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The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES/THE SENATE

EXPOSURE DRAFT

Corporations Legislation Amendment (Audit Enhancement) Bill 2011

No. , 2011

(Treasury)

A Bill for an Act to amend the Corporations Act 2001 and the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001, and for related purposes

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20	Bill for an Act to amend the Corporations Act 001 and the Australian Securities and Investments ommission Act 2001, and for related purposes
T	he Parliament of Australia enacts:
1	Short title
	This Act may be cited as the <i>Corporations Legislation Amendment</i> (Audit Enhancement) Act 2011.
2	Commencement
	(1) Each provision of this Act specified in column 1 of the table commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect according to its terms.

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001

Part 1 Auditor rotation requirements

Commencement	nformation	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provision(s)	Commencement	Date/Details
1. Sections 1 to 3 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered by this table	The day this Act receives the Royal A	Assent.
2. Schedule 1	The 28th day after this Act receives the Royal Assent.	he
3. Schedule 2	The day this Act receives the Royal A	Assent.
Note:	This table relates only to the provisions enacted. It will not be amended to deal this Act.	
Infor	information in column 3 of the table mation may be inserted in this colum- be edited, in any published version of	nn, or information in it
3 Schedule(s)		
repea conc	Act that is specified in a Schedule to ded as set out in the applicable items erned, and any other item in a Schedule to its terms.	in the Schedule

Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Schedule 1**Auditor rotation requirements **Part 1**

1 2 3	S	chedule 1—Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001
4	Р	art 1—Auditor rotation requirements
5 6	1	Subsection 300(11) (heading) Repeal the heading, substitute:
7		Special rules for listed companies and schemes
8	2	After subsection 300(11) Insert:
10 11 12 13 14		(11AA) If an individual plays a significant role in the audit of a listed company or listed registered scheme for the financial year in reliance on an approval granted under section 324DAA, the report for the company or scheme must also include details of, and reasons for, the approval.
15	3	Subsection 311(5)
16 17		Omit "2M.3", substitute "2M.3, or section 324DAA, 324DAB or 324DAC,".
18	4	Paragraph 324DA(3)(a)
19 20		Repeal the paragraph, substitute: (a) either: (i) the directors of the company or scheme grapt an
21 22 23		 (i) the directors of the company or scheme grant an approval under section 324DAA in relation to the individual; or
24 25		(ii) ASIC makes a declaration under paragraph 342A(1)(a) in relation to the individual; and
26	5	Paragraph 324DA(3)(b)
27		Omit "the declaration", substitute "the approval or the declaration".
28	6	After section 324DA
29		Insert:

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Part 1** Auditor rotation requirements

1	324DAA Directors may extend eligibility term
2 3	(1) Subject to section 324DAB, the directors of a listed company, or of a listed registered scheme, may, by resolution, grant an approval
4	for an individual to play a significant role in the audit of the
5	company or scheme for not more than 2 successive financial years
6 7	in addition to the 5 successive financial years mentioned in subsection 324DA(1).
8 9	(2) The approval must be granted before the end of those 5 successive financial years.
10	(3) If the directors grant the approval, subsection 324DA(1) applies to
11	the individual, in relation to the audit of the company or scheme, as
12	if the references in that subsection to 5 successive financial years
13	were references to:
14 15	(a) if the approval is for one additional successive financial year—6 successive financial years; or
15 16	(b) if the approval is for an additional 2 successive financial
17	years—7 successive financial years.
18	324DAB Requirements for directors to approve extension of
19	eligibility term
20	Requirements if company or scheme has audit committee
21 22	(1) If a listed company, or the responsible entity of a listed registered scheme, has an audit committee:
23	(a) an approval under section 324DAA must not be granted
24	unless it is in accordance with a recommendation provided by
25	the audit committee; and
26	(b) the resolution granting the approval must set out the reasons
27	why the audit committee is satisfied as mentioned in
28	paragraph (2)(d) of this section.
29 30	Note: Directors are not required to grant an approval merely because the audit committee has recommended that an approval be granted.
31	(2) An approval is taken to be made in accordance with a
32	recommendation provided by the audit committee only if:
33	(a) the approval is consistent with the audit committee's
34	recommendation; and

1 2	(b) the recommendation is endorsed by a resolution passed by the members of the audit committee; and
3	(c) the recommendation is in writing signed by a member of the
4	audit committee on behalf of the audit committee and given
5	to the directors of the company or scheme; and
6	(d) the recommendation states that the audit committee is
7	satisfied that the approval:
8	(i) is necessary to safeguard the quality of the audit
9	provided to the company or scheme; and
10	(ii) would not give rise to a conflict of interest situation (as
11	defined in section 324CD);
12	and sets out the reasons why the committee is so satisfied.
13	Requirements if company or scheme does not have audit committee
14	(3) If a listed company, or the responsible entity of a listed registered
15	scheme, does not have an audit committee:
16	(a) an approval under section 324DAA must not be granted
17	unless the directors of the company or scheme are satisfied
18	that the approval:
19	(i) is necessary to safeguard the quality of the audit
20	provided to the company or scheme; and
21	(ii) would not give rise to a conflict of interest situation (as
22	defined in section 324CD); and
23	(b) the resolution granting the approval must set out the reasons
24	why the directors are so satisfied.
25	Auditor must have agreed to extension
26	(4) The directors of a listed company, or of a listed registered scheme,
27	must not grant an approval under section 324DAA unless:
28	(a) if the individual to whom the approval relates does not act on
29	behalf of an audit firm or company—the individual agrees, in
30	writing, to the approval being granted; or
31	(b) if the individual to whom the approval relates acts on behalf
32	of an audit firm or company—the audit firm or company on
33	whose behalf the individual acts agrees, in writing, to the
34	approval being granted.

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Part 1** Auditor rotation requirements

324DAC Notifications about approval to extend eligibility term
If the directors of a listed company, or of a listed registered
scheme, grant an approval under section 324DAA, the directors
must, within 14 days of granting the approval, give a copy of the
resolution granting the approval to:
(a) ASIC; and
(b) if the individual to whom the approval relates does not act on
behalf of an audit firm or company—the individual; and
(c) if the individual to whom the approval relates acts on behalf
of an audit firm or company—the audit firm or company on
whose behalf the individual acts.
Note: Details of the approval, and the reasons for the approval, must be included in the directors' report under section 300.
324DAD Approval ineffective unless it complies with requirements
A purported grant of approval under section 324DAA is ineffective
unless the requirements of sections 324DAA, 324DAB and
324DAC are complied with in relation to the approval.
7 Section 344 (heading)
Repeal the heading, substitute:
344 Contravention of Part 2M.2 or 2M.3, or of certain provisions of Part 2M.4
8 Subsection 344(1)
Omit "2M.3", substitute "2M.3, or section 324DAA, 324DAB or
324DAC".
9 Subsection 601HG(11)
Omit "2M.3", substitute "2M.3, or section 324DAA, 324DAB or
324DAC,".

Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Schedule 1**Auditor rotation requirements **Part 1**

Part	2—Annual transparency reports
10 S	ection 9
	Insert:
	annual transparency report has the meaning given by subsection 332A(2).
11 S	ection 9
	Insert:
	<i>transparency reporting auditor</i> has the meaning given by section 332.
12 A	fter Part 2M.4
	Insert:
Part	2M.4A—Annual transparency reports for auditors
	auditors
	auditors Meaning of transparency reporting auditor
	auditors Meaning of transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or (b) an audit firm; or
	auditors Meaning of transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or
332 N	auditors Meaning of transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or (b) an audit firm; or
332 N	A transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or (b) an audit firm; or (c) an authorised audit company.
332 N	A transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or (b) an audit firm; or (c) an authorised audit company. Transparency reporting auditors must publish annual transparency reports (1) This section applies if, during a calendar year, a transparency
332 N	A transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or (b) an audit firm; or (c) an authorised audit company. Transparency reporting auditors must publish annual transparency reports (1) This section applies if, during a calendar year, a transparency reporting auditor conducts audits, under Division 3 of Part 2M.3,
332 N	A transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or (b) an audit firm; or (c) an authorised audit company. Transparency reporting auditors must publish annual transparency reports (1) This section applies if, during a calendar year, a transparency reporting auditor conducts audits, under Division 3 of Part 2M.3, of 10 or more bodies of any of the following kinds:
332 N	A transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or (b) an audit firm; or (c) an authorised audit company. Transparency reporting auditors must publish annual transparency reports (1) This section applies if, during a calendar year, a transparency reporting auditor conducts audits, under Division 3 of Part 2M.3, of 10 or more bodies of any of the following kinds: (a) listed companies;
332 N	A transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or (b) an audit firm; or (c) an authorised audit company. Transparency reporting auditors must publish annual transparency reports (1) This section applies if, during a calendar year, a transparency reporting auditor conducts audits, under Division 3 of Part 2M.3, of 10 or more bodies of any of the following kinds: (a) listed companies; (b) listed registered schemes;
332 N	A transparency reporting auditor A transparency reporting auditor is: (a) an individual auditor; or (b) an audit firm; or (c) an authorised audit company. Transparency reporting auditors must publish annual transparency reports (1) This section applies if, during a calendar year, a transparency reporting auditor conducts audits, under Division 3 of Part 2M.3, of 10 or more bodies of any of the following kinds: (a) listed companies;

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Part 1** Auditor rotation requirements

1 2 3			bodies mentioned in paragraph (c) or (e) of the definition of body regulated by APRA in subsection 3(2) of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998;
4 5		(e)	bodies prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph.
6 7 8 9		Note:	The 10 or more bodies do not all have to be of the same kind. This section applies (for example) if, during the year, the transparency reporting auditor conducts audits of 6 listed companies and 4 listed registered schemes.
10 11 12 13	(2)	year, o	uditor must publish an <i>annual transparency report</i> for the containing the information required by section 332B, on the or's website within the period of 4 months after the end of the or that period as extended under section 332C).
14 15		Note:	Failure to comply with this subsection is an offence (see subsection 1311(1)).
16 17	(3)		uditor must send an electronic copy of the report to ASIC on ore the day it is first published on the auditor's website.
18 19		Note:	Failure to comply with this subsection is an offence (see subsection 1311(1)).
20 21	(4)	An of liabili	fence based on subsection (2) or (3) is an offence of strict ty.
22		Note:	For strict liability, see section 6.1 of the Criminal Code.
23	332B Con	tent o	f annual transparency report
24 25	(1)	-	ct to subsection (2), an annual transparency report must n the information prescribed by the regulations.
26 27 28 29	(2)	under result	eport may omit information that would otherwise be included subsection (1) if the inclusion of the information is likely to in unreasonable prejudice to the transparency reporting or. If material is omitted, the report must say so.
30 31	332C Exte	ension repoi	of period for publication of annual transparency
32 33 34 35	(1)	accord	application made by a transparency reporting auditor in dance with subsection (3), ASIC may make an order ding the period within which the auditor must publish an 1 transparency report.

1	(2) The order may be expressed to be subject to conditions.
2	(3) The application must be:
3	(a) in writing; and
4	(b) lodged with ASIC before the end of the period within which
5	the auditor would otherwise be required to publish the report;
6	and
7 8	(c) if the auditor is an individual auditor—signed by the auditor; and
9	(d) if the auditor is an audit firm—signed by a member of the
10	firm who is a registered company auditor both:
11	(i) in the firm name; and
12	(ii) in the member's own name; and
13	(e) if the auditor is an audit company:
14	(i) authorised by a resolution of the directors; and
15	(ii) signed by a director.
16	(4) ASIC must give the auditor written notice of the making of the
17	order.
18	(5) If the order is expressed to be subject to conditions, the auditor
19	must comply with those conditions.
20 21	Note: Failure to comply with this subsection is an offence (see subsection 1311(1)).
22	(6) An offence based on subsection (5) is an offence of strict liability.
23	Note: For strict liability, see section 6.1 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> .
24	332D Exemption from requirements relating to annual transparency
25	reports
	<u>-</u>
26	(1) On an application made by a transparency reporting auditor in
27	accordance with subsection (3), ASIC may make an order in
28	writing relieving the auditor from compliance with all or specified requirements of sections 332A and 332B.
29	•
30	Note: For the criteria for making orders under this section, see section 332E.
31	(2) The order may:
32	(a) be expressed to be subject to conditions; and
33	(b) be indefinite or limited to a specified period.

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Part 1** Auditor rotation requirements

1	(3) The application must be:
2	(a) in writing; and
3	(b) lodged with ASIC; and
4	(c) if the auditor is an individual auditor—signed by the auditor
5	and
6	(d) if the auditor is an audit firm—signed by a member of the
7	firm who is a registered company auditor both:
8	(i) in the firm name; and
9	(ii) in the member's own name; and
10	(e) if the auditor is an audit company:
11	(i) authorised by a resolution of the directors; and
12	(ii) signed by a director.
13	(4) ASIC must give the auditor written notice of the making or
14	revocation of the order.
15	(5) If the order is expressed to be subject to conditions, the auditor
16	must comply with those conditions.
17 18	Note: Failure to comply with this subsection is an offence (see subsection 1311(1)).
19	(6) An offence based on subsection (5) is an offence of strict liability.
20	Note: For strict liability, see section 6.1 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> .
21	332E Exemption orders—criteria for orders
22	(1) To make an order under section 332D exempting a transparency
23	reporting auditor from one or more requirements of sections 332A
24	and 332B, ASIC must be satisfied that complying with the
25	requirements would:
26	(a) be inappropriate in the circumstances; or
27	(b) impose unreasonable burdens.
28	(2) In deciding for the purposes of subsection (1) whether complying
29	with the requirements would impose an unreasonable burden on a
30	transparency reporting auditor, ASIC is to have regard to:
31	(a) the expected costs of complying with the requirements; and
32	(b) the expected benefits of having the auditor comply with the
33	requirements; and
34	(c) any practical difficulties that the auditor faces in complying
35	effectively with the requirements; and

Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 Schedule 1 Auditor rotation requirements Part 1

1 2	(d) any unusual aspects of the operations of the auditor; and(e) any other matters that ASIC considers relevant.
3	332F Offences by members of audit firm
4 5	(1) This Part applies to an audit firm as if it were a person, but with the changes set out in this section.
6 7 8	(2) An obligation that would otherwise be imposed on the firm by a provision of this Part is imposed on each member of the firm instead, but may be discharged by any of the members.
9 10 11	(3) An offence based on a provision of this Part that would otherwise be committed by the audit firm is taken to have been committed by each member of the firm.
12 13	(4) A member of the firm does not commit an offence because of subsection (3) if the member:
14 15 16	(a) does not know of the circumstances that constitute the contravention of the provision concerned; or(b) knows of those circumstances but takes all reasonable steps
17 18	to correct the contravention as soon as possible after the member becomes aware of those circumstances.
19 20	Note: A defendant bears an evidential burden in relation to the matters in subsection (4)—see subsection 13.3(3) of the <i>Criminal Code</i> .
21	13 Schedule 3 (after table item 116NB)
22	Insert:
	116NC Subsection 332A(2) 10 penalty units.
	116ND Subsection 332A(3) 10 penalty units.
	116NE Subsection 332C(5) 10 penalty units.
	116NF Subsection 332D(5) 10 penalty units.

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Part 1** Auditor rotation requirements

2	Part 3—Transitional provisions
3	14 At the end of Chapter 10 Add:
5 6 7 8	Part 10.18—Transitional provisions relating to the Corporations Legislation Amendment (Audit Enhancement) Act 2011
9	1526 Definitions
10	In this Part:
11 12	amending Act means the Corporations Legislation Amendment (Audit Enhancement) Act 2011.
13 14	<i>commencement</i> means the commencement of Schedule 1 to the amending Act.
15 16	1527 Application of amendments relating to annual transparency reports
17	The amendments made by Part 2 of Schedule 1 to the amending
18	Act apply in relation to annual transparency reports for:
19	(a) the first calendar year that ends after commencement (even in
20	part of that year occurs before commencement); and
21 22	(b) all later calendar years.
-	

Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Schedule 1**Auditor rotation requirements **Part 1**

2 3 4	Schedule 2—Amendment of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001
5	Part 1—Auditor independence functions
6 7	1 Subsection 5(1) (definition of auditor independence requirements)
8	Repeal the definition.
9	2 Paragraph 225(1)(c)
10	Repeal the paragraph.
11	3 Paragraph 225(1)(d)
12	Omit "(a), (b) and (c)", substitute "(a) and (b)".
13	4 Paragraph 225(1)(e)
14 15	Omit "(specific auditor independence functions)", substitute "(specific auditor quality functions)".
16	5 Subsection 225(2B)
17	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
18	Specific auditor quality functions
19	(2B) The FRC functions include giving strategic policy advice and
20	reports, to the Minister and professional accounting bodies, in relation to the quality of audits conducted by Australian auditors.
21	
22	(2C) Without limiting subsection (2B), the FRC functions also include giving strategic policy advice and reports, to the Minister and
23 24	professional accounting bodies, in relation to any of the following:
25	(a) the systems and processes used by Australian auditors to
26	comply with:
27	(i) the provisions of the Corporations Act dealing with the
28	conduct of audits; and
29	(ii) the auditing standards; and
30	(iii) applicable codes of professional conduct;

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Part 1** Auditor rotation requirements

1 2 3	 (b) the systems and processes used by professional accounting bodies for planning and performing quality assurance reviews of audit work undertaken by Australian auditors;
4 5 6	(c) the action that Australian auditors who have been subject to such quality assurance reviews have taken in response to the reports prepared as a result of those reviews;
7	(d) the action taken by professional accounting bodies to ensure
8	that Australian auditors who have been subject to such
9	quality assurance reviews respond appropriately to the
10	reports prepared as a result of those reviews;
11 12	 (e) the investigation and disciplinary procedures of professional accounting bodies as those procedures apply to Australian auditors;
13	(f) the adequacy of:
14	
15 16	(i) the provisions of the Corporations Act dealing with the conduct of audits; and
17	(ii) the auditing standards; and
18	(iii) applicable codes of professional conduct;
19	in light of international developments in relation to audit
20	quality;
21	(g) the teaching of professional and business ethics by, or on
22 23	behalf of, professional accounting bodies to the extent to which the teaching of those subjects relates to audit quality.
24 25	(2D) A report under subsection (2B) or (2C) is not a legislative instrument.
26	6 Subsections 225 N/5) and (6)
26	6 Subsections 225A(5) and (6)
27	Repeal the subsections.
28	7 Subsection 225A(7)
29	Omit "or (5)".
30	8 Paragraph 225A(7)(a)
31	Omit "or Australian auditor".
32	9 Paragraph 225A(7)(b)
33	Omit "or auditor".
34	10 Subsection 225A(8)

1	Omit for Australian auditor.
2	11 Subsection 225A(8)
3	Omit "or auditor".
4	12 Paragraph 225A(9)(a)
5	Omit "or (5)".
6	13 Subsections 225A(11), (12) and (13)
7	Repeal the subsections.
8	14 Section 235BA
9 10	Repeal the section.

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Part 1** Auditor rotation requirements

1

Pa	rt 2—Audit deficiency reports
15	Subsection 5(1)
	Insert:
	<i>audit deficiency report</i> has the meaning given by subsection 50C(1).
16	After Division 5 of Part 3
	Insert:
Div	rision 5A—Audit deficiency notifications and reports
50A	Application
	(1) This Division applies to an audit deficiency (the <i>identified audit</i>
	deficiency) that:
	(a) is identified by ASIC in circumstances described in
	subsection (2) in relation to an audit conducted by an Australian auditor; and
	(b) consists of any of the following:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(i) a failure by the auditor to comply with the auditing standards:
	(ii) a failure by the auditor to comply with the auditor
	independence requirements in the Corporations Act;
	(iii) a failure by the auditor to comply with any applicable
	code of professional conduct;
	(iv) a failure by the auditor to comply with the provisions of
	the Corporations Act dealing with the conduct of audits.
	(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(a), the circumstances are that the
	identified audit deficiency is identified by ASIC while exercising
	its powers or functions:
	(a) in relation to audit-related matters (Corporations Act audit
	requirements) under Chapter 2M or Part 9.2 or 9.2A of the
	Corporations Act or under other provisions of that Act that
	relate to that Chapter or that Part; or

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1	(b) for the purposes of ascertaining compliance with
2	Corporations Act audit requirements; or
3	(c) in relation to:
4 5	(i) an alleged or suspected contravention of Corporations Act audit requirements; or
6	(ii) an alleged or suspected contravention of a law of the
7	Commonwealth, or of a State or Territory in this
8	jurisdiction, being a contravention that relates to an
9	audit matter and that either concerns the management or
10	affairs of a body corporate or involves fraud or
11	dishonesty and relates to a body corporate; or
12 13	(d) for the purposes of an investigation under Division 1 of this Part relating to a contravention referred to in paragraph (c).
14	50B Notice of audit deficiency
15	(1) ASIC may, in writing, notify the Australian auditor of the
16	identified audit deficiency.
17	(2) The notice must:
18	(a) set out:
19	(i) the identified audit deficiency; and
20	(ii) any remedial action that ASIC thinks necessary to
21	remedy the deficiency; and
22 23	(iii) such other matters in relation to the deficiency as ASIC thinks fit; and
24	(b) invite the auditor to make written submissions to ASIC,
25	within 6 months, about the deficiency and any remedial
26	action taken, or proposed to be taken, to remedy the
27	deficiency.
28	50C Audit deficiency report
29	(1) At any time after the end of the 6 month period, ASIC may prepare
30	an audit deficiency report if ASIC is satisfied that the Australian
31	auditor has not taken appropriate remedial action to remedy the
32	identified audit deficiency.
33	(2) The report must set out:
34	(a) the identified audit deficiency; and

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1 2	(b) the remedial action that ASIC thinks necessary to remedy the deficiency; and
3	(c) if the auditor has taken remedial action to remedy the
4	deficiency—details of the remedial action; and
5	(d) if the auditor has not taken any remedial action—that fact;
6	and
7 8	(e) such other matters in relation to the deficiency as ASIC thinks fit.
9	(3) Before preparing the report, ASIC must take into account:
10 11	(a) any submissions received from the auditor in response to an invitation under paragraph 50B(2)(b); and
12 13	(b) whether or not the auditor has taken any remedial action to remedy the deficiency.
14	(4) The report is not a legislative instrument.
15	50D Publication of report
16 17	(1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), ASIC may, if it considers it appropriate to do so, publish the report on its website.
18	(2) If ASIC publishes the report on its website, the report:
19	(a) if the audit to which the report relates was conducted by an
20	audit firm or audit company:
21 22	(i) may disclose identifying particulars of the audit firm or audit company; but
23	(ii) must not disclose identifying particulars of any
24	professional member of the audit team involved in the
25	audit; and
26	(b) if the audit to which the report relates was conducted by an
27	individual auditor who did not act on behalf of an audit firm
28	or audit company:
29	(i) may disclose identifying particulars of the auditor; but
30	(ii) must not disclose identifying particulars of any other
31 32	professional member of the audit team involved in the audit; and
33	(c) must not disclose identifying particulars of the audited body.

1	(3) At least 7 days before publishing the report on its website, ASIC
2	must give a copy of the report to the Australian auditor to which
3	the report relates.
4	(4) In this section:
5	identifying particulars:
6	(a) in relation to an audit firm, an audit company, an individual
7	auditor referred to in paragraph (2)(b) or an audited body,
8	means:
9	(i) the name, or a business name, of the firm, company,
10	auditor or body; or
11	(ii) any other particulars that would enable the firm,
12	company, auditor or body to be identified; or
13	(b) in relation to a professional member of an audit team (other
14	than an individual auditor referred to in paragraph (2)(b)),
15	means:
16	(i) the name of the member; or
17	(ii) any other particulars that would enable the member to
18	be identified.
19	

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Part 1** Auditor rotation requirements

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2	Part 3—Communications with corporations,
3	registered schemes and disclosing entities
4	17 After subsection 127(2C)
5	Insert:
6	(2D) If the Chairperson is satisfied that:
7 8	(a) information is obtained by ASIC in circumstances described in subsection (2E); and
9	(b) the information is:
10 11 12	(i) about how an audit of a company, registered scheme or disclosing entity was conducted by an Australian auditor; or
13 14	(ii) about the company's, scheme's or entity's compliance with the requirements in Chapter 2M of the
15 16 17	Corporations Act to prepare financial statements and reports, or with the continuous disclosure requirements of sections 674 and 675 of the Corporations Act; and
18 19 20	(c) the information should be disclosed to the company, to the responsible entity of the registered scheme, or to the disclosing entity, in order to assist the company, scheme or
21 22	entity to properly manage its affairs; the disclosure of the information, by a person whom the
23 24	Chairperson authorises for the purpose, is taken to be authorised use and disclosure of the information if the information is disclosed
25	to the directors, the audit committee, or a senior manager, of the
26	company, responsible entity or disclosing entity (as the case
27	requires).
28	(2E) For the purposes of paragraph (2D)(a), the circumstances are that
29	the information is obtained by ASIC while exercising its powers or
30	functions:
31	(a) in relation to audit-related matters (<i>Corporations Act audit</i>
32	requirements) under Chapter 2M or Part 9.2 or 9.2A of the
33	Corporations Act or under other provisions of that Act that relate to that Chapter or that Part; or
34	
35 36	(b) for the purposes of ascertaining compliance with Corporations Act audit requirements; or

1	(c) in relation to:
2	(i) an alleged or suspected contravention of Corporations
3	Act audit requirements; or
4	(ii) an alleged or suspected contravention of a law of the
5	Commonwealth, or of a State or Territory in this
6	jurisdiction, being a contravention that relates to an
7	audit matter and that either concerns the management or
8	affairs of a body corporate or involves fraud or
9	dishonesty and relates to a body corporate; or
10	(d) for the purposes of an investigation under Division 1 of
1	Part 3 of this Act relating to a contravention referred to in
12	paragraph (c).
2	

Schedule 1 Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Part 1** Auditor rotation requirements

40 44	
	e end of the Act
Add	i:
Part 19	—Transitional provisions relating to the
	Corporations Legislation Amendment
	(Audit Enhancement) Act 2011
292 Defin	itions
	In this Part:
	amending Act means the Corporations Legislation Amendment (Audit Enhancement) Act 2011.
	<i>commencement</i> means the commencement of Schedule 2 to the amending Act.
293 Amer	ndments made by Part 1 of Schedule 2—final report on auditor independence functions
(1)	Subject to subsection (2), section 235BA of the Australian
	Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 continues
	(despite its repeal) to apply so as to require a report for the period beginning on 1 July 2011 and ending on commencement, as if that
	period were a year ending on 30 June.
(2)	The report referred to in subsection (1) must be included in the
	report, for the year ending on that 30 June, given to the Minister
	under section 235B of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001.
294 Appli	cation of amendments made by Parts 2 and 3 of Schedule
(1)	The amendments made by Part 2 of Schedule 2 to the amending
	Act apply in relation to audit deficiencies identified by ASIC after commencement.

Amendment of the Corporations Act 2001 **Schedule 1**Auditor rotation requirements **Part 1**

(2)	The amendment made by Part 3 of Schedule 2 to the amending Act
	applies in relation to information obtained by ASIC after
	commencement.