 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 1 Main amendments

	(1A) This Act also provides for <i>compulsory transfers</i> of shares in regulated bodies.
19	At the end of subsection 8(4)
	Add:
	Note: The regulated bodies making the application cannot be general insurers (see section 10).
20	Subsection 8(5)
	Omit "compulsory transfer determination", substitute "compulsory transfer of business determination".
21	After subsection 8(5)
	Insert:
	(5A) For a compulsory transfer of shares to take effect, APRA must:
	(a) make a determination (the <i>compulsory transfer of shares</i>
	<i>determination</i>) that there is to be a transfer of shares in a
	body (the <i>transferring body</i>) to another body (the <i>receivin body</i>); and
	 (b) issue a certificate (the <i>certificate of transfer</i>) stating that t transfer is to take effect.
	The transfer of shares takes effect when the certificate of transfer comes into force.
22	At the end of subsection 9(1)
	Add:
	Note: The regulated bodies making the application cannot be general insurers (see section 10).
23	Subsection 11(1)
	Omit "approve a transfer of business if APRA considers that:", substitute "approve a transfer of business if:".
24	Paragraph 11(1)(a)

250 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 Schedule 4 Main amendments Part 1

25	Paragraph 11(1)(b)
	Before "the transfer has been", insert "APRA considers that".
26	Paragraph 11(1)(c)
	Before "the transfer should be approved", insert "APRA considers that".
27	Paragraph 11(1)(d)
	Before "legislation to facilitate", insert "APRA has considered whether".
28	After subsection 11(1)
	Insert:
	(1A) To avoid doubt, APRA may make a determination under this section even if the legislation mentioned in paragraph (1)(d) has not been enacted as mentioned in that paragraph.
29	Section 14
	Before "State or Territory legislation referred", insert "(1)".
30	At the end of section 14
	Add:
	(2) To avoid doubt, this section is enacted only for the purposes of paragraph 11(1)(d).
	Note: Under that paragraph, in order to make a determination under section 11, APRA needs to consider whether legislation satisfying the requirements of this section has been enacted. However, APRA is not prevented from making such a determination if such legislation has not been enacted (see subsection 11(1A)).
31	Paragraph 24(1)(a)
	Omit "compulsory transfer determination", substitute "compulsory transfer of business determination".
	After subsection 21/1)
32	After subsection 24(1)

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 251 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 1 Main amendments

	(1A) For a compulsory transfer of shares to take effect, APRA must:
	(a) make a determination (the <i>compulsory transfer of shares</i>
	<i>determination</i>) that there is to be a transfer of shares in a body (the <i>transferring body</i>) to another body (the <i>receiving</i>
	body (the receiving body) to another body (the receiving body) (see section 25AA); and
	(b) issue a certificate (the <i>certificate of transfer</i>) stating that the
	transfer is to take effect (see section 33).
	(1B) A compulsory transfer of business determination and a compulsory
	transfer of shares determination are both <i>compulsory transfer determinations</i> .
33	Subsection 24(2)
	Omit "the compulsory transfer determination", substitute "a compulsory transfer determination".
34	Subsection 24(3)
• ·	Omit "The compulsory transfer determination", substitute "A
	compulsory transfer determination".
35	Subsection 24(4)
	Omit "the certificate of transfer", substitute "a certificate of transfer".
36	Subsection 24(4)
	Omit "the certificate of transfer", substitute "a certificate of transfer for a transfer of shares or for a transfer of business".
37	Subsection 24(5)
	Omit "The transfer of business", substitute "A transfer of business".
38	At the end of section 24
	Add:
	(6) A transfer of shares takes effect when the certificate of transfer comes into force (see section 35A).
39	Section 25 (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:

252 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 Schedule 4 Main amendments Part 1

25 A	A Compulsory transfer of business determinations
40	Subparagraphs 25(1)(a)(iii) and (iv)
	Repeal the subparagraphs, substitute:
	 (iii) APRA is investigating the affairs of the transferring body, or has appointed a person to investigate the affairs of the transferring body, under subsection 13A(1) of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i>; or
	(iv) there is a Banking Act statutory manager of the transferring body under the <i>Banking Act 1959</i>; or
41	Subparagraph 25(1C)(a)(iii)
	Omit "company; and", substitute "company; or".
42	At the end of paragraph 25(1C)(a) Add:
	(iv) there is a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of the
	transferring body under the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i> ; and
43	Subsection 25(1D)
	Omit "only the business", substitute "only business".
44	After subparagraph 25(1D)(a)(iii)
	Insert:
	(iiia) there is a Life Insurance Act statutory manager of the transferring body under the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i> ; or
45	After subsection 25(1D)
	Insert:
	<i>Transfer from a body corporate related to a life insurance company to another body</i>
	(1DA) APRA may make a written determination that there is to be a total transfer or partial transfer of business from a body corporate that is related to a life insurance company and is not an ADI, general

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 253 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 1 Main amendments

	 insurer or life insurance company to another body corporate (the <i>transferee</i>). APRA may make the determination only if: (a) APRA is making, or has made within a reasonable period, a
	(a) ALKA IS MANIE, ULHAS MAUE WITHIN A LEASURATE DETUGLA
	determination under subsection (1C) or (1D) relating to the
	life insurance company for the total transfer or partial trans
	of its business to a body corporate (the <i>original receiving</i>
	<i>body</i>) (whether or not the transfer provided for in that
	determination has occurred); and
	(b) the transferee is the original receiving body or is related to
	the original receiving body.
46	Subparagraph 25(1E)(a)(iii)
	Omit "insurer; and", substitute "insurer; or".
47	At the end of paragraph 25(1E)(a)
	Add:
	(iv) there is an Insurance Act statutory manager of the
	transferring body under the Insurance Act 1973; and
48	Subsection 25(1F)
	Omit "only the business", substitute "only business".
49	After subparagraph 25(1F)(a)(iii)
	Insert:
	(iiia) there is an Insurance Act statutory manager of the
	transferring body under the Insurance Act 1973; or
50	After subsection 25(1F)
	Insert:
	Transfer from a body corporate related to a general insurer to
	another body
	(1G) APRA may make a written determination that there is to be a tota
	transfer or partial transfer of business from a body corporate that
	related to a general insurer and is not an ADI, general insurer or life insurance company to another body corporate (the <i>transferee</i>
	APRA may make the determination only if:

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 **Schedule 4** Main amendments **Part 1**

	 (a) APRA is making, or has made within a reasonable period, determination under subsection (1E) or (1F) relating to the general insurer for the total transfer or partial transfer of its business to a body corporate (the <i>original receiving body</i>) (whether or not the transfer provided for in that determinat has occurred); and
	(b) the transferee is the original receiving body or is related to the original receiving body.
51	Paragraph 25(2)(f)
	Omit "is satisfied that", substitute "has considered whether".
52	After subsection 25(2)
	Insert:
	(2A) To avoid doubt, APRA may make a determination under this
	section even if the legislation mentioned in paragraph (2)(f) has
	been enacted as mentioned in that paragraph.
53	After section 25
	Insert:
~ - ·	
25A	A Compulsory transfer of shares determinations
	Transferring body is regulated body
	(1) APRA may make a written determination that there is to be a
	transfer of shares in a regulated body to another body corporate.
	APRA may make the determination only if:
	(a) any of the following requirements are met:
	(i) if the regulated body is an ADI—the Minister has
	declared under section 25A that a transfer of shares in the transferring body to the receiving body should
	occur;
	(ii) if the regulated body is an ADI and subparagraph (i)
	() · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	does not apply—APRA is satisfied that any of the
	does not apply—APRA is satisfied that any of the conditions in subparagraphs 25(1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv) (v) have been satisfied;

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 255 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999

Part 1 Main amendments

	(iii) if the regulated body is a life insurance company—
	APRA is satisfied that any of the conditions in
	subparagraphs 25(1C)(a)(i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) have been
	satisfied;
	(iv) if the regulated body is a general insurer—APRA is
	satisfied that any of the conditions in
	subparagraphs 25(1E)(a)(i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) have been
	satisfied; and
(b)	if the transferring body is an ADI—APRA has considered the
	interests of depositors of the transferring body (when viewed
	as a group) and considers that, having regard to their
	interests, it would be appropriate for the transfer to be made;
	and
(ba)	if the transferring body is a life insurance company or general
	insurer—APRA has considered the interests of policy owners of the transforming body (when viewed as a group) and
	of the transferring body (when viewed as a group) and considers that, having regard to their interests, it would be
	appropriate for the transfer to be made; and
(C)	if the receiving body is an ADI—APRA is satisfied that the transfer is appropriate, having regard to the interests of
	depositors of the receiving body when viewed as a group;
	and
(b)	if the receiving body is a life insurance company or general
(u)	insurer—APRA is satisfied that the transfer is appropriate,
	having regard to the interests of policy owners of the
	receiving body when viewed as a group; and
(e)	the conditions in subsection (4) exist.
Tran	sferring body cannot be foreign body
(2) APR	A cannot make a determination under this section if the
trans	ferring body is any of the following:
(a)	a foreign ADI;
	a foreign general insurer;
	an eligible foreign life insurance company.
Com	mon conditions for making a determination under this section
(4) APR	A may make a determination under this section only if:

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 Schedule 4 Main amendments Part 1

	(d) APRA is satisfied that the board of directors of the receiving
	body has consented to the transfer; and
	(e) APRA is satisfied that the transfer is appropriate, having regard to:
	(ii) the interests of the financial sector as a whole; and
	(iii) any other matters that APRA considers relevant; and
	(g) either:
	(i) the Minister has consented to the transfer; or
	(ii) the Minister's consent to the transfer is not required (see
	section 29).
	Formal requirements for determinations under this section
	(5) A determination under this section must include particulars of the
	transfer, including the names of the transferring body and the
	receiving body.
	(6) A determination under this section must include a statement of the
	reasons why the determination has been made.
	(7) A determination under this section must be signed by an authorised
	APRA officer.
	Determinations under this section are not legislative instruments
	(8) A determination made under this section is not a legislative
	instrument.
54	Section 25A
	Repeal the section, substitute:
25 A	A Ministerial declaration that compulsory transfer should occur
	in relation to ADI
	(1) The Minister may declare in writing given to APRA that:
	(a) a transfer of business should occur from a specified ADI to
	another specified body corporate; or
	(b) a transfer of shares in a specified ADI to another specified
	body corporate should occur; or

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 257 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 1 Main amendments

(c) either: 1 (i) a transfer of business should occur from a specified ADI 2 to another specified body corporate; or 3 (ii) a transfer of shares in a specified ADI to another 4 5 specified body corporate should occur. (2) A declaration made under subsection (1) is not a legislative 6 instrument. 7 55 Section 26 8 Omit "the compulsory transfer determination" (wherever occurring), 9 substitute "a compulsory transfer determination". 10 56 Subsection 27(1) 11 Omit "The consent referred to in paragraph 25(2)(d)", substitute "The 12 consent referred to in paragraph 25(2)(d) or 25AA(4)(d)". 13 57 Section 28 14 Before "State or Territory legislation referred", insert "(1)". 15 58 At the end of section 28 16 Add: 17 (2) To avoid doubt, this section is enacted only for the purposes of 18 paragraph 25(2)(f). 19 20 Note: Under that paragraph, in order to make a determination under section 25, APRA needs to consider whether legislation satisfying the 21 requirements of this section has been enacted. However, APRA is not 22 23 prevented from making such a determination if such legislation has not been enacted (see subsection 25(2A)). 24 59 Section 29 25 Omit "see paragraph 25(2)(g)", substitute "see paragraph 25(2)(g) or 26 25AA(4)(g)". 27 60 Section 29 28 Before "The Minister's", insert "(1)". 29

258 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 Schedule 4 Main amendments Part 1

61	At the end of section 29
01	Add:
	(2) A determination made under paragraph (1)(a) is not a legislative instrument.
	(3) A determination made under paragraph (1)(b) is a legislative instrument.
62	Subsection 30(1)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(1) The transferring body or the receiving body, or both of those bodies, may provide APRA with a written statement specifying, or specifying a mechanism for determining, things that are to happen, or that are taken to be the case, in relation to:
	(a) in the case of a transfer of business—assets and liabilities that are to be transferred, or in relation to the transfer of
	business that is to be effected; or (b) in the case of a transfer of shares—shares that are to be
	transferred, or in relation to the transfer of shares that is to be effected.
63	Subsection 31(1)
	Omit "The compulsory transfer determination", substitute "A compulsory transfer determination".
64	Paragraph 31(1)(a)
	Omit "transfer of business", substitute "transfer of business or transfer of shares".
65	Paragraph 31(1)(b)
	Omit "transfer of business", substitute "transfer of business or transfer of shares".
66	Section 32
	Omit "the compulsory transfer determination", substitute "a compulsory transfer determination".

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 259 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 1 Main amendments

67	Paragraph 33(1)(c)
	Omit "paragraph 25(2)(d)", substitute "paragraph 25(2)(d) or
	25AA(4)(d)".
68	Paragraph 33(2)(b)
	Omit "state whether", substitute "in the case of a transfer of business—
	state whether".
69	Paragraph 33(2)(c)
	Omit "if it is a partial transfer", substitute "in the case of a transfer of
	business that is a partial transfer".
70	Subsection 33(3)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(3) The certificate may include provisions specifying, or specifying a
	mechanism for determining, other things that are to happen, or that are taken to be the case:
	(a) in the case of a transfer of business—in relation to assets and
	liabilities that are to be transferred, or in relation to the
	transfer of business that is to be effected, whether the transfer is total or partial; or
	(b) in the case of a transfer of shares—in relation to shares that
	are to be transferred, or in relation to the transfer of shares that is to be effected.
71	Section 35 (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:
35	Time and effect of compulsory transfer—transfer of business
72	Before subsection 35(1)
	Insert:
	(1A) This section applies if a compulsory transfer of business

260 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 Schedule 4 Main amendments Part 1

1	73 After section 35
2	Insert:
3	35A Time and effect of compulsory transfer—transfer of shares
4 5	(1A) This section applies if a compulsory transfer of shares determination has been made.
6 7 8 9	(1) When the certificate of transfer comes into force, the receiving body becomes the successor in law of the persons that held shares in the transferring body just before the certificate of transfer comes into force, to the extent of the transfer.
10 11 12 13	(1AA) As a result of subsection (1), all the shares in the transferring body, wherever those shares are located, become (respectively) shares held by the receiving body without any transfer, conveyance or assignment.
14 15	(1AB) Furthermore, those shares become shares held by the receiving body free from any trust, liability or other encumbrance.
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 (2) If the certificate includes provisions of a kind referred to in subsection 33(3): (a) if the provisions specify that particular things are to happen or are taken to be the case—those things are, by force of this section, taken to happen, or to be the case, in accordance with those provisions; and (b) if the provisions specify a mechanism for determining things that are to happen or are taken to be the case—things determined in accordance with that mechanism are, by force of this section, taken to happen, or to be the case, as determined in accordance with that mechanism.
27 28 29 30 31 32	 (3) If there is an approved section 30 statement in relation to the transfer, then: (a) if the statement specifies that particular things are to happen or are taken to be the case—those things are, by force of this section, taken to happen, or to be the case, in accordance with the statement; and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 261 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 1 Main amendments

	(b) if the statement specifies a mechanism for determining thir that are to happen or are taken to be the case—things determined in accordance with that mechanism are, by force of this section, taken to happen, or to be the case, as determined in accordance with that mechanism.
74	Before subsection 36(1)
	Insert:
	(1A) This section applies if a compulsory transfer of business determination has been made
75 \$	Section 36AA
	Repeal the section, substitute:
36A.	A Compulsory transfer not ground for denial of obligations
	(1) This section applies if a body corporate covered by subsection (2 is or was party to a contract, whether the proper law of the contra is:
	(a) Australian law (including the law of a State or Territory); (b) law of a foreign country (including the law of part of a foreign country).
	(2) This subsection covers the following:
	 (a) a body corporate that is, or is proposed to become, a transferring body;
	(b) a body corporate that is related to a body corporate mentioned in paragraph (a).
	(3) None of the matters mentioned in subsection (4) allows the
	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:
	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:(a) deny any obligations under the contract;(b) accelerate any debt under the contract;
	contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following:(a) deny any obligations under the contract;
	 contract, or a party to the contract, to do any of the following: (a) deny any obligations under the contract; (b) accelerate any debt under the contract; (c) close out any transaction relating to the contract;

262

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 **Schedule 4** Main amendments **Part 1**

	(a) an act being done for the purposes of Division 2 or 3, or a certificate of transfer coming into force under Division 3, in
	connection with the body corporate;
	(b) an act being done for the purposes of Division 2 or 3, or a certificate of transfer coming into force under Division 3, in connection with a related body corporate of the body corporate.
(5) S	ubsection (3) does not prevent the body corporate doing any of
	ne following:
	(a) denying an obligation to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
	(b) accelerating a debt to an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
	(c) closing out a transaction with an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate;
	(d) enforcing a security against an entity that is not a related body corporate of the body corporate.
76 At the e	end of Part 4
Add:	
Division 5	Special provisions relating to compulsory
	—Special provisions relating to compulsory ransfers of shares
t	
t 36AC Appli	ransfers of shares
t 36AC Appli T	ransfers of shares
t 36AC Appli T u	ransfers of shares ication of Division This Division applies in relation to a compulsory transfer of shares
t 36AC Appli T u tł	ransfers of shares ication of Division 'his Division applies in relation to a compulsory transfer of shares nder this Part, or a proposed compulsory transfer of shares under
t 36AC Appli T u tł 36AD Exter	ransfers of shares ication of Division This Division applies in relation to a compulsory transfer of shares nder this Part, or a proposed compulsory transfer of shares under his Part.
t 36AC Appli T u tł 36AD Exter	ransfers of shares ication of Division This Division applies in relation to a compulsory transfer of shares nder this Part, or a proposed compulsory transfer of shares under his Part.
t 36AC Appli T u tł 36AD Exter	ransfers of shares ication of Division This Division applies in relation to a compulsory transfer of shares nder this Part, or a proposed compulsory transfer of shares under his Part. nded meaning of <i>share</i> Treat all of the following things as being a share:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 263 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	36AE Regulations may make special provision in relation to compulsory transfer of shares
3 4	(1) The regulations may provide in relation to any of the following matters:
5 6	 (a) the payment by the receiving body to the holder of shares in the transferring body of a purchase price for those shares;
7	(b) the resolution of disputes between the receiving body and the
8 9	holder of shares in the transferring body (including the resolution of such disputes by an administrative tribunal or a
0	court);
1	(c) the publication of information relating to the compulsory transfer of shares, or proposed compulsory transfer of shares,
3	by APRA, the transferring body and the receiving body;
4	(d) the freeing of shares in the transferring body from any trust,
5	liability or other encumbrance when they become shares held
6	by the receiving body;
7	(e) any matter incidental to:
.8 .9	(i) the compulsory transfer of shares, or proposed compulsory transfer of shares; or
20	(ii) any of the other matters mentioned in this subsection.
21 22	(2) The regulations may prescribe penalties, not exceeding 50 penalty units, for offences against the regulations.
3	(3) The regulations may provide that some or all of the provisions of
4	this Act apply with the modifications (if any) specified in the
5	regulations. The regulations have effect accordingly. Nothing in
6	this subsection limits the operation of those provisions (as they
7	have effect subject to any modification specified in the
8	regulations).
9	(4) This section does not limit the regulations that may be made for the
0	purposes of this Act.
81	77 Paragraphs 37(1)(c) and (d)
2	Repeal the paragraphs, substitute:

264 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999 Schedule 4 Main amendments Part 1

	(c) in the case of a transfer of business—a specified asset of the transferring body has become a transferred asset of that
	receiving body; or (d) in the case of a transfer of business—a specified liability of
	the transferring body has become a transferred liability of the receiving body; or
	(e) in the case of a transfer of shares —a specified share in the transferring body has become a share held by that receiving body.
78	Section 42
	Omit:
	"about the business that is to be, or that may be, transferred", substitute
	about:
	(a) in the case of a transfer of business—the business that is to be, or that may be, transferred; or
	(b) in the case of a transfer of shares:
	(i) the shares that are to be, or that may be, transferred; and(ii) the business of the transferring body.
79	Subsection 43(4)
	Omit "a transfer of business", substitute "the transfer of business or transfer of shares".
80	Subsection 43(9)
	Omit "a transfer of business (whether voluntary or compulsory),", substitute "a transfer of business (whether voluntary or compulsory), a transfer of shares,".
81	Paragraph 43(9A)(a)
	Omit "a transfer of business", substitute "a transfer of business or transfer of shares".
82	After section 43

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 4 Amendment of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999Part 2 Application provisions

43A Transfers of Australian regulated business of foreign body

2 3	(1) This section applies to a transfer of business under Part 3 or 4 from a transferring body to another body if the transferring body is:
4	(a) a foreign ADI; or
5	(b) a foreign general insurer; or
6	(c) an eligible foreign life insurance company.
7	(2) For the purposes of the transfer of business, treat the Australian
8	business assets and liabilities of the transferring body as the entire
9	business of the transferring body.

Part 2—Application provisions

11 [These provisions will be drafted following exposure.

266

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Schedule 5 Main amendments Part 1

So	chedule 5—Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998
Pa	art 1—Main amendments
Pa	yment Systems and Netting Act 1998
1	Section 5
	Insert:
	ADI means an authorised deposit-taking institution within the meaning of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> .
	AFS statutory manager has the meaning given by the Insurance Act 1973.
	<i>Banking Act statutory manager</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> .
2	Section 5 (definition of <i>Business Transfer Act</i>)
	Omit "Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999", substitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999".
3	Section 5 (before paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>directior stay provision</i>)
	Insert:
	(aa) subsection 11CAC(2) of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> ;
4	Section 5 (after paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>direction</i> stay provision)
	Insert:
	(ba) subsection 36C(2) of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> ;
5	Section 5 (after paragraph (d) of the definition of <i>direction</i> stay provision)
	Insert:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 267 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 5 Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(da) subsection 230AAD(2) of the Life Insurance Act 1995;
2 6 3	Section 5 (paragraph (d) of the definition of <i>external administration</i>)
4	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
5 6	(d) a Banking Act statutory manager takes control of the person's business under the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> ; or
7 8	(da) an Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the person's business under the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> ; or
9 10	(db) a Life Insurance Act statutory manager takes control of the person's business under the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i> ; or
11 7	Section 5
12	Insert:
13 14	<i>general insurer</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Insurance Act</i> 1973.
15 16	<i>Insurance Act statutory manager</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> .
17 18	<i>life company</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Life Insurance Act</i> 1995.
19 20	<i>Life Insurance Act statutory manager</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i> .
21 22	<i>receiving body</i> has the same meaning as in the Business Transfer Act.
23 8	Section 5 (definition of regulated body)
24	Repeal the definition, substitute:
25 26	<i>regulated body</i> means a body corporate that is any of the following:
20	(a) an ADI;
28	(b) a general insurer;
29	(c) a life company;

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

EXPOSURE DRAFT Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Schedule 5 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	(d) an authorised NOHC (within the meaning of the <i>Banking A 1959</i>);	Act
3 4	(e) an authorised NOHC (within the meaning of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i>);	2
5	(f) a registered NOHC (within the meaning of the <i>Life Insurar</i> <i>Act 1995</i>);	nce
7 8	 (g) a subsidiary of a body corporate mentioned in paragraph (a (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f); or 	a),
9 10	(h) a private health insurer within the meaning of the <i>Private</i> <i>Health Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Act 2015.</i>	
11	9 Section 5 (definition of regulated business)	
12	Repeal the definition, substitute:	
13	regulated business:	
14 15	(a) in relation to an ADI—means the ADI's banking business (within the meaning of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i>); and	
16 17 18	(b) in relation to a general insurer—means the general insurer' insurance business (within the meaning of the <i>Insurance A</i> <i>1973</i>); and	
19 20 21	 (c) in relation to a life company—means the life company's life insurance business (within the meaning of the <i>Life Insuran</i> Act 1995). 	
22	10 Section 5	
23	Insert:	
24	<i>related body corporate</i> , in relation to a body corporate, means a	
25	body corporate that is related to the first-mentioned body, as	
26	determined in accordance with section 5AA.	
27	specified moratorium provision: each of the following is a	
28	specified moratorium provision:	
29	(a) section 15BA of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> ;	
30	(b) section 15BB of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> ;	
31	(c) section 15BC of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> ;	
32	(d) section 62PA of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> ;	
	(e) section 62PB of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> ;	

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 269 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 5 Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Part 1 Main amendments

	(f) section 62PC of the Insurance Act 1973;
	(g) section @15BA-IA of the Insurance Act 1973;
	(h) section @15BB-IA of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> ;
	(j) section @15BC-IA of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> ;
	(k) section 161A of the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i> ;
	(l) section 161B of the Life Insurance Act 1995;
	(m) section 161C of the Life Insurance Act 1995;
	(n) section @15BA-LIA of the Life Insurance Act 1995;
	(o) section @15BB-LIA of the Life Insurance Act 1995;
	(p) section @15BC-LIA of the Life Insurance Act 1995.
11	Section 5 (after paragraph (fb) of the definition of
	specified provisions)
	Insert:
	(fc) the specified moratorium provisions; and
12	Section 5 (before paragraph (a) of the definition of
	specified stay provision)
	Insert:
	(aa) subsection 11CAC(2) of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> ;
13	Section 5 (after paragraph (e) of the definition of <i>specified stay provision</i>)
	Insert:
	(ea) subsection 36C(2) of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> ;
14	Section 5 (after paragraph (g) of the definition of specified
	stay provision)
	Insert:
	(ga) subsection @14AC-IA(2) of the Insurance Act 1973;
	(gb) subsection @15C-IA(2) of the Insurance Act 1973;
15	Section 5 (after paragraph (k) of the definition of <i>specified stay provision</i>)

270 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Schedule 5 Main amendments Part 1

	(ka) subsection @14AC-LIA(2) of the Life Insurance Act 1995;
	(\mathbf{R}_{i}) subsection $C \in \mathbf{I} \cap \mathbf{C}$ bit the Life institute interview (\mathbf{R}_{i})
	(kb) subsection @15C-LIA(2) of the Life Insurance Act 1995;
	(kc) subsection 230AAD(2) of the Life Insurance Act 1995;
16 Sec	ction 5 (definition of statutory/judicial management)
F	Repeal the definition, substitute:
	statutory/judicial management: a person is under
	statutory/judicial management if:
	(a) an AFS statutory manager has control of the person's
	business under the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> , the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> or the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i> ; or
	(b) the person is under judicial management under the <i>Insurance</i>
	<i>Act 1973</i> ; or
	(c) the person, or a part of the person's business, is under judicial
	management under the Life Insurance Act 1995.
17 Afte	er section 5
	er section 5
Ι	
Ι	elated body corporate
Ι	elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate
Ι	elated body corporate
Ι	elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same
I 5AA R	elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> .
I 5AA R 18 Afte	Insert: elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> . er paragraph 14(3)(a)
I 5AA R 18 Afte	Insert: elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> . er paragraph 14(3)(a) Insert:
I 5AA R 18 Afte	Insert: elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> . er paragraph 14(3)(a)
I 5AA R 18 Afte I	Insert: elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> . er paragraph 14(3)(a) Insert:
I 5AA R 18 Afte I 19 Afte	 insert: elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>. er paragraph 14(3)(a) insert: (aa) subject to subsection (3A); and
I 5AA R 18 Afte I 19 Afte I	insert: elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> . er paragraph 14(3)(a) insert: (aa) subject to subsection (3A); and er subsection 14(3) insert:
I 5AA R 18 Afte I 19 Afte I	 insert: elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>. er paragraph 14(3)(a) insert: (aa) subject to subsection (3A); and er subsection 14(3) insert: insert:
I 5AA R 18 Afte I 19 Afte I	insert: elated body corporate For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate is related to another body corporate is to be determined in the same way as that question is determined for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> . er paragraph 14(3)(a) insert: (aa) subject to subsection (3A); and er subsection 14(3) insert:

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 271 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 5 Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Part 1 Main amendments

20	Subsection 15A(1)
	Omit "to which a regulated body is a party".
21	Before paragraph 15A(1)(a)
	Insert:
	(aa) a party to the contract is:
	(i) a regulated body; or
	(ii) a related body corporate of a regulated body; and
22	Subsection 15A(2)
	Omit "to which a regulated body is a party".
23	Before paragraph 15A(2)(a)
	Insert:
	(aa) a party to the contract is:
	(i) a regulated body; or
	(ii) a related body corporate of a regulated body; and
24	Paragraph 15B(1)(a)
	Omit "to which a regulated body is a party".
25	After paragraph 15B(1)(a)
	Insert:
	(aa) a party to the contract is:
	(i) a regulated body; or
	(ii) a related body corporate of a regulated body; and
26	After paragraph 15B(1)(b)
	Omit "a party", substitute "the party".
27	Section 15C (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:

272 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

.....

. .

Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Schedule 5 Main amendments Part 1

...

...

.

..

1 2	regulated body is party to trigger contract
3	28 Subsections 15C(1) and (2)
4	Repeal the subsections, substitute:
5	(1) Subsection (2) applies if:
6 7	(a) a trigger event to which a specified stay provision (other than a direction stay provision) applies:
8 9	(i) is an event that involves a regulated body (the <i>trigger body</i>); and
10 11 12	(ii) happens in relation to a close-out netting contract (the <i>trigger contract</i>) to which the regulated body is a party; and
13 14 15	(b) APRA is satisfied that all the matters in subsection (3) will be satisfied in relation to the party in respect of which the declaration under subsection (2) will be made:
16 17	(i) unless subparagraph (ii) applies—at the time the declaration will be made; or
18 19 20 21	 (ii) if a certificate of transfer will come into force under the Business Transfer Act for a transfer of business from the trigger body to a receiving body—just after that coming into force; and
22 23 24 25	 (c) the party in respect of which the declaration under subsection (2) will be made is not in external administration (disregarding paragraphs (d), (da), (db), (e) and (f) of the definition of <i>external administration</i> in section 5); and
26 27 28	 (d) APRA has not already made a declaration under section 15B in relation to the trigger event happening in relation to the trigger contract.
29 30 31	(2) APRA may, before the end of the resolution period for the trigger event, declare that the specified stay provision is to continue to apply to:
32	(a) unless paragraph (b) or (c) applies:
33 34	(i) all close-out netting contracts to which the regulated body is a party; and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 273 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 5 Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Part 1 Main amendments

1		(ii) all securities given over financial property, in respect of obligations under those close-out netting contracts; or
2		(b) in the case of a total transfer under the Business Transfer Act:
3		
4		(i) all close-out netting contracts to which the regulated
5		body is a party (and to which the receiving body will become a party immediately after the transfer); and
6		
7 8		(ii) all securities given over financial property, in respect of obligations under those close-out netting contracts; or
9		(c) in the case of a partial transfer under the Business Transfer
10		Act—either or both of the following:
11		(i) all close-out netting contracts to which the regulated
12		body is a party (and to which the regulated body will
13		remain a party immediately after the transfer), and all
14		securities given over financial property in respect of
15		obligations under those contracts;
16		(ii) all close-out netting contracts to which the regulated
17		body is a party (and to which the receiving body will
18		become a party immediately after the transfer), and all
19		securities given over financial property in respect of
20		obligations under those contracts.
21	29	Paragraphs 15C(3)(c) and (d)
22		Repeal the paragraphs, substitute:
23		(c) if the party is an ADI, a general insurer or a life company—
24		that the party has each material authorisation (however
25		described) necessary for its regulated business;
26		(d) if minimum capital requirements under the <i>Banking Act</i>
27		1959, the Insurance Act 1973 or the Life Insurance Act 1995
28		apply to the party—that either subsection (4) or
29		subsection (5) is satisfied in respect of the party.
30	30	Paragraph 15C(5)(b)
31		Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
32		(b) those arrangements will remain in place until at least the
33		earliest day on which one or more of the following occurs:
34		(i) subsection (4) is satisfied;

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

274

Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Schedule 5 Main amendments Part 1

1 2 3	(ii)	if a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the party's business—APRA makes an ultimate termination of control under subsection 13C(3) of the <i>Banking Act</i> 1959;	
4 5 6	(iii)	if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the party's business—APRA makes an ultimate termination	
7 8		of control under subsection @13C-IA(3) of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> ;	
9	(iv)	if a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of	
10		the party's business—APRA makes an ultimate	
11 12		termination of control under subsection @13C-LIA(3) of the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i> ;	
13	(v)	if the party is under judicial management under the	
14		Insurance Act 1973—an order under section 62ZF of	
15		that Act cancelling the judicial management comes into	
16		force;	
17	(vi)	if the party is under judicial management under the <i>Life</i>	
18		<i>Insurance Act 1995</i> —an order under section 172 of that Act cancelling the judicial management comes into	
19 20		force.	
20			
21	31 At the end of E	Division 2 of Part 4	
22	Add:		
23	15D When APRA n	nay declare that non-direction stays continue—	
24	related body corporate of regulated body is party to		
25	trigger co	ontract	
26	(1) Subsection	n (2) applies if:	
27	(a) a trigger event to which a specified stay provision (other than		
28	a dir	ection stay provision) applies:	
29	(i)	is an event that involves a regulated body (the <i>trigger</i>	
30		<i>body</i>); and	
31	(ii)	happens in relation to one or more close-out netting	
32		contracts (each of which is a <i>trigger contract</i>) to which a related body corporate of the trigger body (the	
33 34		<i>contracting body</i> is a party; and	
51		com acting boug / 15 a party, and	

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 275 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 5 Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Part 1 Main amendments

1	(b) APRA is satisfied that all the matters in subsection (3) will be
2 3	satisfied in relation to each entity covered under subsection (1A):
4 5	(i) unless subparagraph (ii) applies—at the time the declaration will be made; or
6 7 8 9	 (ii) if a certificate of transfer will come into force under the Business Transfer Act for a transfer of business from the trigger body to a receiving body—just after that coming into force; and
10	(c) each entity covered under subsection (1A) is not in external
11 12	administration (disregarding paragraphs (d), (da), (db), (e) and (f) of the definition of <i>external administration</i> in
13	section 5); and
14	(d) APRA has not already made a declaration under section 15B
15	in relation to the trigger event happening in relation to the trigger contract.
16	trigger contract.
17 18	(1A) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(b) and (c), an entity is covered under this subsection if it is:
19	(a) if section 15E does not apply—the trigger body; or
20	(b) if section 15E applies because of a transfer of business under
21	the Business Transfer Act from the trigger body to a receiving body:
22	(i) in the case of a total transfer of business—the receiving
23 24	body; or
25	(ii) in the case of a partial transfer of business—an entity
26	specified in a determination under subsection $15E(3)$.
27	(2) APRA may, before the end of the resolution period for the trigger
28	event, make a declaration that the specified stay provision is to
29	continue to apply to:
30	(a) each trigger contract specified in the declaration; and
31	(b) all securities given over financial property, in respect of
32 33	obligations under each trigger contract specified in the declaration.
34	(2A) APRA may specify either or both of the following in a declaration
35	under subsection (2):
36	(a) one or more trigger contracts;

276

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Schedule 5 Main amendments Part 1

1	(b) one or more classes of trigger contracts.
2	Note: See subsection 15E(2) for a restriction on when APRA may make a
3 4	declaration under subsection (2) of this section in the case of a transfer of business from the trigger body to a receiving body.
-	of business nom the trigger body to a receiving body.
5	(3) For the purposes of paragraph $(1)(b)$, the matters are as follows:
6	(a) that the entity covered under subsection (1A) is able to meet
7	all its liabilities under:
8	(i) close-out netting contracts to which it is a party; and
9	(ii) securities given over financial property in respect of
10	obligations of the entity under those contracts;
11	as and when they become due and payable;
12	(b) that the entity covered under subsection (1A) is solvent
13	(within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001);
14	(c) if the entity covered under subsection (1A) is an ADI, a
15	general insurer or a life company—that the entity has each
16	material authorisation (however described) necessary for its regulated business;
17	
18 19	(d) if minimum capital requirements under the <i>Banking Act</i> 1959, the <i>Insurance Act</i> 1973 or the <i>Life Insurance Act</i> 1995
20	apply to the entity covered under subsection (1A)—that
21	either subsection (4) or subsection (5) is satisfied in respect
22	of the entity covered under subsection (1A).
	(1) This subsection is estisfied if the entity's level of conital complian
23 24	(4) This subsection is satisfied if the entity's level of capital complies with the minimum capital requirements that apply to it under:
	(a) the Banking Act 1959, the Insurance Act 1973 or the Life
25 26	<i>Insurance Act 1995</i> (as the case requires); and
20	(b) the applicable prudential standards made under that Act.
21	(b) the upprecisic production standards made under that ret.
28	(5) This subsection is satisfied if:
29	(a) arrangements are in place to ensure that the entity performs
30	all its obligations under:
31	(i) close-out netting contracts to which it is a party; and
32	(ii) securities given over financial property in respect of
33	obligations of the entity under those contracts;
34	as and when they are due to be performed; and

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers and Other Measures) Bill 2017

277

Schedule 5 Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Part 1 Main amendments

1 2	(b) those arrangements will remain in place until at least the earliest day on which one or more of the following occurs:	
2	(i) subsection (4) is satisfied;	
4	(i) if a Banking Act statutory manager is in control of the	
5	entity's business—APRA makes an ultimate	
6	termination of control under subsection 13C(3) of the	
7	Banking Act 1959;	
8	(iii) if an Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of the	
9	entity's business—APRA makes an ultimate	
10	termination of control under subsection @13C-IA(3) of	
11	the Insurance Act 1973;	
12	(iv) if a Life Insurance Act statutory manager is in control of	
13	the entity's business—APRA makes an ultimate	
14	termination of control under subsection @13C-LIA(3)	
15	of the Life Insurance Act 1995;	
16	(v) if the entity is under judicial management under the	
17	Insurance Act 1973—an order under section 62ZF of	
18	that Act cancelling the judicial management comes into	
19	force;	
20	(vi) if the entity is under judicial management under the <i>Life</i> <i>Insurance Act 1995</i> —an order under section 172 of that	
21	Act cancelling the judicial management comes into	
22 23	force.	
24	(6) A declaration under subsection (2) cannot be varied or revoked.	
25	(7) A declaration under this section is not a legislative instrument.	
26	(8) The regulations may do any of the following:	
27	(a) prescribe requirements relating to how declarations under	
28	subsection (2) are to be made (including requirements	
29	relating to the content or form of declarations);	
30	(b) prescribe requirements relating to the notification or	
31	publication of declarations under subsection (2);	
32	(c) include provisions that apply to determining, either generally	
33	or for a particular purpose, the time when declarations under	
34	subsection (2) are taken to be made.	
35	Note: Regulations under paragraph (c) may (for example) provide that, for	
36	the purpose of this section, a declaration is taken not to have been	

278

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998 Schedule 5 Main amendments Part 1

1 2	made until certain requirements of regulations under paragraph (b) have been complied with.
3 4	15E Declaration under subsection 15D(2)—total or partial transfer of business
5	(1) This section applies if:
6 7	(a) the requirement in paragraph 15D(1)(a) is satisfied in relation to a trigger event; and
, 8 9	(b) a certificate of transfer will come into force under the Business Transfer Act for:
10 11	 (i) a total transfer of business from the trigger body to a receiving body; or
12 13	(ii) a partial transfer of business from the trigger body to a receiving body.
14 15 16 17 18	(2) APRA must not make a declaration under subsection 15D(2) in relation to the trigger event unless APRA is satisfied that the declaration will not have a detrimental effect on any counterparty to a close-out netting contract to which the declaration would apply.
19 20 21 22 23	 (3) For the purposes of subparagraph 15D(1A)(b)(ii), APRA may make a written determination specifying either or both of the following: (a) the trigger body; (b) the receiving body.
24	(4) A determination under subsection (3) cannot be varied or revoked.
25	(5) A determination under this section is not a legislative instrument.
26 27 28 29 30 31	 (6) The regulations may do any of the following: (a) prescribe requirements relating to how determinations under subsection (3) are to be made (including requirements relating to the content or form of declarations); (b) prescribe requirements relating to the notification or publication of determinations under subsection (3);

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 279 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Schedule 5 Amendment of the Payment Systems and Netting Act 1998Part 2 Application provisions

1 2 3	01	nclude provisions that apply to determining, either generally r for a particular purpose, the time when determinations nder subsection (3) are taken to be made.	
4	Note:	Regulations under paragraph (c) may (for example) provide that, for	
5		the purpose of this section, a determination is taken not to have been	
6		made until certain requirements of regulations under paragraph (b)	
7		have been complied with.	
8	Part 2—Application provisions		

9 [These provisions will be drafted following exposure.

280

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998 Schedule 6 Main amendments Part 1

	Schedule 6—Amendment of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998
P	art 1—Main amendments
A	ustralian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998
1	Subsection 3(1) (paragraph (f) of the definition of prudent regulation framework law)
	Repeal the paragraph, substitute: (f) the <i>Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999</i> ;
2	At the end of section 58
	Add:
	(4) Subsection (1) does not limit, and is not limited by any of the following provisions:
	(a) section 14C, 52A, 52B, 70A or 70AA of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> ;
	 (b) section @14C-IA, 38A, 38B, 127B or 127C of the <i>Insuran</i> Act 1973;
	(c) section @14C-LIA, 156A, 156B, 246A or 246B of the Life Insurance Act 1995.
3	Subparagraph 59(2)(a)(i)
	Repeal the subparagraph, substitute:
	 (i) the activities of persons conducting investigations, under Division 2 of Part II of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i>;
4	After paragraph 59(2)(a)
	Insert:
	(aaa) information on the following matters:
	(i) the activities of Banking Act statutory managers (with the meaning of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i>);

and Other Measures) Bill 2017

281

Schedule 6 Amendment of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998 Part 2 Application provisions

(ii) the activities of Insurance Act statutory managers
 (within the meaning of the *Insurance Act 1973*);
 (iii) the activities of Life Insurance Act statutory managers
 (within the meaning of the *Life Insurance Act 1995*);

5 Part 2—Application provisions

282

6 [These provisions will be drafted following exposure.

Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

Amendment of other Acts Schedule 7 Application provisions Part 2

Schedule 7—Amendment of other Acts

Corporations A	<i>ct 2001</i>
1 At the end of	subsection 256B(1)
Add:	
Note 5:	A company may reduce its share capital for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions determined by APRA despite t Division (see Subdivision B of Division 1A of Part II of the <i>Bankin Act 1959</i> , Division 2 of Part IIIA of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> and Division 1A of Part 10A of the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i>).
2 At the end of	subsection 437F(8)
Add:	
Note:	An alteration in the status of members of a company that is made during the administration of the company may not be void if it is m for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisions determi by APRA (see Subdivision B of Division 1A of Part II of the <i>Bank</i> <i>Act 1959</i> , Division 2 of Part IIIA of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> and Division 1A of Part 10A of the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i>).
3 At the end of	subsection 468A(8)
Add:	
Note:	An alteration in the status of members of a company that is made at the commencement of the winding up by the Court may not be void it is made for the purposes of the conversion and write-off provisio (see Subdivision B of Division 1A of Part II of the <i>Banking Act 19:</i> Division 2 of Part IIIA of the <i>Insurance Act 1973</i> and Division 1A Part 10A of the <i>Life Insurance Act 1995</i>).
Income Tax Ass	sessment Act 1997
4 Paragraph 20	12-47(1)(a)
• •	
	ncial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) A stitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act
<i>1999</i> ".	and I maneau sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act

No. , 2017 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers 2 and Other Measures) Bill 2017

283

Schedule 7 Amendment of other Acts **Part 2** Application provisions

5 Section 320-300

2
3

1

Omit "Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999", substitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act

4

6 Paragraph 325-305(a)

1999".

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

16

5

Omit "Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999", substitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999".

7 Paragraph 615-35(a)

Omit "Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999", substitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 1999".

8 Paragraph 322-30(b) 13

Omit "Division 3 of Part VC", substitute "sections 62ZZF and 62ZZG". 14

9 Paragraph 322-30(b) (Note 2) 15

Omit "Division 3 of Part VC", substitute "Sections 62ZZF and 62ZZG".

10 Subsection 703-37(1) 17

Omit "Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 18 1999", substitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 19 1999". 20

11 Paragraph 703-37(4)(a) 21

Omit "Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 22 1999", substitute "Financial Sector (Transfer and Restructure) Act 23 1999". 24

25

284 Financial Sector Legislation Amendment (Crisis Resolution Powers No. , 2017 and Other Measures) Bill 2017