2013-2014-2015

The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EXPOSURE DRAFT

Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions) Bill 2015

No. , 2015

(Treasury)

A Bill for an Act to amend the law relating to taxation, and for related purposes

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1 A Bill for an Act to amend the law relating to 2 taxation, and for related purposes 3 The Parliament of Australia enacts: 4 1 Short title 5 This Act may be cited as the Tax Laws Amendment (GST 6 Treatment of Cross-border Transactions) Act 2015. 7 2 Commencement 8 (1) Each provision of this Act specified in column 1 of the table 9 commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with 10 column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect 11 according to its terms. 12 13 **Commencement information** Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Commencement **Date/Details Provisions** 1. The whole of The day this Act receives the Royal Assent. this Act 14 Note: This table relates only to the provisions of this Act as originally 15 enacted. It will not be amended to deal with any later amendments of this Act. 16 17 18

(2) Any information in column 3 of the table is not part of this Act. Information may be inserted in this column, or information in it may be edited, in any published version of this Act.

3 Schedules 20

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21	Legislation that is specified in a Schedule to this Act is amended or
22	repealed as set out in the applicable items in the Schedule
23	concerned, and any other item in a Schedule to this Act has effect
24	according to its terms.

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Schedule 1 Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers
Part 1 Main amendments

Sc	hedule 1—Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers
Ра	t 1—Main amendments
AN	ew Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999
14	t the end of subsection 9-25(5) (before the example) Add: ; or (d) the *recipient of the supply is an *Australian consumer.
24	t the end of subsection 9-25(5) (after the example) Add:
	Note: A supply that is connected with the indirect tax zone under this subsection might be GST-free if it is consumed outside the indirect t zone: see section 38-190. For more rules about supplies that are GST-free, see Division 38.
3 A	t the end of section 9-25
	Add:
	Meaning of Australian consumer
	(7) An entity is an <i>Australian consumer</i> of a supply made to the enti if:
	(a) the entity is an *Australian resident (other than an entity tha
	is an Australian resident solely because the definition of
	<i>Australia</i> in the *ITAA 1997 includes the external Territories); and
	(b) the entity:
	(i) is not *registered; or
	(i) if the entity is registered—the entity does not acquire
	the thing supplied solely or partly for the purpose of ar
	*enterprise that the entity *carries on.

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Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by

consumers Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 1

ſ	tote: Suppliers must take reasonable steps to ascertain whether recipient are Australian consumers: see section 84-100.
4 At the e	nd of Division 38
Add:	
Subdivisio	a 38-T—Inbound intangible consumer supplies
38-610 Inb	ound intangible consumer supplies
(1) A	 an *inbound intangible consumer supply is <i>GST-free</i> if: (a) it is made by a *non-resident; and (b) it is covered by a determination under subsection (2).
	The Minister may determine that a specified class of *inbound ntangible consumer supplies are GST-free.
(3) I	 Iowever, the Minister must not make the determination unless: (a) the *Foreign Minister has advised the Minister in writing the treatment of the class of supplies under the *GST law would, apart from the determination, be inconsistent with Australia's international obligations; and (b) the Minister is satisfied that similar supplies made by *Australian residents would be GST-free.
5 At the en Add:	nd of Division 40
	a 40-G—Inbound intangible consumer supplies
40-180 Inb	ound intangible consumer supplies
(1) A	 an *inbound intangible consumer supply is <i>input taxed</i> if: (a) it is made by a *non-resident; and (b) it is covered by a determination under subsection (2).
(2)	The Minister may determine that a specified class of *inbound

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 (3) However, the Minister must not make the determination unless: (a) the *Foreign Minister has advised the Minister in writing that the treatment of the class of supplies under the *GST law would, apart from the determination, be inconsistent with Australia's international obligations; and (b) the Minister is satisfied that similar supplies made by *Australian residents would be input taxed.
8	6 At the end of Division 84
9	Add:
10 11	Subdivision 84-B—Inbound intangible consumer supplies 84-45 What this Subdivision is about
12 13	Tax invoices are not required for offshore supplies to Australian consumers.
14 15 16 17 18	Operators of electronic distribution platforms through which electronic supplies are made from offshore to Australian consumers are treated as making those supplies. The result is that the operator, instead of the suppliers, count the supplies towards their GST turnover and pays the GST on the supplies.
19	84-50 No tax invoices for inbound intangible consumer supplies
20 21 22	 You are not required to issue a *tax invoice for a *taxable supply that you make that is solely an *inbound intangible consumer supply.
23 24	(2) This section has effect despite section 29-70 (which is about tax invoices).

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Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers **Schedule 1** Main amendments **Part 1**

1 2	84-55	Operator of electronic distribution platform treated as supplier
3 4 5		 If an *inbound intangible consumer supply is made through an *electronic distribution platform, the operator of the platform, instead of the supplier, is treated:
6		(a) as being the supplier of, and as making, the supply; and
7 8		(b) as having made the supply for the *consideration for which it was made; and
9 10		(c) as having made the supply in the course or furtherance of an *enterprise that the operator *carries on.
11 12		Note: As a consequence, GST on the supply is payable by the operator of the electronic distribution platform.
13		(2) Despite subsection (1), if an *inbound intangible consumer supply
14		is made through more than one *electronic distribution platform,
15		that subsection only applies to the operator of any of those
16		platforms who is:
17		(a) the operator determined in accordance with an instrument
18		made under subsection (4); or
19		(b) if no instrument has been made under subsection (4):
20		(i) the first of the operators of those platforms to receive, or
21		to authorise the charging of, any $*$ consideration for the
22		supply; or
23		(ii) if subparagraph (i) does not apply—the first of the
24		operators of those platforms to authorise the delivery of
25		the supply.
26		However, if that operator enters into a written agreement with
27		another of the operators under which the other operator is to be
28		treated as the supplier, that subsection only applies to the other
29		operator.
30		(3) The Commissioner may, by legislative instrument, prescribe how
31		an operator is to be determined for the purposes of
32		paragraph (2)(a).
33		(4) Despite subsections (1) and (2), this section does not apply to an
34 35		operator of an *electronic distribution platform in relation to an *inbound intangible consumer supply made through the platform if:

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Part 1 Main amendments

1	(a) a document, relating to the supply, issued to the *recipient of
2	the supply identifies:
3	(i) the supply; and
4	(ii) the supplier as the supplier of the supply; and
5	(b) the supplier and the operator of the electronic distribution
6	platform have agreed in writing that the supplier is the entity
7	responsible for paying GST for:
8	(i) the supply; or
9	(ii) a class of supplies that includes the supply; and
10	(c) the operator of the electronic distribution platform:
11 12	 (i) does not authorise the charge to the *recipient for the supply; and
13	(ii) does not authorise the delivery of the supply; and
14 15	(iii) does not set the terms and conditions under which the supply is made.
16	84-60 Meaning of inbound intangible consumer supply
17	(1) A supply of anything other than goods or $*$ real property is an
18	<i>inbound intangible consumer supply</i> if the *recipient is an
19	*Australian consumer, unless:
20	(a) the thing is done wholly in the indirect tax zone; or
21 22	(b) the supplier makes the supply wholly through an *enterprise that the supplier *carries on in the indirect tax zone.
23	(2) Disregard section 84-55 in determining whether paragraph (1)(b)
24	applies.
25	84-65 Meaning of <i>electronic distribution platform</i>
26	(1) A service (including a website, internet portal, gateway, store or
27	marketplace) is an <i>electronic distribution platform</i> if:
28 29	(a) the service allows entities to make supplies available to end-users; and
30	(b) the service is delivered by means of *electronic
31	communication; and

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	(c) the supplies are to be made by means of electronic
	communication.
	(2) However, a service is not an <i>electronic distribution platform</i>
	solely because it is:
	(a) a carriage service (within the meaning of the
	Telecommunications Act 1997); or
	(b) a service consisting of one or more of the following:
	(i) providing access to a payment system;
	(ii) processing payments;
	(iii) providing *vouchers the supply of which are not
	*taxable supplies because of section 100-5.
C1-2	
Subc	livision 84-C—Australian consumers
04.05	5 What this Subdivision is about
84-93	
	A supplier is treated in some situations to be making a supply to a
	A supplier is treated in some situations to be making a supply to a entity that is not an Australian consumer.
	A supplier is treated in some situations to be making a supply to a entity that is not an Australian consumer.
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84-10	A supplier is treated in some situations to be making a supply to a entity that is not an Australian consumer. Note: Whether the recipient of a supply of an intangible is an Australian consumer is one of the tests for whether the supply is connected with Australia: see subsection 9-25(5).
84-10	 A supplier is treated in some situations to be making a supply to a entity that is not an Australian consumer. Note: Whether the recipient of a supply of an intangible is an Australian consumer is one of the tests for whether the supply is connected with Australia: see subsection 9-25(5). When entities are treated as not being Australian consumers
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84-10	 A supplier is treated in some situations to be making a supply to a entity that is not an Australian consumer. Note: Whether the recipient of a supply of an intangible is an Australian consumer is one of the tests for whether the supply is connected with Australia: see subsection 9-25(5). 00 When entities are treated as not being Australian consumers (1) The *GST law applies in relation to you as if another entity was not an *Australian consumer of a supply if: (a) you take reasonable steps to obtain information about whether or not the other entity is an Australian consumer of the supply; and (b) after taking those steps, you reasonably believe that the other entity is not an Australian consumer of the supply. (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the *GST law applies in relation to you as if another entity was not an *Australian consumer of a

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Part 1 Main amendments

1	whether the other entity is an Australian consumer of the
2	supply; and
3	(b) you reasonably believe that the other entity is not an
4	Australian consumer of the supply.
5	(3) However, your belief that the other entity is not an *Australian
6	consumer of the supply is taken, for the purposes of subsections (1)
7	and (2), not to be reasonable if:
8	(a) that belief is based solely on a belief that the other entity is
9	*registered; and
10	(b) one or both of the following apply:
11	(i) neither the other entity's *ABN, nor the other
12	identifying information prescribed under subsection (4)
12	relating to the other entity, has been disclosed to you;
14	(ii) the other entity has not provided to you a declaration or
14	information that indicates that the other entity is
15 16	registered.
10	registered.
17	(4) The Commissioner may, by legislative instrument, prescribe
1 /	
18	identifying information for the purposes of subparagraph (3)(b)(i).
	identifying information for the purposes of subparagraph (3)(b)(i). Subdivision 84-D—Limited registration entities
18	
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18 19	Subdivision 84-D—Limited registration entities
18 19 20	Subdivision 84-D—Limited registration entities 84-135 What this Subdivision is about
18 19 20 21	Subdivision 84-D—Limited registration entities 84-135 What this Subdivision is about Non-residents may elect to be limited registration entities. Limited
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18 19 20 21 22	Subdivision 84-D—Limited registration entities 84-135 What this Subdivision is about Non-residents may elect to be limited registration entities. Limited registration entities are not entitled to input tax credits for acquisitions, and must have quarterly tax periods. Note: The Commissioner may approve simpler approved forms for limited
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	Subdivision 84-D—Limited registration entities 84-135 What this Subdivision is about Non-residents may elect to be limited registration entities. Limited registration entities are not entitled to input tax credits for acquisitions, and must have quarterly tax periods. Note: The Commissioner may approve simpler approved forms for limited registration entities: see subsection 388-50(3) in Schedule 1 to the
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 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 Subdivision 84-D—Limited registration entities 84-135 What this Subdivision is about Non-residents may elect to be limited registration entities. Limited registration entities are not entitled to input tax credits for acquisitions, and must have quarterly tax periods. Note: The Commissioner may approve simpler approved forms for limited registration entities: see subsection 388-50(3) in Schedule 1 to the <i>Taxation Administration Act 1953</i>. 84-140 Limited registration entities (1) You are a <i>limited registration entity</i> for a tax period applying to
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 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	 Subdivision 84-D—Limited registration entities 84-135 What this Subdivision is about Non-residents may elect to be limited registration entities. Limited registration entities are not entitled to input tax credits for acquisitions, and must have quarterly tax periods. Note: The Commissioner may approve simpler approved forms for limited registration entities: see subsection 388-50(3) in Schedule 1 to the <i>Taxation Administration Act 1953</i>. 84-140 Limited registration entities (1) You are a <i>limited registration entity</i> for a tax period applying to
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Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers **Schedule 1** Main amendments **Part 1**

1		Electing to be a limited registration entity
2	(2)	You may, by notifying the Commissioner in the *approved form,
3		make an election under this subsection if:
4		(a) you have made, or intend to make, one or more *inbound
5		intangible consumer supplies; and
6		(b) you are a *non-resident.
7		When an election is in effect
8	(3)	The election:
9 10		(a) takes effect from the start of the tax period you nominate in the election; and
11		(b) if, under subsection (5), you revoke the election during a
12		*financial year (a <i>later financial year</i>) that starts at least 12
13		months after the end of the initial financial year—ceases to
14		have effect at the start of your first tax period of the financial
15		year preceding the later financial year.
16	(4)	However, the election never takes effect if, under subsection (5),
17		you revoke the election during the initial financial year or the next
18		*financial year.
19		Revoking an election
20	(5)	You may, by notifying the Commissioner in the *approved form,
21		revoke an election under subsection (2).
22	84-145 Li	mited registration entities cannot make creditable
23		acquisitions
	(1)	-
24	(1)	An acquisition made by a *limited registration entity is not a
25 26		*creditable acquisition if an election under subsection (2) is in effect for the entity when the acquisition is made.
27 28	(2)	This section has effect despite section 11-5 (which is about what is a creditable acquisition).

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Schedule 1 Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers
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1	84-150 Limited registration entities have only quarterly tax periods
2 3 4	 If you are a *limited registration entity, you cannot make an election under section 27-10, and the Commissioner cannot determine your tax periods under section 27-15 or 27-37.
5 6	Note: Sections 27-10, 27-15 and 27-37 provide for each individual month to be a tax period.
7 8 9	(2) An election by you under section 27-10 or a determination under section 27-15 or 27-37 in relation to you is taken not to be in force at any time during which you are a *limited registration entity.
10 11	(3) This section has effect despite sections 27-10, 27-15 and 27-37 (which are about one month tax periods).
12	7 Paragraph 188-15(3)(b)
13	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
14	(b) any supply that is connected with the indirect tax zone
15	because of paragraph 9-25(5)(c), unless:
16	(i) the supply is made to an *Australian consumer; and
17	(ii) the supply is not *GST-free; and
18 19	 (iii) the thing to be acquired under the right or option is not goods or *real property; and
20	8 Subsection 188-15(3)
21	At the end of the subsection, add:
22	; and (d) any supply that is connected with the indirect tax zone
23	because of paragraph 9-25(5)(d) and is GST-free.
24	9 Paragraph 188-20(3)(b)
25	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
26	(b) any supply that is connected with the indirect tax zone
27	because of paragraph 9-25(5)(c), unless:
28	(i) the supply is made to an *Australian consumer; and
29	(ii) the supply is not *GST-free; and
30	(iii) the thing to be acquired under the right or option is not
31	goods or *real property; and

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Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers **Schedule 1** Main amendments **Part 1**

(ba) any supply that is connected with the indirect tax zone because of paragraph 9-25(5)(d) and is GST-free; and

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Schedule 1 Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers Part 2 Other amendments

A New	Tax Syst	tem (Australian Business Num	iber) Act 19
10 At 1	the end c	of section 8	
1	Add:		
	Limited	l registration entities	
		ver, a limited registration entity (within tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act ABN.	•
A New	Tax Syst	tem (Goods and Services Tax)	Act 1999
11 Sec	ction 13-	l (note 2)	
(Omit "Divis	sion 84", substitute "Subdivision 84-A"	
12 Sec	ction 27-9	99 (table item 1AB)	
I	Repeal the i	tem, substitute:	
	1AB	Offshore supplies other than goods or real property	Division 84
	1AC	Payment of GST by instalments	Division 162
13 Sec	ction 29-9	99 (after table item 4)	
I	Insert:		
	4A	Offshore supplies other than goods or real property	Division 84
14 Sul	oparagra	ph 48-40(2)(a)(i)	
(Omit "Divis	sion 84", substitute "section 84-5".	
15 Sul	osection	48-45(3)	
(Omit "Divid	sion 84", substitute "section 84-5".	

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Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers **Schedule 1** Other amendments **Part 2**

16	Paragraph 58-10(2)(b) Omit "84", substitute "section 84-5".
17	Paragraph 83-5(2)(a)
	Omit "Division 84", substitute "section 84-5".
18	Before section 84-1
	Insert:
Su	bdivision 84-A—Intangible supplies from offshore that are taxable supplies under this Subdivision
19	Section 84-1 (heading)
	Omit "Division", substitute "Subdivision".
20	Section 84-1
	Omit "Division" (wherever occurring), substitute "Subdivision".
21	Section 84-5 (heading)
	Omit "Division", substitute "Subdivision".
22	Section 84-14
	Omit "This Division", substitute "This Subdivision".
23	At the end of section 142-15
	Add:
	Inbound intangible consumer supplies
	(6) Section 142-10 does not apply for the purposes of applying a
	*taxation law to the other entity, to the extent that the excess GST
	arose from something that is not an *inbound intangible consumer supply being treated as an inbound intangible consumer supply.
24	Paragraph 162-5(1)(e)

No. , 2015 Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions) 13 Bill 2015

Schedule 1 Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers Part 2 Other amendments

25	At the end of subsection 162-5(1)
	Add: (f) you are not a *limited registration entity.
26	After paragraph 162-30(1)(ca)
	Insert: (d) during a financial year, you become a *limited registration entity; or
27	At the end of section 162-30
	Add:
	Becoming a limited registration entity
	(6) If paragraph (1)(d) applies, your election is taken to have ceased have effect from the start of the *financial year referred to in the paragraph.
28	Section 195-1
	Insert:
	Australian consumer has the meaning given by subsection 9-2. and affected by section 84-100.
29	Section 195-1 (note at the end of the definition of creditable acquisition)
	After "78-30", insert ", 84-105".
30	Section 195-1
	Insert:
	<i>electronic communication</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Electronic Transactions Act 1999</i> .
	<i>electronic distribution platform</i> has the meaning given by section 84-65.
	<i>Foreign Minister</i> means the Minister administering the <i>Diplon Privileges and Immunities Act 1967</i> .

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Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers **Schedule 1**

Other amendments Part 2

15

1 2	<i>inbound intangible consumer supply</i> has the meaning given by section 84-60.
3 4	<i>limited registration entity</i> has the meaning given by section 84-140.
5	Taxation Administration Act 1953
6	31 Paragraph 284-75(4)(b)
7	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
8	(b) the statement is, or purports to be one that:
9	(i) is required or permitted by a taxation law (other than the

Excise Acts); or

10

11(ii) might reasonably be expected to be used, by an entity in12determining if you are an Australian consumer (within13the meaning of the *GST Act); and

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		Bill 2015	

Schedule 1 Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers **Part 3** Application

32	Application
	The amendments made by this Schedule apply in relation to:
	 (a) taxable supplies that are attributable to tax periods starting or after 1 July 2017; and
	(b) supplies that would be attributable to such tax periods if th were taxable supplies.
33	Progressive or periodic supplies
(1)	If:
	 (a) a supply is made under an agreement, or an enactment, tha provides (expressly or impliedly) that the thing supplied is be supplied:
	(i) for a period; or
	(ii) progressively over a period; and
	(b) that period begins before 1 July 2017 and ends on or after 1 July 2017;
	then, for the purposes of the <i>A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax)</i> Act 1999 as amended by this Act and for the purposes of item 3 of this Schedule:
	(c) the supply is taken to be made continuously and uniformly throughout that period; and
	(d) to the extent that the supply is taken to be made on or after 1 July 2017:
	(i) any consideration for the supply received before the
	tax period to start on or after that day is taken to be
	received in that tax period; and
	(ii) an invoice relating to the supply issued before the fir
	tax period to start on or after that day is taken to have been issued in that tax period.
(2)	However, this item does not apply to:

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Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers **Schedule 1** Application **Part 3**

	(a) a supply of a warranty (whether express, implied or required
	by law) that relates to goods or a service, if the value of the warranty was included in the price of the goods or service; or
	(b) a supply of a long-term lease made before 1 July 2017; or
	(c) a supply to which section 156-1 of the <i>A New Tax System</i>
	(Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 applies.
(3)	For the purposes of this item, a supply by way of lease, hire or similar arrangement is taken to be a supply for the period of the lease, hire or arrangement.
(4)	If this item has an effect in relation to a supply, it has a corresponding effect in relation to the acquisition to which the supply relates.
(5)	In this item:
	warranty has the same meaning as in section 12 of the A New Tax
	System (Goods and Services Tax Transition) Act 1999.
34	Existing agreements: no opportunity to review
(1)	If a written agreement, made before 7.30 pm (by legal time in the
	Australian Capital Territory) on 12 May 2015, specifically identifies a
	symply and identifies the consideration in manay, on a year of working
	supply and identifies the consideration in money, or a way of working out the consideration in money, for the supply:
	out the consideration in money, for the supply:
	out the consideration in money, for the supply:(a) the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent that it is made before the earlier of the following:
	 out the consideration in money, for the supply: (a) the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent that it is made before the earlier of the following: (i) 1 July 2019;
	 out the consideration in money, for the supply: (a) the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent that it is made before the earlier of the following: (i) 1 July 2019; (ii) if a review opportunity arises on or after 13 May
	 out the consideration in money, for the supply: (a) the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent that it is made before the earlier of the following: (i) 1 July 2019; (ii) if a review opportunity arises on or after 13 May 2015—when that opportunity arises; and
	 out the consideration in money, for the supply: (a) the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent that it is made before the earlier of the following: (i) 1 July 2019; (ii) if a review opportunity arises on or after 13 May 2015—when that opportunity arises; and (b) if all of the consideration was paid before 7.30 pm (by legal
	 out the consideration in money, for the supply: (a) the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent that it is made before the earlier of the following: (i) 1 July 2019; (ii) if a review opportunity arises on or after 13 May 2015—when that opportunity arises; and (b) if all of the consideration was paid before 7.30 pm (by legal time in the Australian Capital Territory) on 12 May 2015—
	 out the consideration in money, for the supply: (a) the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent that it is made before the earlier of the following: (i) 1 July 2019; (ii) if a review opportunity arises on or after 13 May 2015—when that opportunity arises; and (b) if all of the consideration was paid before 7.30 pm (by legal time in the Australian Capital Territory) on 12 May 2015—the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in
	 out the consideration in money, for the supply: (a) the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent that it is made before the earlier of the following: (i) 1 July 2019; (ii) if a review opportunity arises on or after 13 May 2015—when that opportunity arises; and (b) if all of the consideration was paid before 7.30 pm (by legal time in the Australian Capital Territory) on 12 May 2015—the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent it is made on or after
	 out the consideration in money, for the supply: (a) the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in relation to the supply to the extent that it is made before the earlier of the following: (i) 1 July 2019; (ii) if a review opportunity arises on or after 13 May 2015—when that opportunity arises; and (b) if all of the consideration was paid before 7.30 pm (by legal time in the Australian Capital Territory) on 12 May 2015—the amendments made by this Schedule do not apply in

No. , 2015 Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions) Bill 2015

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Schedule 1 Tax integrity: extending GST to digital products and other services imported by consumers

Part 3 Application

	(a) a change is made to the consideration for supplies that are
	specifically identified by an agreement of the kind referred to in subitem (1); and
	(b) the change is made after the commencement of this subitem;
	and (c) the change applies to supplies made before 1 July 2019;
	subitem (1) does not apply to supplies that are specifically identified by
	the agreement, to the extent that the supplies are made on or after the
	day on which the change takes effect.
(3)	Whether subitem (1) applies to a supply made before 1 July 2019 is not
	affected by a change (made after the commencement of this subitem),
	whether agreed to before, on or after 1 July 2019, to the consideration
	for supplies made on or after 1 July 2019 that are specifically identified
	by an agreement.
(4)	In this item:
	change, to the consideration for a supply, has the same meaning as in
	subsections 13(4B) and (4C) of the A New Tax System (Goods and
	Services Tax Transition) Act 1999.
	<i>review opportunity</i> has the same meaning as in section 13 of that Act.

18 Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions) No. , 2015 Bill 2015

GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Schedule 2 Cross-border supplies that are not connected with the indirect tax zone Part 1

Sch		-GST treatment of cross-border actions between businesses
Part		-border supplies that are not ected with the indirect tax zone
A Ne	w Tax Syste	em (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999
1 Sul	bsection 9 - Repeal the su	
2 Aft	er section s	9-25
9-26 \$		non-residents that are not connected with the t tax zone
		y is <i>not connected with the indirect tax zone if:</i>
	(b) the that	e supplier is a *non-resident; and e supplier does not make the supply through an *enterprise at the supplier *carries on in the indirect tax zone; and e supply is covered by an item in this table:
Offsh	ore supplies th	at are not connected with the indirect tax zone
Item	Торіс	These supplies are <i>not</i> connected with the indirect tax zone
1	Inbound intangible supply	 a supply of anything other than goods or *real property if: (a) the thing is done in the indirect tax zone; and (b) the *recipient is *potentially chargeable for the supply.
2	Intangible	a supply of anything other than goods or *real property if:

Intangible supply between non-residents
a supply of anything other than goods or "real property if:
(a) the thing is done in the indirect tax zone; and
(b) the "recipient is a "non-resident that acquires the thing supplied solely for the purpose of an "enterprise that the recipient "carries on outside the indirect tax zone.

No. , 2015 Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions) Bill 2015

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Schedule 2 GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Part 1 Cross-border supplies that are not connected with the indirect tax zone

Item	Торіс	These supplies are <i>not</i> connected with the indirect tax zone		
3	Supply of goods installed or assembled	a supply of goods that involves the goods being brought t the indirect tax zone if:		
		(a) the *recipient is *potentially chargeable for the supply and		
		(b) the supplier installs or assembles the goods in the indirect tax zone, but does not import the goods into the indirect tax zone (but see subsection (3)).		
4	Supply between non-residents of leased goods	a supply by way of transfer of ownership of leased goods if:		
		 (a) the *recipient is a *non-resident that does not acquire the thing supplied solely or partly for the purpose of a *enterprise that the recipient *carries on in the indirec tax zone; and 		
		(b) the lessee:		
		(i) made a *taxable importation of the goods befor		
		the supply was made; and(ii) continues to lease the goods on the same terms and conditions after the supply is made.		
5	Supply by way of continued lease of goods from item 4	a supply made by way of lease if:		
		(a) the *recipient is the lessee referred to in paragraph (b) of item 4 of this table; and		
		(b) the lease is the lease referred to in subparagraph (ii) o that paragraph.		
	(2) An entity i			
	(2) An entity is <i>potentially chargeable</i> for a supply made or provided to the entity if:			
	(a) the entity is *registered; and			
	(b) an *enterprise of the entity is *carried on in the indirect tax zone; and(c) the entity's acquisition of the thing supplied or provided is not solely of a private or domestic nature.			
		a supply is not connected with the indirect tax zone, the potentia hargeable entity may be subject to a reverse charge: see Division		

Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions)No., 2015Bill 2015

GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Schedule 2 Cross-border supplies that are not connected with the indirect tax zone Part 1

(3)	If a supply of goods is not *connected with the indirect tax zone
	because of item 3 of the table in subsection (1), the part of the
	supply that involves the installation or assembly of the goods in the
	indirect tax zone is to be treated as if it were a separate supply of a
	thing done in the indirect tax zone.
	Note 1: The separate supply of installation or assembly services is not connected with the indirect tax zone (see item 1 of the table in
	subsection (1)). However, there may be a reverse charge under
	Division 84.
	Note 2: There may be a taxable importation of the goods: see Division 13.
(4)	This section applies despite sections 9-25 (which is about when
	supplies are connected with the indirect tax zone) and 85-5 (which
	is about telecommunication supplies).
9-27 Whe	n enterprises are carried on in the indirect tax zone
(1)	An *enterprise of an entity is <i>carried on in the indirect tax zone</i> if:
	(a) the enterprise is *carried on by one or more individuals
	covered by subsection (4) who are in the indirect tax zone;
	and
	(b) the enterprise is carried on through a fixed place in the indirect tax zone.
(2)	An *enterprise of an entity is also <i>carried on in the indirect tax</i>
	zone if:
	(a) the enterprise is *carried on by one or more individuals
	covered by subsection (4) who are in the indirect tax zone; and
	(b) the entity carries on the enterprise through one or more
	places in the indirect tax zone, or intends to carry on the
	enterprise through one or more places in the indirect tax
	zone, for more than 183 days in a 12 month period.
(3)	It does not matter whether or not:
	(a) the entity has exclusive use of the place; or
	(b) the entity evens leaves or has any other claim or interest in
	(b) the entity owns, leases or has any other claim or interest in relation to the place.

No. , 2015 Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions) Bill 2015

Schedule 2 GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Part 1 Cross-border supplies that are not connected with the indirect tax zone

1	(a) if the entity is an individual—that individual;
2	(b) an employee or *officer of the entity;
3	(c) an individual who is, or is employed by, an agent of the
4	entity that:
5	(i) has, and habitually exercises, authority to conclude
6	contracts on behalf of the entity; and
7	(ii) is not a broker, general commission agent or other agent
8	of independent status that is acting in the ordinary
9	course of the agent's business as such an agent.
10	3 At the end of section 57-5
11	Add:
12	(3) However, this section does not apply to a *taxable supply if:
13	(a) apart from this section, the *non-resident would not be liable
14	to pay GST on the supply; or
15	(b) the non-resident makes the supply through an *enterprise that
16	the non-resident *carries on in the indirect tax zone.
17	4 Paragraph 84-5(1)(c)
18	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
19	(c) the *recipient of the supply acquires the thing supplied solely
20	or partly for the purpose of an *enterprise that the recipient
21	*carries on in the indirect tax zone; and
22	(ca) the recipient of the supply does not acquire the thing supplied
23	solely for a *creditable purpose; and
24	5 Section 84-12 (note)
25	After "Note", insert "1".
	C. At the and of eaction 04.40
26	6 At the end of section 84-12
27	Add:
28	Note 2: Section 84-20 includes a modification for a supply of installation or
29 30	assembly services that is treated as a separate supply because of subsection 9-26(3).

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GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Schedule 2 Cross-border supplies that are not connected with the indirect tax zone Part 1

7 At	the end of Division 84
	Add:
84-20	Calculating the price of installation or assembly services
	 This section applies if a supply of installation or assembly ser that is a part of a supply of goods (the <i>actual supply</i>) is treate because of subsection 9-26(3), as a separate supply (the <i>intan</i> <i>supply</i>).
	Note: Installation or assembly services are not treated as a separate su the supplier also imports the goods: see subsection 9-26(3).
	(2) For the purpose of section 84-12, the *price of the intangible supply is so much of the price of the actual supply as reasonal represents the price of the intangible supply.
84-25	Adjustments for acquisitions made solely for a creditable purpose
	(1) This section applies to an acquisition that relates to a supply is supply would be a *taxable supply under section 84-5 if paragraph 84-5(1)(ca) were disregarded.
	(2) For the purpose of working out whether there is an *adjustment the acquisition, and the amount of that adjustment, disregard paragraph 84-5(1)(ca).
	Note: As a result, the adjustment (including the full input tax credit re to in sections 129-70 and 129-75) is worked out assuming the s is taxable and the acquisition fully creditable.
8 At	the end of subsection 85-5(3)
	Add ", but is subject to section 9-26 (which is about when supplies not connected with the indirect tax zone)".
9 Se	ction 195-1 (definition of carried on in the indirect tax
	zone)

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Schedule 2 GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Part 1 Cross-border supplies that are not connected with the indirect tax zone

1	10 Section 195-1 (note at the end of the definition of
2	connected with the indirect tax zone)
3	Repeal the note, substitute:

Repeal the note, substitute:

Note: This meaning is also affected by sections 9-26 and 96-5.

11 Section 195-1 5

Insert: 6

4

potentially chargeable has the meaning given by 7 subsection 9-26(2). 8

24	Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions)	No.	, 2015
	Bill 2015		

GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Schedule 2 Cross-border supplies that are GST-free $\ Part \ 2$

i uit	2—Cross-border supplies that are GST-free
A Ne	w Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999
12 Si	ubdivision 38-E (heading)
	Repeal the heading, substitute:
Subdi	vision 38-E—Exports and other cross-border supplies
13 A	ter subsection 38-190(3)
	Insert:
	(3A) Subsection (3) does not apply to a supply (other than an *input
	taxed supply) if the supplier has sufficient documentary evidence to show that the entity in the indirect tax zone to which the supp
	is, or is to be, provided is:
	(a) *registered; or
	(b) an individual who is provided with the supply as an
	employee or *officer of a *potentially chargeable entity; or (c) an individual who is provided with the supply as an
	employee or officer of the *recipient, and the recipient's
	acquisition of the thing is:
	(i) solely for a *creditable purpose; and
	(ii) not a *non-deductible expense.
14 At	the end of Subdivision 38-E
	Add:
38-191	Supplies relating to the repair etc. of goods under warrant
	 A supply of anything other than goods or *real property is GST-free if:
	(a) the supply is covered by paragraph (b) of item 2 of the tab in subsection 38-190(1); and
	(b) the supply is constituted by the repair, renovation, modification or treatment of goods; and

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Schedule 2 GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Part 2 Cross-border supplies that are GST-free

1	(c) the repair, renovation, modification or treatment is done in
2	order to meet the *recipient's obligations under a warranty
3	relating to the goods; and
4	(d) either:
5	(i) $*$ consideration for the warranty was included in the
6	consideration for the supply of the goods; or
7	(ii) the supply of the warranty was a separate *taxable
8	supply to the supply of the goods.
9	(2) A supply of goods is <i>GST-free</i> if:
10	(a) it is made in the course of a supply that is GST-free under
11	subsection (1), and to the same *recipient; and
12	(b) either:
13	(i) the goods are attached to, or become part of, the goods
14	to which the warranty relates; or
15	(ii) the goods become unusable or worthless as a direct
16	result of being used to repair, renovate, modify or treat
17	the goods to which the warranty relates.

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GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Schedule 2 Cross-border supplies that are not included in GST turnover Part 3

Part 3—Cross-border supplies that are not included in GST turnover

3 A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999

15 Subsections 188-15(3) and 188-20(3)

4

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At the end of the subsections, add:

; and (d) any *GST-free supply made by a *non-resident that does not make the supply through an *enterprise that the non-resident *carries on in the indirect tax zone.

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27

Schedule 2 GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Part 4 Value of taxable importations

A	New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999
16	At the end of section 13-20
	Add:
	 (4) For a *taxable importation that you make, you may choose to the amount under paragraph (2)(b), (or, if paragraph (2)(ba) applies, the sum of the amounts under paragraphs (2)(b) and (bas an amount equal to:
	 (a) the percentage prescribed by the regulations of the *custo value of the goods imported; or
	(b) if no percentage is prescribed—10% of their customs val
	(5) However, subsection (4) does not apply if:
	(a) you are not *registered; or
	(b) the *local entry of the goods is a *taxable dealing in relation
	to *wine; or
	(c) the importation of the goods is a *taxable importation of a luxury car.
17	Subparagraphs 38-185(3)(f)(ii) and 38-185(4)(f)(ii)
	Omit "wine (within the meaning of the *Wine Tax Act)", substitute "*wine".
18	Section 195-1
	Insert:
	<i>taxable dealing</i> , in relation to *wine, has the meaning given by
	section 33-1 of the *Wine Tax Act.
	<i>taxable importation of a luxury car</i> has the meaning given by section 27-1 of the <i>A New Tax System (Luxury Car Tax) Act 19</i>
	<i>wine</i> has the meaning given by Subdivision 31-A of the *Wine Act.

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Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions)No., 2015Bill 2015

GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Schedule 2 Minor amendments Part 5

A Ne	w Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999
19 S	ubsection 72-5(2)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(2) This section has effect despite paragraphs 9-5(a) and 84-5(1)(d) (which would otherwise require a taxable supply to be for consideration).
20 A	fter section 72-10
	Insert:
72-11	The price of taxable supplies of offshore intangibles without consideration
	(1) If a supply to your *associate without *consideration is a *taxable supply because of section 84-5 (which is about offshore supplies other than goods or real property), its <i>price</i> is the *GST exclusive market value of the supply.
	(2) This section has effect despite section 9-75 (which is about the price of taxable supplies) and section 84-20 (which is about the price of installation or assembly services).
21 A	fter subsection 72-15(1)
	Insert:
	(1A) However, if a *taxable supply to your *associate without *consideration is not *connected with the indirect tax zone, the tax period to which the GST on the supply is attributable is the tax period in which the thing supplied starts to be done.
22 S	ubsection 72-45(2)

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Schedule 2 GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Part 5 Minor amendments

1	(1B) In applying this section to a supply that is a $*$ taxable supply
2	because of section 84-5 (which is about offshore supplies other
3	than goods or real property), treat the supply as if it had been or is
4	a taxable supply otherwise than because of section 84-5.
5	(2) This section has effect despite the following:
6	(a) subsection $11-30(3)$ (which is about the amount of input tax
7	credits on partly creditable acquisitions);
8	(b) section 84-13 (which is about the amount of input tax credits
9	on offshore intangible supplies).
10	23 After subsection 72-50(1)
11	Insert:
12	(1A) However, if the *taxable supply to which a *creditable acquisition
13	from your *associate without *consideration relates is not
14	*connected with the indirect tax zone, the tax period to which the
15	input tax credit on the acquisition is attributable is the tax period in
16	which the thing supplied starts to be done.
17	24 At the end of Subdivision 72-C
18	Add:
19	72-75 The price of taxable supplies of offshore intangibles for
20	inadequate consideration
21	(1) If a supply to your *associate for *consideration that is <i>less</i> than the
22	*GST exclusive market value is a *taxable supply because of
23	section 84-5 (which is about offshore supplies other than goods or
24	real property) its <i>price</i> is the *GST exclusive market value of the
25	supply.
26	(2) This section has effect despite section 9-75 (which is about the
27	price of taxable supplies) and section 84-20 (which is about the
28	price of installation or assembly services).

30 Tax Laws Amendment (GST Treatment of Cross-border Transactions) No. , 2015 Bill 2015

GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Schedule 2 Minor amendments Part 5

72-80 The amount of the input tax credit for acquisitions relating to offshore intangibles

1

2

3	(1) Subsection (2) applies for the purposes of working out the amount
4	of the input tax credit for a *creditable acquisition that:
5	(a) is from your *associate for *consideration that is <i>less</i> than the
6	*GST exclusive market value; and
7	(b) relates to a supply that is a *taxable supply because of
8	section 84-5.
9	(2) Section 84-13 applies as if the words " $11/10$ of" were omitted from
10	the definition of <i>full input tax credit</i> in subsection 84-13(1).
11	25 Section 195-1 (definition of price)
11	
12	Omit "section 9-75", substitute "sections 9-75, 72-11 and 72-75".

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Schedule 2 GST treatment of cross-border transactions between businesses Part 6 Saving provisions

Part 6—Saving provisions

26 Saving—previous interpretation preserved

- The amendments of Division 72 of the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999* made by Part 5 of this Schedule do not affect by implication the interpretation of that Act before the amendments.
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