2016-2017

The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EXPOSURE DRAFT

ASIC Supervisory Cost Recovery Levy Bill 2017

No. , 2017

(Treasury)

A Bill for an Act to impose a levy on persons regulated by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, and for related purposes

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The Parl	iament of Australia ena	cts:
1 Short tit	le	
	This Act is the ASIC Supervisory	Cost Recovery Levy Act 201
2 Commer	icement	
	Each provision of this Act specific commences, or is taken to have column 2 of the table. Any other according to its terms.	ommenced, in accordance w
Commencer	ment information	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provisions 1. The whol this Act	e of 1 July 2017.	Date/Detai 1 July 2017
		provisions of this Act as originally ed to deal with any later amendme
` ,	Any information in column 3 of t Information may be inserted in th may be edited, in any published v	is column, or information in
3 Act bind	s the Crown	

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1 2	Norfolk Island. However, it does not bind the Crown in right of the Commonwealth.
3	4 External Territories
4	This Act extends to every external Territory.
5	5 Extraterritorial application
6 7	This Act extends to acts, omissions, matters and things outside Australia.
8	6 Act does not impose levy on property of a State
))	(1) This Act does not impose a tax on property of any kind belonging to a State.
2	(2) In this section, <i>property of any kind belonging to a State</i> has the same meaning as in section 114 of the Constitution.
}	7 Definitions
ļ	(1) In this Act:
i	ASIC means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.
	audit entity means:
3	(a) a registered company auditor (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>); or
)	(b) a partnership or unincorporated association that is an audit firm (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>); or
2	(c) an audit company (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations</i> Act 2001); or
ļ ;	(d) an authorised audit company (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>); or
	(e) an individual auditor (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>); or

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1	(f) an approved SMSF auditor (within the meaning of the
2	Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993); or
3	(g) a person regulated by ASIC who is in a class of persons
4	prescribed by the regulations.
5	company-like entity means:
6	(a) a Part 5.1 body (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act</i>
7	2001); or
8	(b) a Part 5.7 body (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act</i>
9	2001); or
0	(c) a body (other than a company) that is a disclosing entity
1	under subsection 111AC(1) of the Corporations Act 2001; or
2	(d) a person regulated by ASIC who is in a class of persons
3	prescribed by the regulations.
4	credit services entity means:
5	(a) a licensee within the meaning of the National Consumer
6	Credit Protection Act 2009; or
7	(b) a person who is exempt under section 109 or 110 of the
8	National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009 from the
9	operation of section 29 of that Act (which is about the
.0	requirement to hold a credit licence); or
1	(c) a person regulated by ASIC who is in a class of persons
2	prescribed by the regulations.
3	exempt entity, for a financial year, means a regulated entity that is
4	in a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the financial
5	year.
6	financial services entity means:
.7	(a) a financial services licensee (within the meaning of the
8	Corporations Act 2001); or
9	(b) an RSE licensee; or
0	(c) a person who is exempt under subsection 911A(2) of the
1	Corporations Act 2001 from the requirement to hold an
2	Australian financial services licence for a financial service;
3	or

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1 2 3	(d) a person who is exempt under section 926A or 926B of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> from the operation of subsection 911A(1) of that Act; or
4 5	(e) a person regulated by ASIC who is in a class of persons prescribed by the regulations.
6	leviable entity, for a financial year, means a person who:
7	(a) is a regulated entity at any time in the financial year; and
8	(b) is not an exempt entity for the financial year.
9	liquidator entity means:
10 11	(a) a registered liquidator (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>); or
12 13	(b) a person registered as a liquidator of a company under subsection 1282(3) of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; or
14 15	(c) a person regulated by ASIC who is in a class of persons prescribed by the regulations.
16	market infrastructure entity means:
17 18	(a) a market licensee (within the meaning of Chapter 7 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>); or
19 20 21	(b) a person who operates a financial market that is exempt under section 791C from the operation of Part 7.2 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; or
22 23 24	(c) a person who is exempt under section 907D of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> from the operation of section 905A of that Act; or
25	(d) a person who:
26 27	(i) is a participant in a licensed market for the purposes of Chapter 7 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> ; or
28 29 30 31	 (ii) would be such a participant if the definition of <i>participant</i> in section 761A of that Act covered a person who is allowed to indirectly participate in the facility or market concerned; or
32	(e) a CS facility licensee (within the meaning of Chapter 7 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>); or

1	(f) a person who operates a clearing and settlement facility that
2	is exempt under section 820C from the operation of Part 7.3
3	of the Corporations Act 2001; or
4 5	(g) a derivative trade repository licensee (within the meaning of Chapter 7 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>); or
6	(h) a person regulated by ASIC who is in a class of persons
7	prescribed by the regulations.
8	person has a meaning affected by section 11.
9	regulated entity means:
10	(a) a company that is registered under the Corporations Act
11	2001; or
12	(b) a company that is a disclosing entity under
13	subsection 111AC(1) of the Corporations Act 2001; or
14	(c) a financial services entity; or
15	(d) a credit services entity; or
16	(e) a market infrastructure entity; or
17	(f) an audit entity; or
18	(g) a liquidator entity; or
19	(h) a company-like entity; or
20	(i) a person regulated by ASIC who is in a class of persons
21	prescribed by the regulations.
22	regulatory costs, for a financial year, has the meaning given by
23	section 10.
24	RSE licensee has the same meaning as in the Superannuation
25	Industry (Supervision) Act 1993.
26	sector means:
27	(a) if the regulations specify sectors—a group of one or more
28 29	entities each of which meets the criteria specified in the regulations for the sector; or
30	(b) otherwise—a group of one or more entities each of which
31	satisfies a particular paragraph of the definition of <i>regulated</i>
32	entity.
33	Note: An entity may form part of more than one sector.

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1		sub-sector has the meaning given by the regulations.
2	8 Impositi	ion of levy
3 4		Levy payable in accordance with section 7 of the ASIC Supervisory Cost Recovery Levy (Collection) Act 2017 is imposed.
5	9 Amount	t of levy
6 7	(1)	The amount of levy payable by a leviable entity for a financial year is the amount worked out in accordance with the regulations.
8		Objectives
9	(2)	The objectives are:
10	. ,	(a) that the total amount of levy payable by all leviable entities in
11		relation to a financial year equals the amount of ASIC's
12		regulatory costs for the financial year; and
13		(b) that the total amount of levy payable by all leviable entities in
14		a particular class, sector, or sub-sector in a financial year
15 16		equals the amount of ASIC's regulatory costs relating to that class, sector, or sub-sector for that financial year.
17	(3)	For the purposes of subsection (2), disregard the effect of
18		section 14 of the ASIC Supervisory Cost Recovery Levy
19		(Collection) Act 2017 (about waiver of levy payable).
20		Regulations
21	(4)	Before the Governor-General makes regulations under
22	, ,	subsection (1), the Minister must be satisfied that the regulations
23		are consistent with the objectives stated in subsection (2).
24	(5)	Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations may do one or
25		more of the following:
26		(a) specify an amount or a method for determining an amount;
27		(b) specify different amounts or methods for different classes of
28		leviable entities, different sectors or different sub-sectors;
29		(c) specify a nil amount, or a method resulting in a nil amount;

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1	(d) specify methods that refer to acts done or circumstances
2	existing before either the commencement of the regulations
3	or the commencement of this Act, or both.
4	Annual legislative instrument
5	(6) Regulations made for the purposes of subsection (1) may provide
6	for ASIC to make, by legislative instrument, for each financial
7	year, a determination specifying one or more of the following:
8 9	(a) amounts to be used for that financial year in a method or methods specified in the regulations;
10	(b) the number of leviable entities in a particular class, sector or
11	sub-sector in that financial year.
12	(7) Before ASIC makes a legislative instrument as mentioned in
13	subsection (6), for a financial year, ASIC must be satisfied, having
14	regard to information contained in returns relating to the financial
15	year lodged with ASIC under section 10 of the ASIC Supervisory
16	Cost Recovery Levy (Collection) Act 2017, that the legislative
17	instrument is consistent with the objectives stated in subsection (2).
18	(8) A legislative instrument made by ASIC as mentioned in
19	subsection (6) may only be made, for a financial year, after the last
20	day by which returns relating to the financial year must be lodged
21	with ASIC under section 10 of the ASIC Supervisory Cost
22	Recovery Levy (Collection) Act 2017.
23	Retrospective application of instruments
24	(9) Subsection 12(2) (retrospective application of legislative
25	instruments) of the Legislation Act 2003 does not apply to the
26	following:
27	(a) regulations made under subsection (1);
28	(b) a legislative instrument made by ASIC as mentioned in
29	subsection (6).
30	10 Meaning of regulatory costs

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(1) ASIC's regulatory costs for a financial year means the lesser of:

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1 2	(a) the sum of all amounts appropriated by the Parliament for the purposes of ASIC for the financial year; and
3	(b) the amount determined in an instrument under subsection (2) for the financial year.
5 6	(2) ASIC must, by legislative instrument, determine the amount that is the cost to ASIC of regulating leviable entities for a financial year.
7 8 9	(3) A legislative instrument under subsection (2) may only be made, for a financial year, after the last day by which returns relating to the financial year must be lodged with ASIC under section 10 of the ASIC Supervisory Cost Recovery Levy (Collection) Act 2017.
11 12 13	(4) If the amount of levy collected in relation to a financial year falls short of, or exceeds, the amount of ASIC's regulatory costs for the financial year, ASIC must, in making an instrument under subsection (2):
15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) for an excess of collected levy—reduce the amount of its regulatory costs for the following financial year by the amount of the excess; or(b) for a shortfall of collected levy—increase the amount of its regulatory costs for the following financial year by the amount of the shortfall.
21 22	(5) The regulations may prescribe amounts that ASIC may not include in the amount determined under subsection (2).
23 24	11 Treatment of partnerships, unincorporated associations and multiple trustees
25	Application to partnerships
26 27 28 29	(1) This Act applies to a partnership as if the partnership were a person. However, obligations that would be imposed on the partnership are imposed instead on each partner, but may be discharged by any of the partners.

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	Application to unincorporated association
(2)	This Act applies to an unincorporated association as if the
	unincorporated association were a person. However, an obligation
	that would otherwise be imposed on the association is imposed on
	each member of the association's committee of management
	instead, but may be discharged by any of the members.
	Application to RSE licensee that is a group of individual trustees
(3)	This Act applies to an RSE licensee that is a group of individual
	trustees as if the group were a person. However, an obligation that
	would otherwise be imposed on the group is imposed on each
	individual, but may be discharged by any of the individuals.
	Application to multiple trustees treated as single entity
(4)	Subsections (5), (6) and (7) apply if a trustee or trustees of a trust
	are treated during a period as constituting:
	(a) a single legal entity (the <i>notional entity</i>) under
	section 761FA of the Corporations Act 2001; or
	(b) a single person (also the <i>notional entity</i>) under section 15 of
	the National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009.
(5)	This Act applies to the notional entity during the period as if the
	notional entity were a person, but with the changes set out in
	subsections (6) and (7).
(6)	During the period, or any part of the period, that the trust has 2 or
	more trustees, an obligation that would otherwise be imposed on
	the notional entity by this Act is imposed instead on each trustee,
	but may be discharged by any of the trustees.
(7)	During the period, or any part of the period, that the trust has only
	one trustee, an obligation that would otherwise be imposed on the
	notional entity by this Act is imposed instead on that single trustee.
12 Regula	tions
	The Governor-General may make regulations prescribing matters:

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1	(a)	required or permitted by this Act to be prescribed by the
2		regulations; or
3	(b)	necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or
4		giving effect to this Act.

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